

# Groundwater and Drillholes

206 Prairie Road, Cudlee Creek, SA 5232

## Groundwater Aquifers

Groundwater aquifers within the dataset buffer:

Aquifer Code	Description	Distance	Direction
30	Fractured Rocks - Cambrian and Precambrian rocks - quartzite, sandstone, limestone, dolomite, slate, marble, siltstone, phyllite, schist and gneiss	0m	On-site

Groundwater Aquifers Data Source: Dept. of Environment, Water and Natural Resources - South Australia  
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## Drillholes

Drillholes within the dataset buffer:

Unit No	Drillhole No	Name	Status	Purpose	Drill Date	Max Depth	Ref Elev	Ground Elev	PH	TDS	EC	Yield	DTW	SWL	RSWL	Dist	Dir
6628-8203	55172		Operational	Irrigation		76.20		311.18	6.70	500	909	1.3000	5.38	5.38	305.80	328m	North
6628-13014	59983		Operational	Irrigation	1984-08-08	98.50		315.49		624	1132	18.7500	15.00	15.00	300.49	460m	North East
6628-14331	61300		Operational	Domestic	1988-08-17	49.40		305.05		292	530	2.5000	18.60	18.60	286.45	469m	North
6628-5626	52595		Operational	Stock	1952-02-06	51.51	275.00			1750	3154	1.0100	2.44	2.44	272.56	477m	North West
6628-5627	52596		Operational	Irrigation		20.73		278.30		2256	4052		0.00	0.00	278.30	477m	North West
6628-9000	55969		Operational	Irrigation	1979-01-08	106.40		389.86	7.20	539	980	10.8000	5.50	5.50	384.36	481m	East
6628-20670	186862			Domestic	2001-06-18	88.00		300.00		744	1350	0.6000	15.00	15.00	285.00	485m	North
6628-13347	60316		Operational	Irrigation	1985-05-30	190.00		314.04		642	1166	5.0000	23.00	23.00	291.04	535m	North East
6628-8205	55174				1931-06-01			353.85		428	778					661m	North East
6628-24827	247980				2008-02-24	112.00				1184	2143	0.8750	8.00	8.00		793m	North
6628-5762	52731		Operational	Domestic; Stock		39.62		319.52	7.00	876	1590		8.23	8.23	311.29	818m	North
6628-10682	57651		Operational	Domestic; Irrigation; Stock	1977-05-03	109.70		311.50	8.00	750	1360	4.5000	15.20	15.20	296.30	859m	North
6628-8206	55175		Operational			111.55		472.41					8.08	8.08	464.33	882m	North East
6628-8202	55171		Operational			35.05		318.70		414	753	1.3000	1.22	1.22	317.48	906m	North East
6628-5763	52732			Domestic	1956-12-12	53.34		314.38		428	778	1.2600	0.91	0.91	313.47	959m	North East
6628-30683	335382			Stock	2020-04-22	77.00				529	961	2.2500				1082m	North East
6628-16661	142349		Operational	Irrigation	1994-05-19	111.00		289.06		988	1790	7.5000	20.00	20.00	269.06	1091m	North
6628-15535	62504		Operational	Domestic	1991-04-16	90.80		320.73		890	1613	1.2500	33.00	33.00	287.73	1190m	North East
6628-13248	60217		Operational	Irrigation	1985-03-11	98.80		296.18		567	1030	1.2500	30.00	30.00	266.18	1211m	North
6628-16300	132773		Operational	Domestic	1992-11-12	141.80		296.62	7.50	1384	2500	0.2250	4.00	4.00	292.62	1241m	North

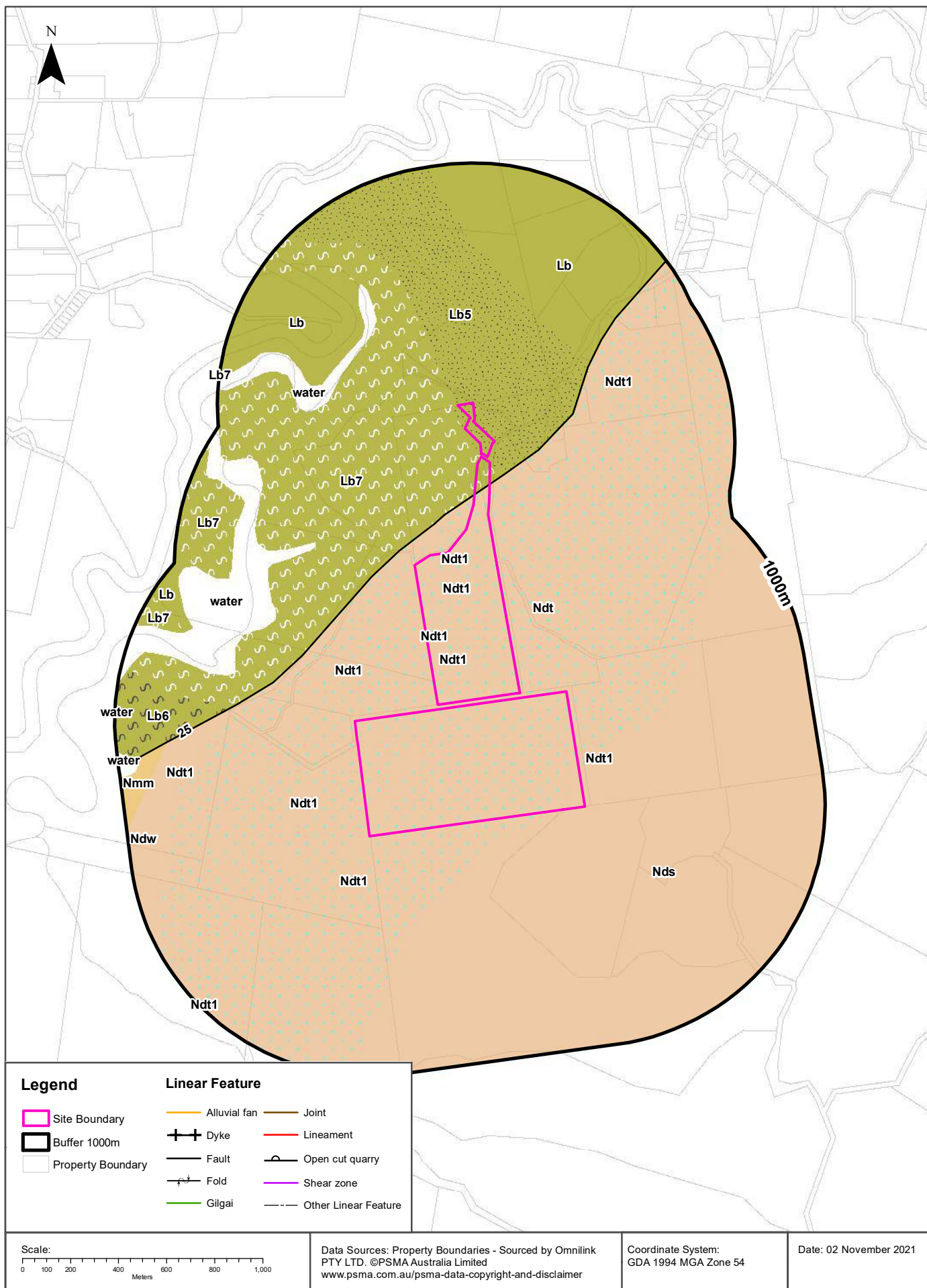
Unit No	Drillhole No	Name	Status	Purpose	Drill Date	Max Depth	Ref Elev	Ground Elev	PH	TDS	EC	Yield	DTW	SWL	RSWL	Dist	Dir
6628-16117	63086		Operational	Irrigation	1992-07-21	95.00		321.55		910	1650	1.0000	34.00	34.00	287.55	1243 m	North East
6628-24775	247291				2009-01-26	112.00				1173	2122					1266 m	North East
6628-8204	55173		Abandoned		1937-07-09	28.80		375.32		442	804	0.9600	3.66	3.66	371.66	1304 m	North East
6628-27601	284181				2014-08-07	104.00				2052	3690	4.5000	35.00	35.00		1337 m	North
6628-5678	52647	E. AND W.S.DEP T.		Investigation	1951-03-19	15.24		235.67								1374 m	West
6628-5679	52648	E. AND W.S.DEP T.		Investigation	1951-03-22	16.38		235.67								1374 m	West
6628-5674	52643	E. AND W.S.DEP T.		Investigation	1951-02-12	15.85		235.68								1376 m	West
6628-5675	52644	E. AND W.S.DEP T.		Investigation	1951-02-20	15.27		235.68								1376 m	West
6628-5676	52645	E. AND W.S.DEP T.		Investigation	1951-02-28	15.34		235.68								1376 m	West
6628-5677	52646	E. AND W.S.DEP T.		Investigation	1951-03-08	15.24		235.68								1376 m	West
6628-17382	152767		Operational	Irrigation	1995-09-13	55.00		294.46	6.80	1692	3050	5.0000	15.00	15.00	279.46	1418 m	North East
6628-5310	52279							375.94								1482 m	North West
6628-31038	353587			Domestic	2020-12-23	84.00				923	1673	5.0000				1489 m	North East
6628-5621	52590		Not In Use			4.27		343.29					0.53	0.53	342.76	1493 m	North West
6628-12298	59267		Operational	Domestic; Stock	1983-04-22	114.00		301.31	7.19	566	1029	1.2500	0.50	0.50	300.81	1512 m	North East
6628-5620	52589		Operational	Stock		6.10		364.13					2.03	2.03	362.10	1517 m	North West
6628-5622	52591		Operational	Irrigation		7.62		342.99	6.10	385	700	1.2600	1.22	1.22	341.77	1530 m	North West
6628-8208	55177		Operational	Irrigation; Stock		79.25		502.50		1155	2090	1.5200				1566 m	South East
6628-5625	52594		Operational	General Usage		121.92		375.08	5.80	500	909	1.5200				1575 m	North West
6628-14324	61293		Operational	Irrigation	1988-12-15	39.00		275.91		2409	4320	0.7000	4.00	4.00	271.91	1588 m	North East
6628-14250	61219		Operational	Irrigation	1988-07-27	72.00		279.32		3615	6430	8.7500	9.00	9.00	270.32	1594 m	North East
6628-5624	52593		Operational	General Usage	1965-12-02	60.96		387.51	6.40	585	1064	0.1500	1.88	1.88	385.63	1604 m	North West
6628-5767	52736	TCWQ 105	Operational	Observation		92.00		294.78	8.10	538	927		7.60	7.60	287.18	1657 m	North East
6628-13298	60267		Operational	Irrigation	1985-03-25	83.60		399.28	7.40	921	1670	5.0000	0.00	0.00	399.28	1665 m	North West
6628-5766	52735		Abandoned			91.44		296.22				1.5100				1687 m	North East
6628-14252	61221		Backfilled	Irrigation		150.00		288.30	7.50	718	1302	9.0000				1699 m	North East
6628-5662	52631		Operational	Irrigation		76.20		413.09				3.1600	11.28	11.28	401.81	1716 m	North West
6628-6402	53371		Operational	Irrigation; Stock	1977-10-19	91.20		301.17		622	1130	10.5000	24.50	24.50	276.67	1737 m	North East
6628-5764	52733		Operational	Domestic; Irrigation		136.00		301.60	8.00	642	1166	18.0000	28.00	28.00	273.60	1743 m	North East
6628-5519	52488				1900-01-01	3.66		388.52	6.10	947	1716		0.00	0.00	388.52	1746 m	North West
6628-21798	200592	HC 1			1983-03-31	4.50		408.72								1762 m	West
6628-21800	200597	HC 3			1983-03-31	6.00		400.70								1766 m	West

Unit No	Drillhole No	Name	Status	Purpose	Drill Date	Max Depth	Ref Elev	Ground Elev	PH	TDS	EC	Yield	DTW	SWL	RSWL	Dist	Dir
6628-5308	52277					112.78	390.00			356	647		12.80	12.80	377.20	1767 m	North West
6628-14323	61292		Abandoned	Irrigation	1988-12-14	47.00		293.88		4136	7330	4.5000	20.00	20.00	273.88	1782 m	North East
6628-21799	200593	HC 2			1983-03-31	13.50		411.43								1784 m	West
6628-24683	246948				2008-11-25	56.00		316.20		578	1051	2.5000	2.00	2.00	314.20	1795 m	North East
6628-21804	200601	HC 7			1983-03-31	6.00		411.27								1805 m	West
6628-21806	200603	HC 10			1983-03-31	6.00		409.84								1826 m	West
6628-21801	200598	HC 4			1983-03-31	7.00		410.70								1831 m	West
6628-21802	200599	HC 5			1983-03-31	3.00		410.81								1834 m	West
6628-22554	218341		Equipped (pump, windmill, etc)	Irrigation		150.00		409.82				0.2526				1835 m	North West
6628-21803	200600	HC 6			1983-03-31	6.00		410.17								1837 m	West
6628-21805	200602	HC 9			1983-03-31	4.90		411.55								1859 m	West
6628-22380	210772		Equipped (pump, windmill, etc)	Irrigation		120.00		332.58				2.5256				1859 m	East
6628-22531	215309		Equipped (pump, windmill, etc)	Irrigation		90.00		417.12				3.1570				1859 m	North West
6628-17562	153763	HC 11	Unknown		1983-03-31	6.00		414.29								1860 m	North West
6628-17561	153762	HC 8	Unknown		1983-03-31	13.50		410.22								1861 m	West
6628-5765	52734		Operational	Irrigation		60.96		328.98				0.9400				1871 m	North East
6628-18137	162817			Environmental; Recharge		79.00		290.34		705	1280	10.0000	10.00	10.00	280.34	1893 m	North East
6628-5306	52275					6.10		390.07								1903 m	North West
6628-5309	52278		Operational	Irrigation	1977-03-09	121.60		394.10	8.10	397	721	1.0000	17.00	17.00	377.10	1933 m	North West
6628-21782	200378			Recharge	2004-04-19	150.00		410.22		578	1050	1.5000	14.00	14.00	396.22	1940 m	North West
6628-5494	52463						404.00			429	780					1945 m	North West
6628-5518	52487				1930-01-01	6.10	395.00		6.30	380	690	0.2500	1.00	1.00	394.00	1964 m	North West
6628-5683	52652		Not In Use	Irrigation	1952-01-01	80.77		416.37				3.2000	10.28	10.28	406.09	1974 m	North West
6628-5623	52592		Equipped (pump, windmill, etc)	General Usage; Irrigation	1965-12-01	121.92		416.02	5.50	615	1118	4.4198	10.49	10.49	405.53	1975 m	North West
6628-15985	62954		Operational	Domestic	1992-03-27	90.00		403.70		291	529	2.5000	2.20	2.20	401.50	1980 m	North West
6628-5517	52486				1910-01-01	4.57	400.00		6.70	429	780	0.2500	1.00	1.00	399.00	1982 m	North West
6628-21807	200604	HC 12			1983-03-31	3.20		415.73								1984 m	North West
6628-5507	52476				1930-01-01	9.15	385.00		6.10	588	1069	0.0300	1.20	1.20	383.80	1989 m	North West

Drillholes Data Source: Dept of Environment, Water and Natural Resources - South Australia  
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# Geology 1:100,000

206 Prairie Road, Cudlee Creek, SA 5232



# Geology

206 Prairie Road, Cudlee Creek, SA 5232

## Surface Geology 1:100,000

Surface Geology Units within the dataset buffer:

Map Unit Code	Name	Description	Parent Name	Province	Age	Min Age	Max Age	Dist	Dir
Lb5	Unnamed GIS Unit - see description	Schist, augen-textured; gneiss, micaceous; based on unit with S-and-dot pattern on Onkaparinga 1:50 000 map.	Barossa Complex	MOUNT LOFTY RANGES INLIERS	PALAEOPROT EROZOIC	Palaeoproterozoic	Palaeoproterozoic	0m	On-site
Lb7	Unnamed GIS Unit - see description	Gneiss, quartz 緩構造; based on unit with squiggles on Onkaparinga 1:50 000 map.	Barossa Complex	MOUNT LOFTY RANGES INLIERS	PALAEOPROT EROZOIC	Palaeoproterozoic	Palaeoproterozoic	0m	On-site
Nds	Saddleworth Formation	Mudstone; siltstone; shale, partly carbonaceous.	Bungarider Subgroup	ADELAIDE GEOSYNCLINE	NEOPROT EROZOIC	Torrensian	Torrensian	0m	On-site
Ndt	Stonyfell Quartzite	Quartzite, feldspathic, with shale interbeds; silty sandstone in part schistose and calcareous.	Bungarider Subgroup	ADELAIDE GEOSYNCLINE	NEOPROT EROZOIC	Torrensian	Torrensian	0m	On-site
Ndt1	Unnamed GIS Unit - see description	Quartzite or sandstone interbeds. Based on dotted unit in Prot-du on Adelaide, Onkaparinga, Noarlunga and Echunga 1:50 000 maps.	Stonyfell Quartzite	ADELAIDE GEOSYNCLINE	NEOPROT EROZOIC	Torrensian	Torrensian	0m	On-site
water								424m	North West
Lb	Barossa Complex	Paragneiss, quartzofeldspathic, quartzitic, pelitic and calc-silicate, layered or banded, gneissic and retrogressed, maximum deposition ~1740 Ma; granitic orthogneiss ~1701 Ma. Metamorphism ~1630-1610 Ma and ~1590-1550 Ma. Minor granite (1578 Ma), pegmat	Unnamed GIS Unit - see description	MOUNT LOFTY RANGES INLIERS	PALAEOPROT EROZOIC	Mesoproterozoic	Palaeoproterozoic	447m	North
Lb6	Unnamed GIS Unit - see description	Schist and gneiss, micaceous; [granite gneiss and quartzite NNE of Millbrook Reservoir]; based on unit with close-spaced S-symbols on Onkaparinga 1:50 000 map.	Barossa Complex	MOUNT LOFTY RANGES INLIERS	PALAEOPROT EROZOIC	Palaeoproterozoic	Palaeoproterozoic	492m	West
Ndw	Woolshed Flat Shale	Shale, black; dolomitic siltstone; dolomite; grey laminated siltstone.	Bungarider Subgroup	ADELAIDE GEOSYNCLINE	NEOPROT EROZOIC	Torrensian	Torrensian	548m	West
Nmm	Montacute Dolomite	Dolomite, cherty, magnesian.	Mundallio Subgroup	ADELAIDE GEOSYNCLINE	NEOPROT EROZOIC	Torrensian	Torrensian	792m	West

Geology Data Source: Dept of Environment, Water and Natural Resources - South Australia  
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## Linear Structures 1:100,000

Linear geological structures within the dataset buffer:

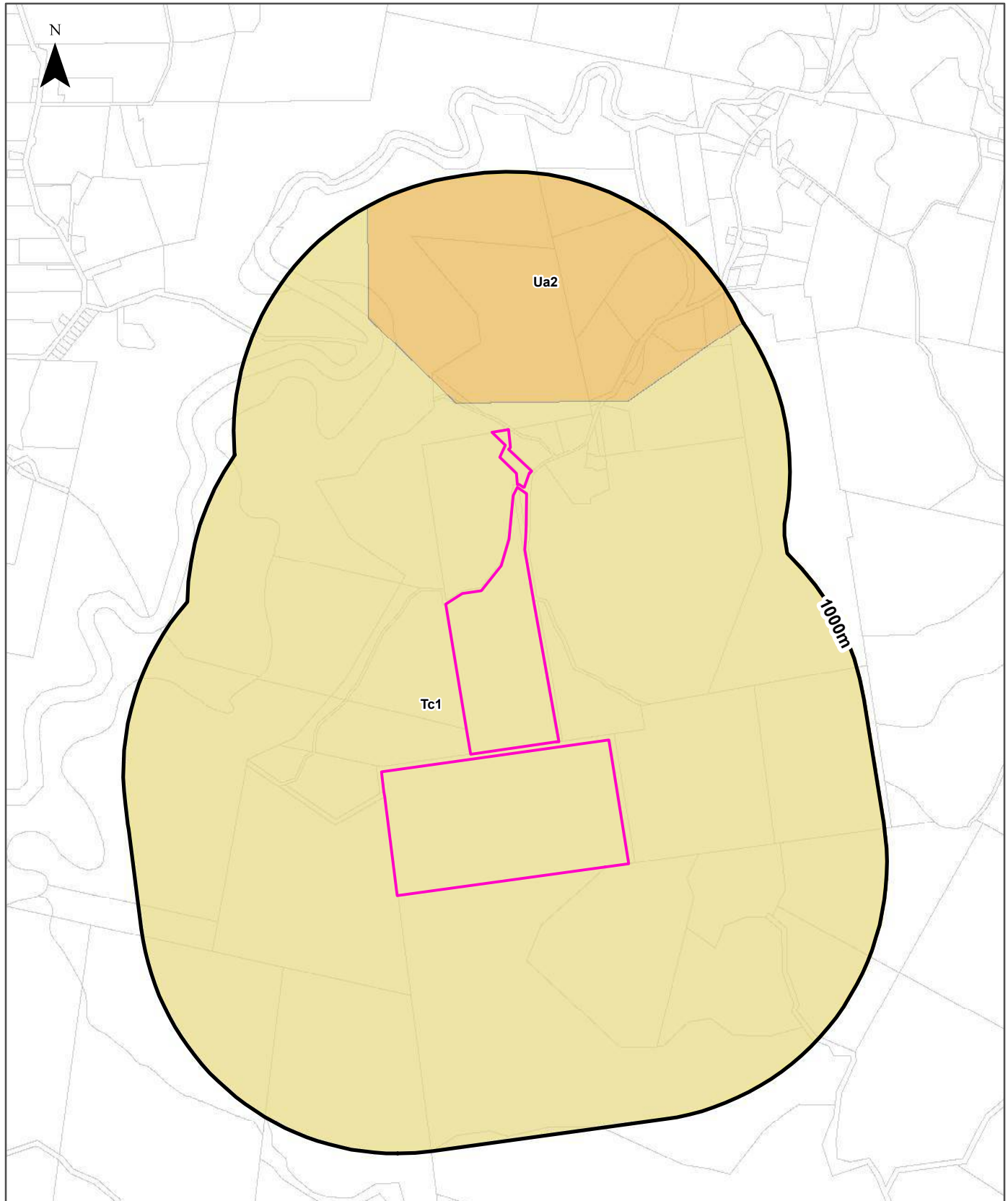
Map Code	Description	Distance	Direction
25	Fault position accurate	0m	On-site

25	Fault position accurate	60m	North
25	Fault position accurate	85m	North West
25	Fault position accurate	106m	North
25	Fault position accurate	492m	West
25	Fault position accurate	496m	North
25	Fault position accurate	548m	West
25	Fault position accurate	792m	West

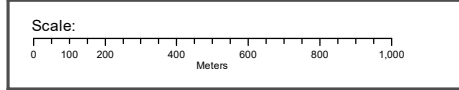
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# Atlas of Australian Soils

206 Prairie Road, Cudlee Creek, SA 5232



Legend		Australian Soil Classification Orders					
Site Boundary	Anthrosol	Dermosol	Kandosol	Podosol	Tenosol	No Data	
Buffer 1000m	Calcarosol	Ferrosol	Kurosol	Rudosol	Vertosol		
Property Boundary	Chromosol	Hydrosol	Organosol	Sodosol	Lake		



Data Sources: Property Boundaries - Sourced by Omnilink PTY LTD. ©PSMA Australia Limited  
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Coordinate System:  
GDA 1994 MGA Zone 54

Date: 02 November 2021

## Soils

206 Prairie Road, Cudlee Creek, SA 5232

### Atlas of Australian Soils

Soil mapping units and Australian Soil Classification orders within the dataset buffer:

Map Unit Code	Soil Order	Map Unit Description	Distance	Direction
Tc1	Kurosol	Hilly to steep hilly, small valley plains: hard acidic yellow mottled soils (Dy3.61) with shallow grey-brown sandy soils (Uc6.11) and rock outcrops in association with variable areas of (Dy3.41 and Dy3.42), (Dy3.22), (Dr2.12 and Dr2.22) on hills and hill slopes, and minor areas of (Dy3.61) containing ironstone gravel in the A horizons on some ridge tops; unclassified alluvial soils, peats (0), and acid swamp soils (0) in the wetter valleys. There are also pockets of many other soils such as red friable earths (Gn4.11) and (Gn3.12) through the hills.	0m	On-site
Ua2	Chromosol	Hilly to steep hilly: hard neutral yellow mottled soils (Dy3.22) and hard neutral red soils (Dr2.22) with shallow grey-brown sandy soils (Uc6.11) and outcropping rocks; variable alluvial soils (unclassified) in the valleys. Small areas of other soils such as (Uf6.11), (Um6.2), (Ug5.2) in special situations.	105m	North

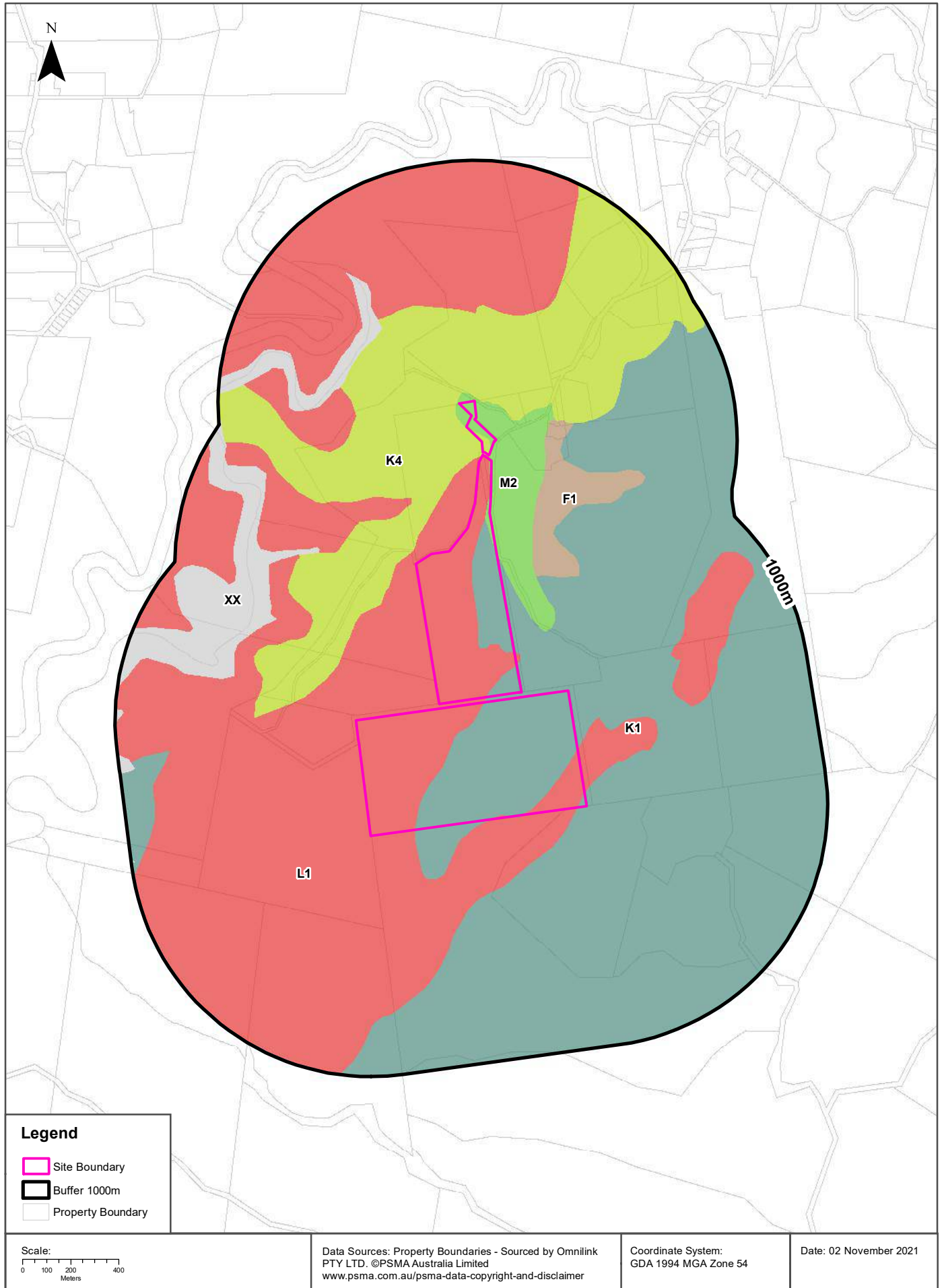
Atlas of Australian Soils Data Source: CSIRO

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# Soil Types

206 Prairie Road, Cudlee Creek, SA 5232



## Soils

206 Prairie Road, Cudlee Creek, SA 5232

### Soil Types

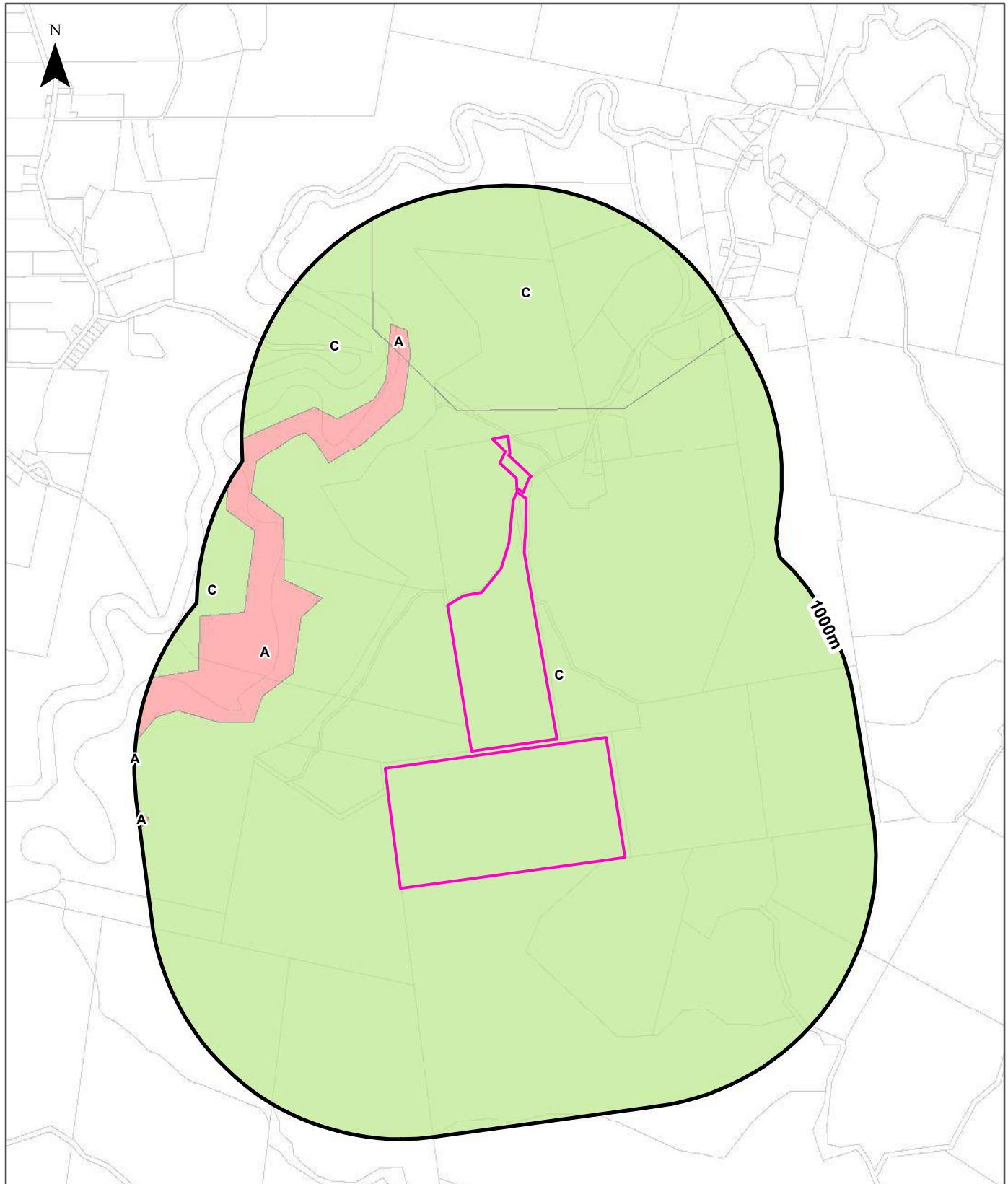
Soil types within the dataset buffer:

Map category code	Soil type description	Distance	Direction
K1	Acidic gradational loam on rock	0m	On-site
K4	Acidic sandy loam over brown or grey clay on rock	0m	On-site
L1	Shallow soil on rock	0m	On-site
M2	Deep friable gradational clay loam	0m	On-site
F1	Loam over brown or dark clay	135m	North East
XX	Not applicable - No assessment/analysis undertaken	405m	North West

Soil Types Data Source: Dept of Environment, Water and Natural Resources - South Australia  
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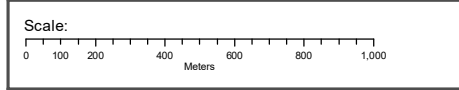
# Atlas of Australian Acid Sulfate Soils

206 Prairie Road, Cudlee Creek, SA 5232



**Legend**

Site Boundary	<b>Probability of occurrence of Acid Sulfate Soils</b>	
Buffer 1000m	A. High (>70%)	C. Extremely Low (1-5%)
Property Boundary	B. Low (6-70%)	D. No Chance (0%)



Data Sources: Property Boundaries - Sourced by Omnilink PTY LTD. ©PSMA Australia Limited  
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Coordinate System:  
GDA 1994 MGA Zone 54

Date: 02 November 2021

## Acid Sulfate Soils

206 Prairie Road, Cudlee Creek, SA 5232

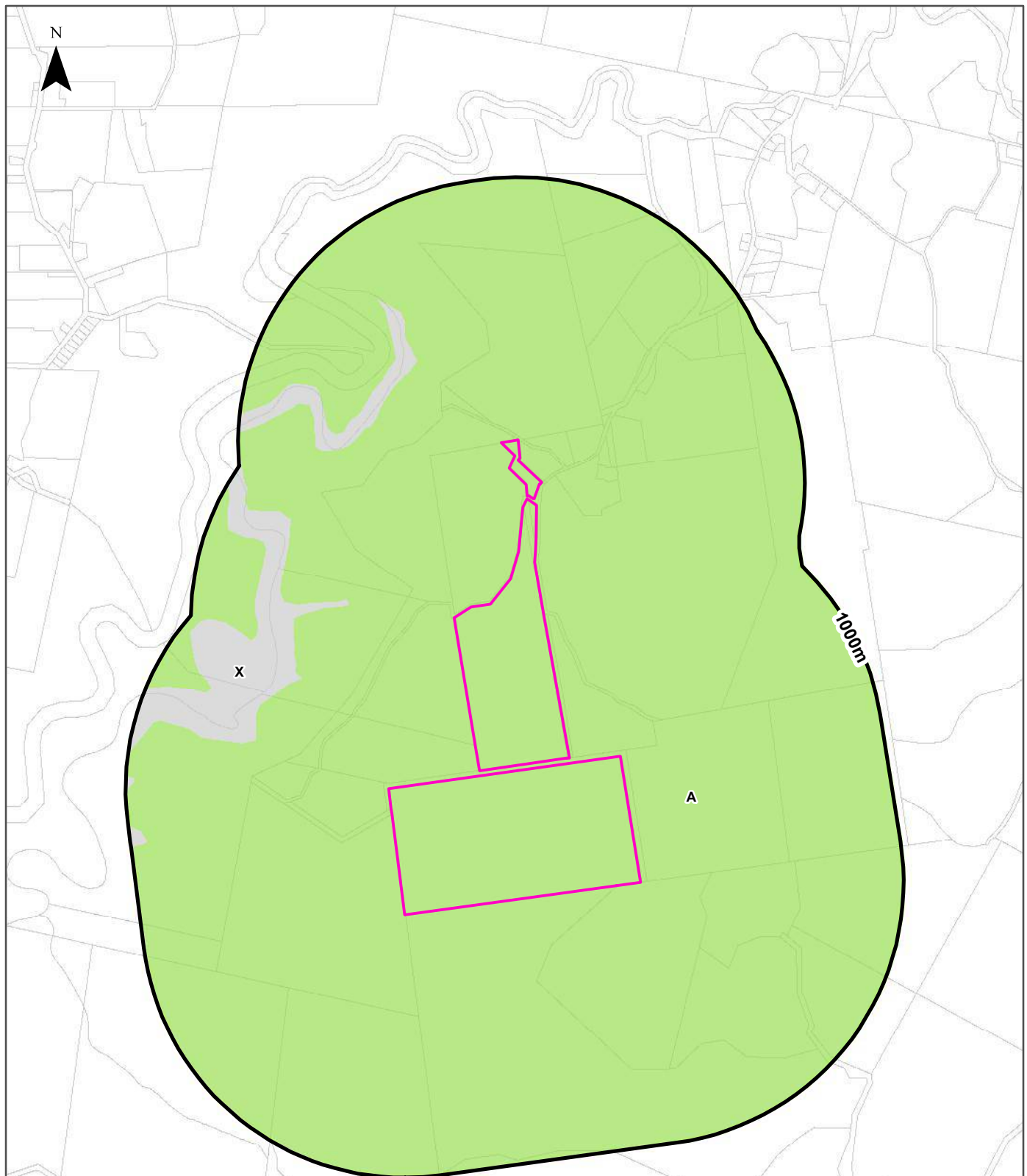
### Atlas of Australian Acid Sulfate Soils

Atlas of Australian Acid Sulfate Soil categories within the dataset buffer:

Class	Description	Distance	Direction
C	Extremely low probability of occurrence. 1-5% chance of occurrence with occurrences in small localised areas.	0m	On-site
A	High Probability of occurrence. >70% chance of occurrence.	382m	North West

Atlas of Australian Acid Sulfate Soils Data Source: CSIRO

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Legend		Proportion of land susceptible to the development of Acid Sulfate Soils	
Site Boundary	Negligible	30-60%	More than 60%
Buffer 1000m	1-10%	Incomplete data (usually wet inland areas)	Not applicable - No assessment/analysis
Property Boundary	10-30%		



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Coordinate System:  
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Date: 02 November 2021

## Acid Sulfate Soils

206 Prairie Road, Cudlee Creek, SA 5232

### Acid Sulfate Soil Potential

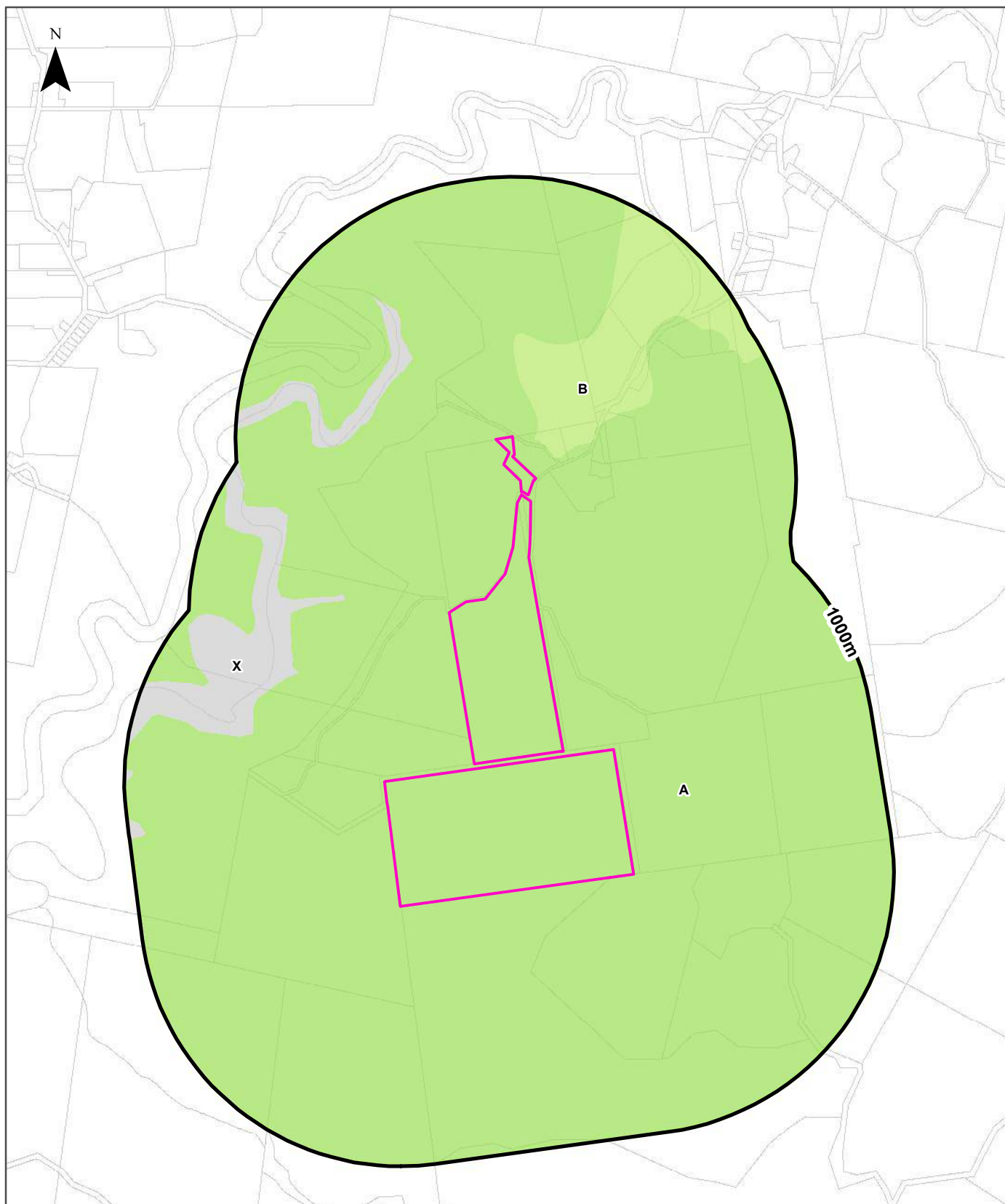
Acid sulfate soil potential within the dataset buffer:

Map category code	Proportion of land susceptible to the development of acid sulfate soils	Distance	Direction
A	Negligible	0m	On-site
X	Not applicable - No assessment/analysis undertaken	405m	North West

Acid Sulfate Soils Data Source: Dept of Environment, Water and Natural Resources - South Australia  
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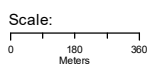
# Soil Salinity - Watertable Induced

206 Prairie Road, Cudlee Creek, SA 5232



## Legend

Severity of watertable induced soil salinity			
Site Boundary	A. Negligible	D. Moderately high	G. Very high to extreme
Buffer 1000m	B. Moderately low	E. Moderately high to high	X. Not applicable
Property Boundary	C. Moderate	F. High	



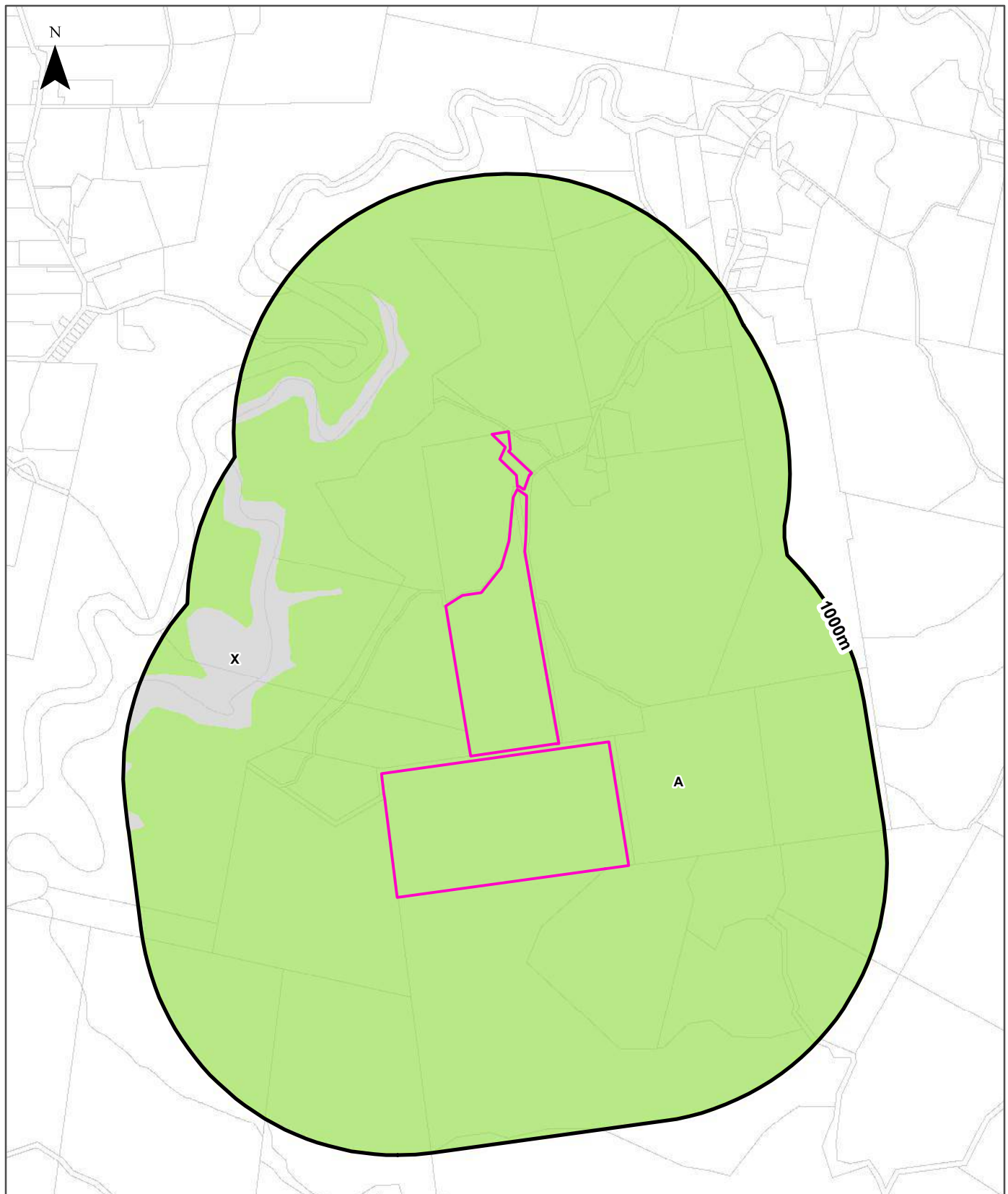
Data Sources: Property Boundaries - Sourced by Omnilink PTY LTD. ©PSMA Australia Limited  
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Coordinate System:  
 GDA 1994 MGA Zone 54

Date: 02 November 2021

# Soil Salinity - Non-watertable

206 Prairie Road, Cudlee Creek, SA 5232



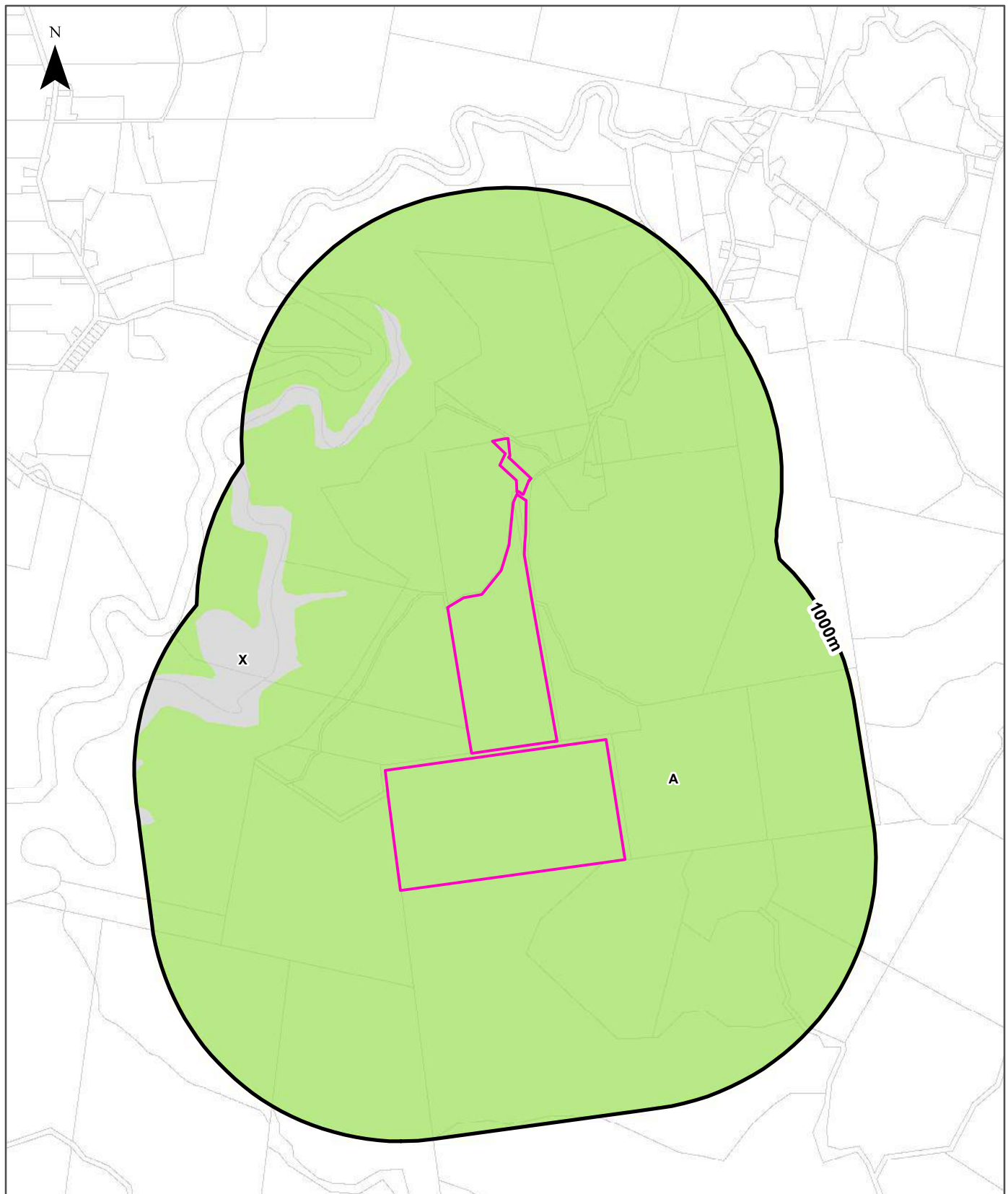
Legend		Severity of non-watertable induced soil salinity	
Site Boundary	A. Low	D. Moderately high to high	
Buffer 1000m	B. Moderately low	X. Not applicable	
Property Boundary	C. Moderate		

<p>Scale:</p>	<p>Data Sources: Property Boundaries - Sourced by Omnilink PTY LTD. ©PSMA Australia Limited <a href="http://www.psm.com.au/psma-data-copyright-and-disclaimer">www.psm.com.au/psma-data-copyright-and-disclaimer</a></p>	<p>Coordinate System: GDA 1994 MGA Zone 54</p>	<p>Date: 02 November 2021</p>
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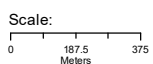
# Soil Salinity - Non-watertable (Magnesia Patches)

206 Prairie Road, Cudlee Creek, SA 5232



## Legend

- |                   |  |           |                   |
|-------------------|--|-----------|-------------------|
| Site Boundary     | <b>Proportion of land affected by magnesia patches</b> |           |                   |
| Buffer 1000m      | A. Negligible  | C. 2-10%  | E. More than 50%  |
| Property Boundary | B. Up to 2%  | D. 10-50% | X. Not applicable |



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Coordinate System:  
 GDA 1994 MGA Zone 54

Date: 02 November 2021

## Soil Salinity

206 Prairie Road, Cudlee Creek, SA 5232

### Soil Salinity - Watertable Induced

Watertable induced soil salinity within the dataset buffer:

Map category code	Severity description	Distance	Direction
A	Negligible	0m	On-site
B	Moderately low salinity, or less than 2% of land affected by highly saline seepage	77m	North
X	Not applicable - No assessment/analysis undertaken	405m	North West

Salinity Watertable Induced Data Source: Dept of Environment, Water and Natural Resources - South Australia  
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### Soil Salinity - Non-Watertable

Non-watertable soil salinity within the dataset buffer:

Map category code	Severity description	Surface ECe (dS/m)	Subsoil ECe (dS/m)	Distance	Direction
A	Low	<2	<4	0m	On-site
X	Not applicable - No assessment/analysis undertaken			405m	North West

Salinity Non-Watertable Data Source: Dept of Environment, Water and Natural Resources - South Australia  
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### Soil Salinity - Non-Watertable (Magnesia Patches)

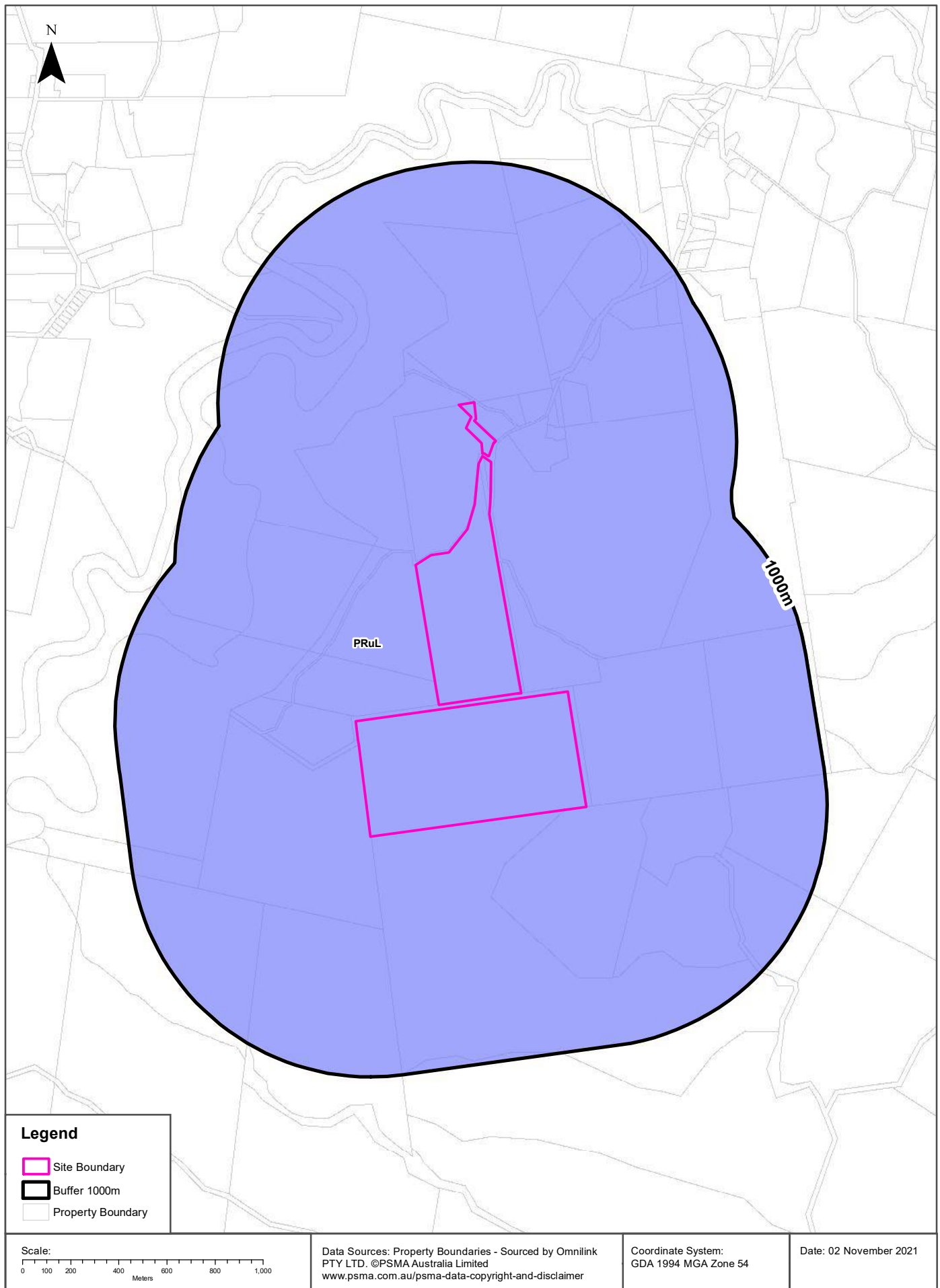
Magnesia patches within the dataset buffer:

Map category code	Proportion of land affected by magnesia patches	Distance	Direction
A	Negligible	0m	On-site
X	Not applicable - No assessment/analysis undertaken	405m	North West

Salinity Non-Watertable (Magnesia Patches) Data Source: Dept of Environment, Water and Natural Resources - South Australia  
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# Planning and Design Code Zones

206 Prairie Road, Cudlee Creek, SA 5232



# Planning

206 Prairie Road, Cudlee Creek, SA 5232

## Planning and Design Code - Zones

Planning and Design Code zones within the dataset buffer:

Map Id	Zone Code	Zone Name	Legal Start Date	Status	Distance	Direction
PRuL	Z4802	Productive Rural Landscape	19/03/2021		0 0m	On-site

Planning and Design Code Zones Data Source: Attorney-General's Department - South Australia  
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## Planning and Design Code - Subzones

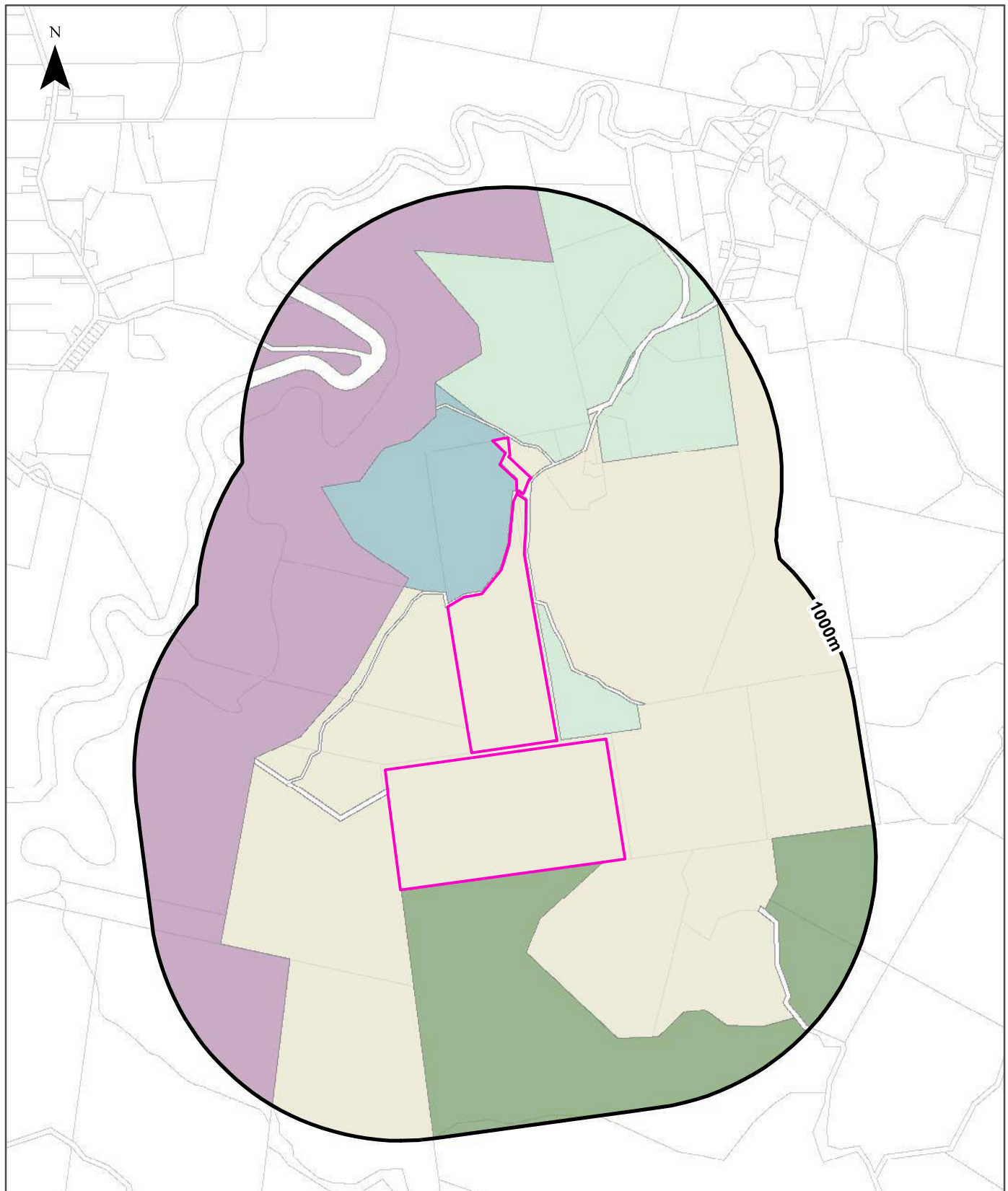
Planning and Design Code subzones within the dataset buffer:

Map Id	Subzone Code	Subzone Name	Legal Start Date	Status	Distance	Direction
N/A	No records in buffer					

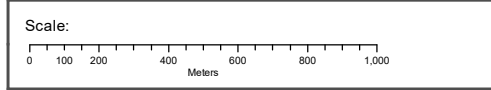
Planning and Design Code Subzones Data Source: Attorney-General's Department - South Australia  
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# Land Use Generalised

206 Prairie Road, Cudlee Creek, SA 5232



Legend			
No Description	Forestry	Non Private Residential	Retail Commercial
Site Boundary	Golf	Public Institution	Rural Residential
Buffer 1000m	Education	Horticulture	Utilities or Industry
Property Boundary	Livestock	Recreation	Vacant
Food Industry	Mining or Quarrying	Residential	Vacant Urban Land



Data Sources: Property Boundaries - Sourced by Omnilink PTY LTD. ©PSMA Australia Limited  
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Coordinate System: GDA 1994 MGA Zone 54

Date: 02 November 2021

# Planning

206 Prairie Road, Cudlee Creek, SA 5232

## Land Use Generalised

Land use classes within the dataset buffer:

Description	Distance	Direction
Livestock	0m	On-site
Forestry	0m	On-site
Horticulture	0m	North
Rural Residential	1m	North
Utilities or Industry	192m	North West
Reserves	482m	North

Land Use Generalised Data Source: Dept of Planning, Transport and Infrastructure - South Australia  
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## Heritage

206 Prairie Road, Cudlee Creek, SA 5232

### Commonwealth Heritage List

What are the Commonwealth Heritage List Items located within the dataset buffer?

Place Id	Name	Address	Place File No	Class	Status	Register Date	Distance	Direction
N/A	No records in buffer							

Heritage Data Source: Australian Government Department of the Environment and Energy - Heritage Branch  
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### National Heritage List

What are the National Heritage List Items located within the dataset buffer?

Note. Please click on Place Id to activate a hyperlink to online website.

Place Id	Name	Address	Place File No	Class	Status	Register Date	Distance	Direction
N/A	No records in buffer							

Heritage Data Source: Australian Government Department of the Environment and Energy - Heritage Branch  
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### State Heritage Areas

State Heritage Areas within the dataset buffer:

Heritage Id	Name	Distance	Direction
N/A	No records in buffer		

Heritage Areas Data Source: Dept of Environment, Water and Natural Resources - South Australia  
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### SA Heritage Places

SA Heritage Places within the dataset buffer:

Heritage No	Location	Heritage Class	Australian Class	Details	Auth Date	Distance	Direction
N/A	No records in buffer						

Heritage Places Data Source: Dept of Environment, Water and Natural Resources - South Australia  
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### Aboriginal Land

Aboriginal Land within the dataset buffer:

Map Id	Grant Date	Address	Locality	Description	Title	Distance	Direction
N/A	No records in buffer						

Aboriginal Land Data Source: Department of State Development, Resources and Energy - South Australia

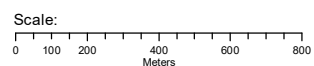
# Natural Hazards - Bushfire

206 Prairie Road, Cudlee Creek, SA 5232



## Legend

- |                   |   |                 |
|-------------------|---|-----------------|
| Site Boundary     | <b>Planning and Design Code Bushfire Overlays</b> |                 |
| Buffer 1000m      | High Risk   | Urban Interface |
| Property Boundary | Medium Risk                                       | Outback         |
| Bushfire History  | General   | Regional        |



Data Sources: Property Boundaries - Sourced by Omnilink PTY LTD. ©PSMA Australia Limited  
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Coordinate System:  
 GDA 1994 MGA Zone 54

Date: 02 November 2021



## Natural Hazards

206 Prairie Road, Cudlee Creek, SA 5232

### Bushfire Overlays

Bushfire Overlays from the Planning and Design Code within the dataset buffer:

Overlay Id	Name	Description	Legal Start Date	Legal End Date	Distance	Direction
O2408	Hazards (Bushfire - High Risk)	The Hazards (Bushfire - High Risk) Overlay seeks to ensure development responds to the high level of bushfire risk by siting and designing buildings to mitigate threat and impact of bushfires on life and property, facilitating access for emergency service	19/03/2021		0m	On-site

Bushfire Overlays Data Source: Attorney-General's Department - South Australia

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### Bushfires and Prescribed Burns History

Bushfires and prescribed burns within the dataset buffer:

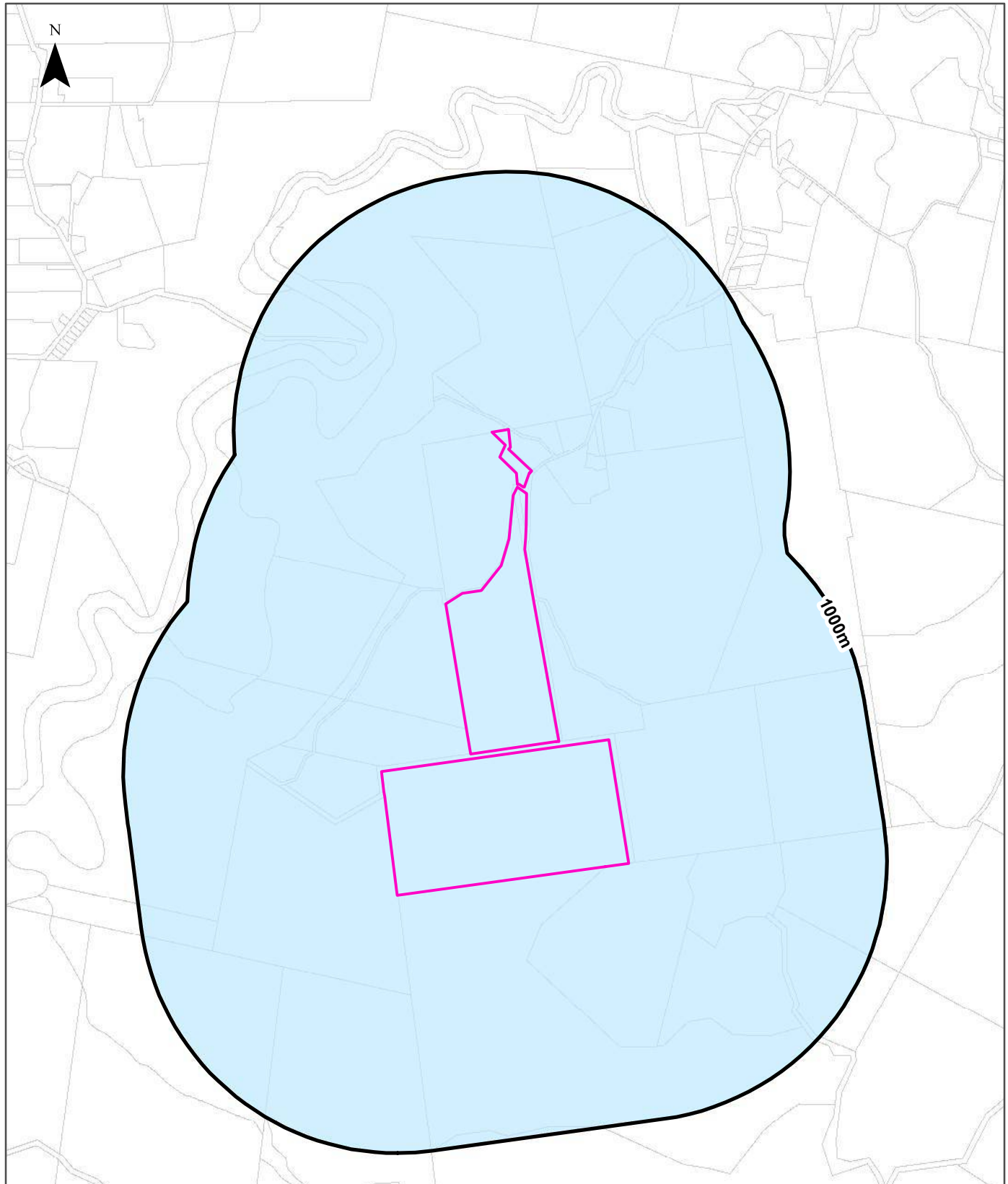
Map Id	Incident No.	Incident Name	Incident Type	Date of Fire	Area of Fire (ha)	Distance	Direction
30162	201501034	Sampson Flat	Bushfire	2/01/2015	11500	0m	On-site
31463			Bushfire	16/02/1983	9125	0m	On-site
32874	201912026	Cudlee Creek	Bushfire	20/12/2019	22497	160m	South East
30552	29	Pipeline Track	Prescribed Burn	13/11/2013	19	719m	North

Bushfires and Prescribed Burns History Data Source: Dept of Environment, Water and Natural Resources - South Australia

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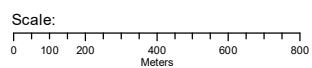
# Natural Hazards - Flood

206 Prairie Road, Cudlee Creek, SA 5232



## Legend

- |                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| Site Boundary     | <b>Planning and Design Code -<br/>Flooding Overlay</b> |
| Buffer 1000m      | Flooding   |
| Property Boundary | Flooding - General                                     |
|                   | Flooding - Evidence Required                           |



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Coordinate System:  
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Date: 02 November 2021

## Natural Hazards

206 Prairie Road, Cudlee Creek, SA 5232

## Flooding Overlays

Flooding Overlays from the Planning and Design Code within the dataset buffer:

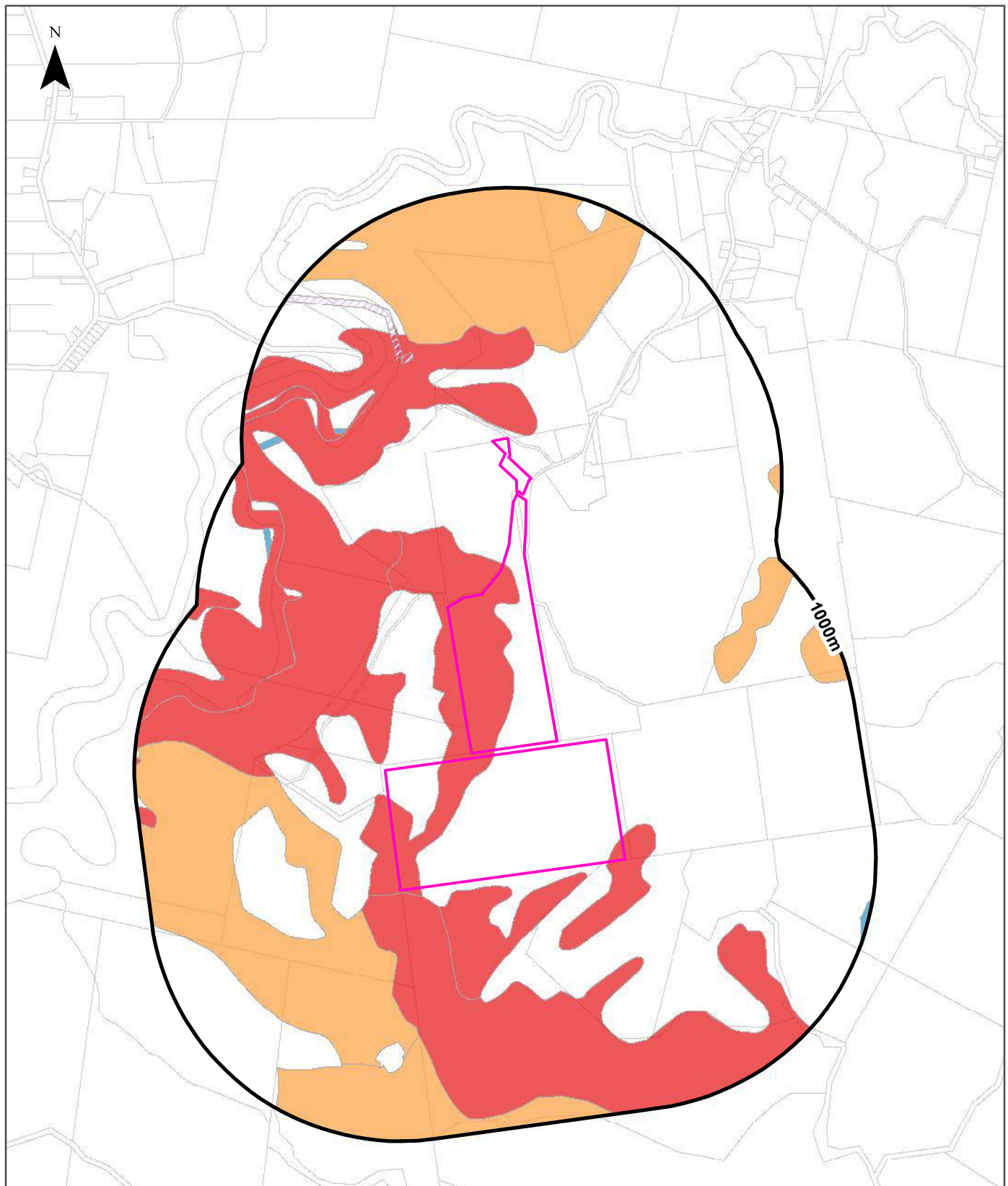
Overlay Id	Name	Description	Legal Start	Legal End	Distance	Direction
O2416	Hazards (Flooding - Evidence Required)	The Hazards (Flooding - Evidence Required) Overlay adopts a precautionary approach to mitigate potential impacts of potential flood risk through appropriate siting and design of development.	19/03/2021		0m	On-site

Flooding Overlays Data Source: Attorney-General's Department - South Australia

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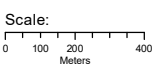
# Ecological Constraints - Groundwater Dependent Ecosystems Atlas

206 Prairie Road, Cudlee Creek, SA 5232



## Legend

Site Boundary	High potential GDE - from national assessment	Low potential GDE - from national assessment
Buffer 1000m	High potential GDE - from regional studies	Low potential GDE - from regional studies
Property Boundaries	Moderate potential GDE - from national assessment	Known GDE - from regional studies
	Moderate potential GDE - from regional studies	Unclassified potential GDE - from national assessment
		Unclassified potential GDE - from regional studies



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Coordinate System:  
 GDA 1994 MGA Zone 54

Date: 02 November 2021

# Ecological Constraints

206 Prairie Road, Cudlee Creek, SA 5232

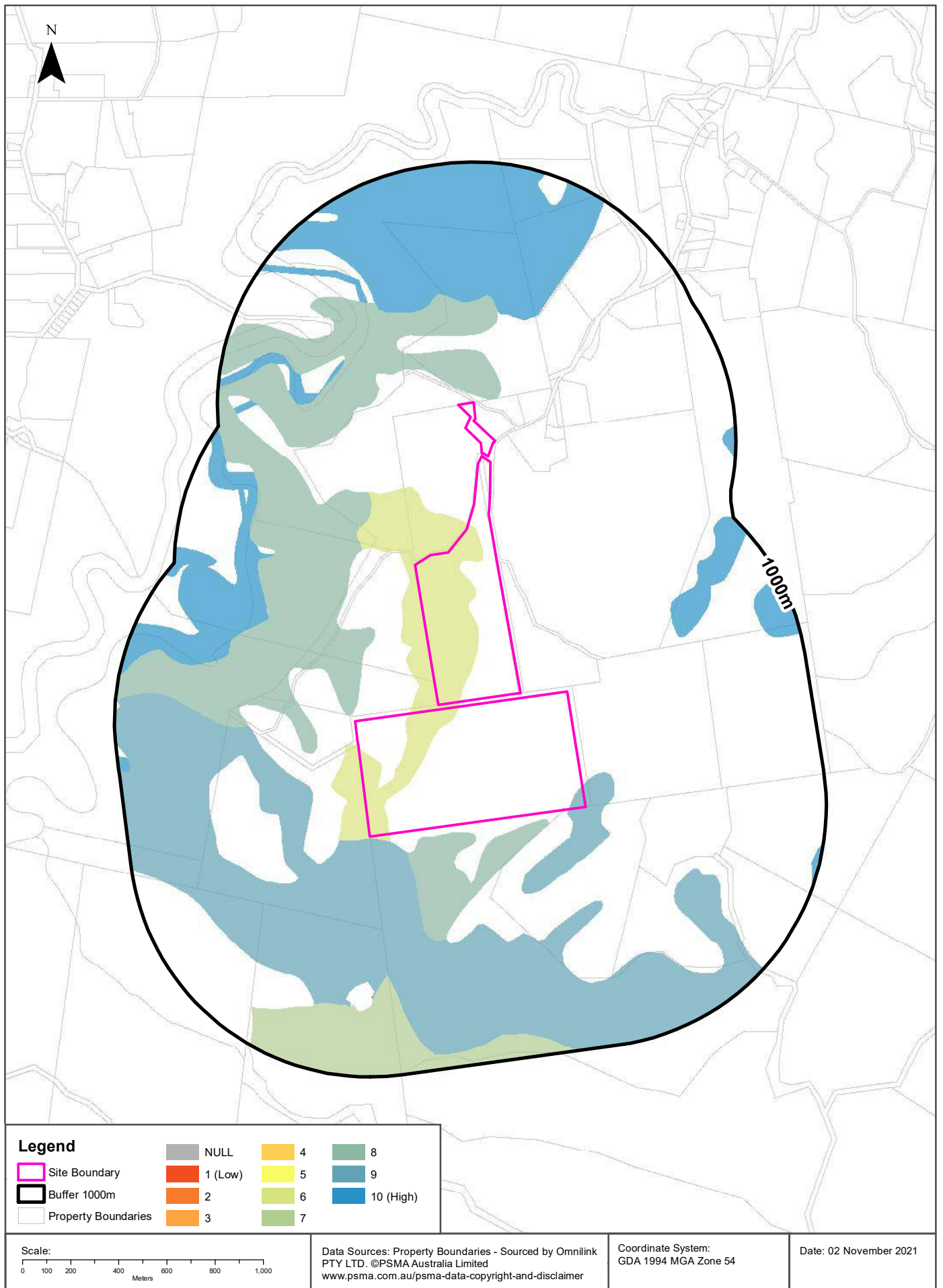
## Groundwater Dependent Ecosystems Atlas

Type	Name	GDE Potential	Geomorphology	Ecosystem Type	Aquifer Geology	Distance	Direction
Terrestrial		High potential GDE - from national assessment	Complex fold belt of prominent ranges in north, chiefly quartzite with vales on weaker rocks; stepped fault blocks and islands in south, mainly of weathered metamorphic rocks with ferruginous cappings.	Vegetation		0m	On-site
Terrestrial		Moderate potential GDE - from national assessment	Complex fold belt of prominent ranges in north, chiefly quartzite with vales on weaker rocks; stepped fault blocks and islands in south, mainly of weathered metamorphic rocks with ferruginous cappings.	Vegetation		176m	South West
Aquatic		High potential GDE - from national assessment	Complex fold belt of prominent ranges in north, chiefly quartzite with vales on weaker rocks; stepped fault blocks and islands in south, mainly of weathered metamorphic rocks with ferruginous cappings.	River		370m	North
Aquatic		Low potential GDE - from national assessment	Complex fold belt of prominent ranges in north, chiefly quartzite with vales on weaker rocks; stepped fault blocks and islands in south, mainly of weathered metamorphic rocks with ferruginous cappings.	River		433m	North West
Aquatic		High potential GDE - from national assessment	Complex fold belt of prominent ranges in north, chiefly quartzite with vales on weaker rocks; stepped fault blocks and islands in south, mainly of weathered metamorphic rocks with ferruginous cappings.	Wetland		438m	North West
Aquatic		Unclassified potential GDE - from regional studies	Complex fold belt of prominent ranges in north, chiefly quartzite with vales on weaker rocks; stepped fault blocks and islands in south, mainly of weathered metamorphic rocks with ferruginous cappings.	River		458m	North

Groundwater Dependent Ecosystems Atlas Data Source: The Bureau of Meteorology  
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# Ecological Constraints - Inflow Dependent Ecosystems Likelihood

206 Prairie Road, Cudlee Creek, SA 5232



# Ecological Constraints

206 Prairie Road, Cudlee Creek, SA 5232

## Inflow Dependent Ecosystems Likelihood

Type	Name	IDE Likelihood	Geomorphology	Ecosystem Type	Aquifer Geology	Distance	Direction
Terrestrial		9	Complex fold belt of prominent ranges in north, chiefly quartzite with vales on weaker rocks; stepped fault blocks and islands in south, mainly of weathered metamorphic rocks with ferruginous cappings.	Vegetation		0m	On-site
Terrestrial		6	Complex fold belt of prominent ranges in north, chiefly quartzite with vales on weaker rocks; stepped fault blocks and islands in south, mainly of weathered metamorphic rocks with ferruginous cappings.	Vegetation		0m	On-site
Terrestrial		8	Complex fold belt of prominent ranges in north, chiefly quartzite with vales on weaker rocks; stepped fault blocks and islands in south, mainly of weathered metamorphic rocks with ferruginous cappings.	Vegetation		26m	South
Aquatic		10	Complex fold belt of prominent ranges in north, chiefly quartzite with vales on weaker rocks; stepped fault blocks and islands in south, mainly of weathered metamorphic rocks with ferruginous cappings.	River		370m	North
Terrestrial		10	Complex fold belt of prominent ranges in north, chiefly quartzite with vales on weaker rocks; stepped fault blocks and islands in south, mainly of weathered metamorphic rocks with ferruginous cappings.	Vegetation		384m	North
Aquatic		10	Complex fold belt of prominent ranges in north, chiefly quartzite with vales on weaker rocks; stepped fault blocks and islands in south, mainly of weathered metamorphic rocks with ferruginous cappings.	Wetland		438m	North West
Terrestrial		7	Complex fold belt of prominent ranges in north, chiefly quartzite with vales on weaker rocks; stepped fault blocks and islands in south, mainly of weathered metamorphic rocks with ferruginous cappings.	Vegetation		574m	South

Inflow Dependent Ecosystems Likelihood Data Source: The Bureau of Meteorology  
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## Ecological Constraints

206 Prairie Road, Cudlee Creek, SA 5232

### Ramsar Wetlands

What Ramsar wetland areas exist within the dataset buffer?

Wetland	Distance	Direction
No records in buffer		

Ramsar Wetlands Data Source: Dept of Environment, Water and Natural Resources - South Australia  
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Where Lotsearch has had to georeference features from supplied addresses, a location confidence has been assigned to the data record. This indicates a confidence to the positional accuracy of the feature. Where applicable, a code is given under the field heading "LC" or "LocConf". These codes lookup to the following location confidences:

LC Code	Location Confidence
Premise Match	Georeferenced to the site location / premise or part of site
Area Match	Georeferenced to an approximate or general area
Road Match	Georeferenced to a road or rail corridor
Road Intersection	Georeferenced to a road intersection
Buffered Point	A point feature buffered to x metres
Adjacent Match	Land adjacent to a georeferenced feature
Network of Features	Georeferenced to a network of features
Suburb Match	Georeferenced to a suburb boundary
As Supplied	Spatial data supplied by provider

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## Appendix C

Current Certificates of Title, CT Tree (Concept 1 and 2)

## Certificate of Title - Volume 5442 Folio 617

Parent Title(s) CT 4321/876  
Creating Dealing(s) CONVERTED TITLE  
Title Issued 15/08/1997 Edition 2 Edition Issued 08/12/2020

### Estate Type

FEE SIMPLE

### Registered Proprietor

KENNETH LESLIE SCOTT  
OF 255 EDWARDS ROAD JOANNA SA 5271  
LINDA ROSE GREEN  
OF 37 SPRINGHEAD ROAD MOUNT TORRENS SA 5244  
AS THE EXECUTOR(S) OF  
ROSE LORRAINE SCOTT WHO DIED 10/06/2020

### Description of Land

CLOSED ROAD MARKED C ROAD PLAN 1793  
IN THE AREA NAMED CUDLEE CREEK  
HUNDRED OF TALUNGA

### Easements

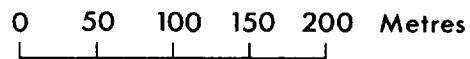
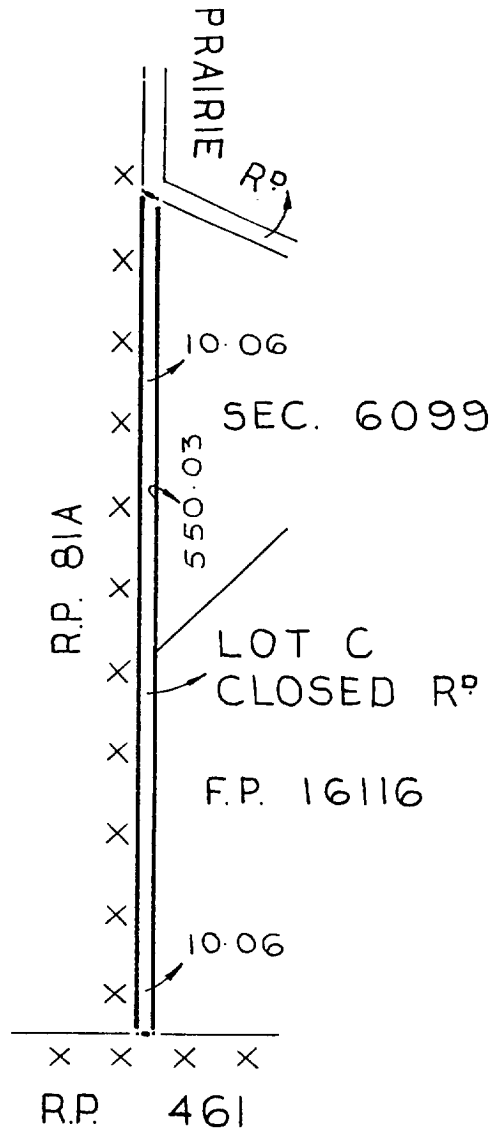
NIL

### Schedule of Dealings

NIL

### Notations

Dealings Affecting Title	NIL
Priority Notices	NIL
Notations on Plan	NIL
Registrar-General's Notes	NIL
Administrative Interests	NIL



## Certificate of Title

Title Reference: CT 5442/617  
Status: CURRENT  
Parent Title(s): CT 4321/876  
Dealing(s) Creating Title: CONVERTED TITLE  
Title Issued: 15/08/1997  
Edition: 2

## Dealings

Lodgement Date	Completion Date	Dealing Number	Dealing Type	Dealing Status	Details
04/12/2020	08/12/2020	13422087	TRANSMISSION APPLICATION	REGISTERED	ROSE LORRAINE SCOTT (DECD), KENNETH LESLIE SCOTT (EXEC), LINDA ROSE GREEN (EXEC)



The Registrar-General certifies that this Title Register Search displays the records maintained in the Register Book and other notations at the time of searching.



## Certificate of Title - Volume 5473 Folio 858

Parent Title(s) CT 4208/982  
Creating Dealing(s) CONVERTED TITLE  
Title Issued 21/11/1997 Edition 2 Edition Issued 08/12/2020

### Estate Type

FEE SIMPLE

### Registered Proprietor

KENNETH LESLIE SCOTT  
OF 255 EDWARDS ROAD JOANNA SA 5271  
LINDA ROSE GREEN  
OF 37 SPRINGHEAD ROAD MOUNT TORRENS SA 5244  
AS THE EXECUTOR(S) OF  
ROSE LORRAINE SCOTT WHO DIED 10/06/2020

### Description of Land

ALLOTMENT 1 FILED PLAN 14366  
IN THE AREA NAMED CUDLEE CREEK  
HUNDRED OF TALUNGA

### Easements

SUBJECT TO EASEMENT(S) OVER THE LAND MARKED A (T 5020846)

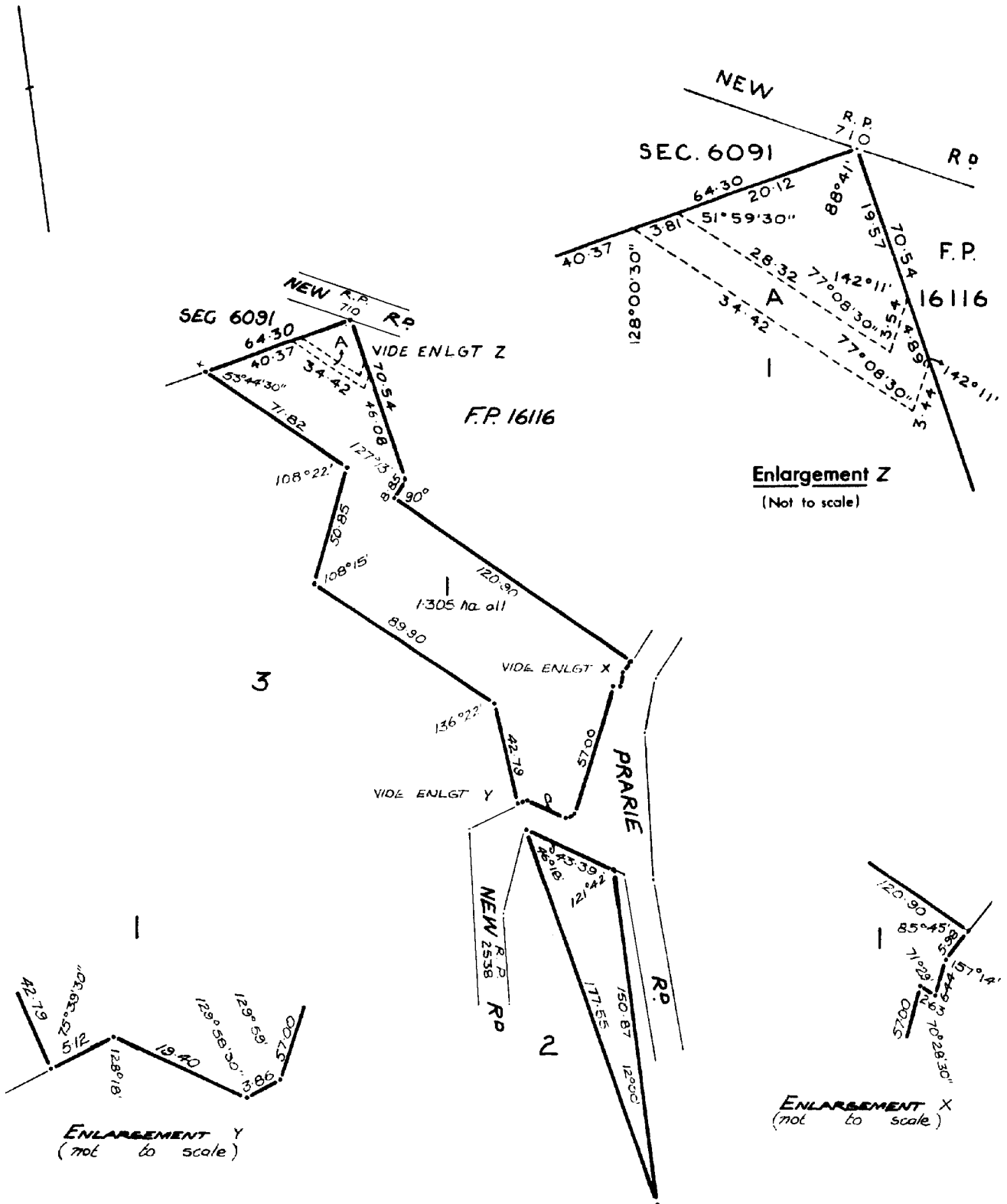
### Schedule of Dealings

NIL

### Notations

Dealings Affecting Title NIL  
Priority Notices NIL  
Notations on Plan NIL  
Registrar-General's Notes NIL  
Administrative Interests NIL





## Certificate of Title

Title Reference: CT 5473/858  
Status: CURRENT  
Parent Title(s): CT 4208/982  
Dealing(s) Creating Title: CONVERTED TITLE  
Title Issued: 21/11/1997  
Edition: 2

## Dealings

Lodgement Date	Completion Date	Dealing Number	Dealing Type	Dealing Status	Details
04/12/2020	08/12/2020	13422087	TRANSMISSION APPLICATION	REGISTERED	ROSE LORRAINE SCOTT (DECD), KENNETH LESLIE SCOTT (EXEC), LINDA ROSE GREEN (EXEC)



The Registrar-General certifies that this Title Register Search displays the records maintained in the Register Book and other notations at the time of searching.



## Certificate of Title - Volume 5463 Folio 903

Parent Title(s) CT 4231/901  
Creating Dealing(s) CONVERTED TITLE  
Title Issued 28/10/1997 Edition 2 Edition Issued 08/12/2020

### Estate Type

FEE SIMPLE

### Registered Proprietor

KENNETH LESLIE SCOTT  
OF 255 EDWARDS ROAD JOANNA SA 5271  
LINDA ROSE GREEN  
OF 37 SPRINGHEAD ROAD MOUNT TORRENS SA 5244  
AS THE EXECUTOR(S) OF  
ROSE LORRAINE SCOTT WHO DIED 10/06/2020

### Description of Land

CLOSED ROAD MARKED F ROAD PLAN 81A  
IN THE AREA NAMED CUDLEE CREEK  
HUNDRED OF TALUNGA

### Easements

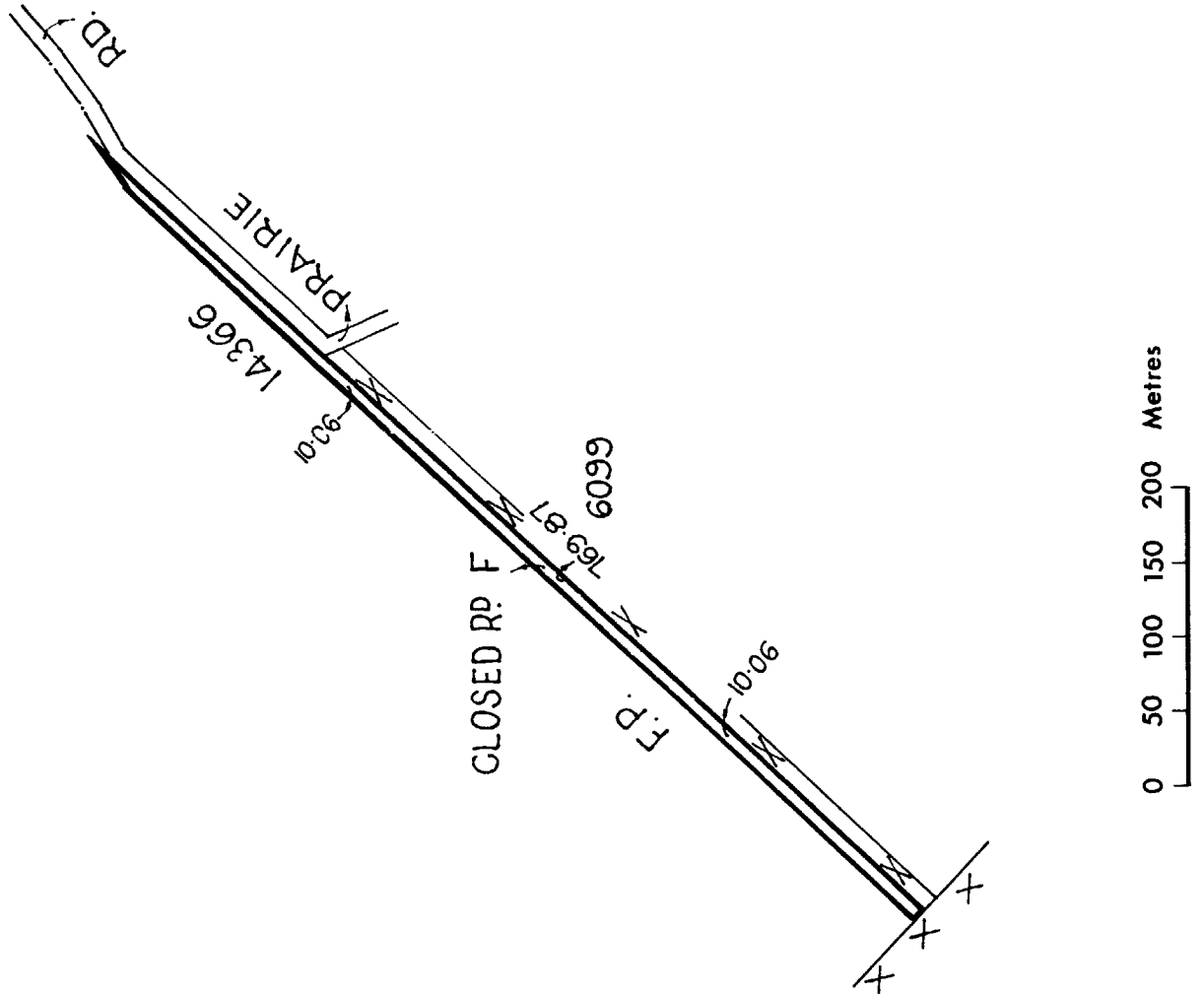
NIL

### Schedule of Dealings

NIL

### Notations

Dealings Affecting Title NIL  
Priority Notices NIL  
Notations on Plan NIL  
Registrar-General's Notes NIL  
Administrative Interests NIL



## Certificate of Title

Title Reference: CT 5463/903  
Status: CURRENT  
Parent Title(s): CT 4231/901  
Dealing(s) Creating Title: CONVERTED TITLE  
Title Issued: 28/10/1997  
Edition: 2

## Dealings

Lodgement Date	Completion Date	Dealing Number	Dealing Type	Dealing Status	Details
04/12/2020	08/12/2020	13422087	TRANSMISSION APPLICATION	REGISTERED	ROSE LORRAINE SCOTT (DECD), KENNETH LESLIE SCOTT (EXEC), LINDA ROSE GREEN (EXEC)



The Registrar-General certifies that this Title Register Search displays the records maintained in the Register Book and other notations at the time of searching.



## Certificate of Title - Volume 5474 Folio 178

Parent Title(s) CT 4207/964  
Creating Dealing(s) CONVERTED TITLE  
Title Issued 24/11/1997 Edition 2 Edition Issued 08/12/2020

### Estate Type

FEE SIMPLE

### Registered Proprietor

KENNETH LESLIE SCOTT  
OF 255 EDWARDS ROAD JOANNA SA 5271  
LINDA ROSE GREEN  
OF 37 SPRINGHEAD ROAD MOUNT TORRENS SA 5244  
AS THE EXECUTOR(S) OF  
ROSE LORRAINE SCOTT WHO DIED 10/06/2020

### Description of Land

ALLOTMENT 2 FILED PLAN 14366  
IN THE AREA NAMED CUDLEE CREEK  
HUNDRED OF TALUNGA

### Easements

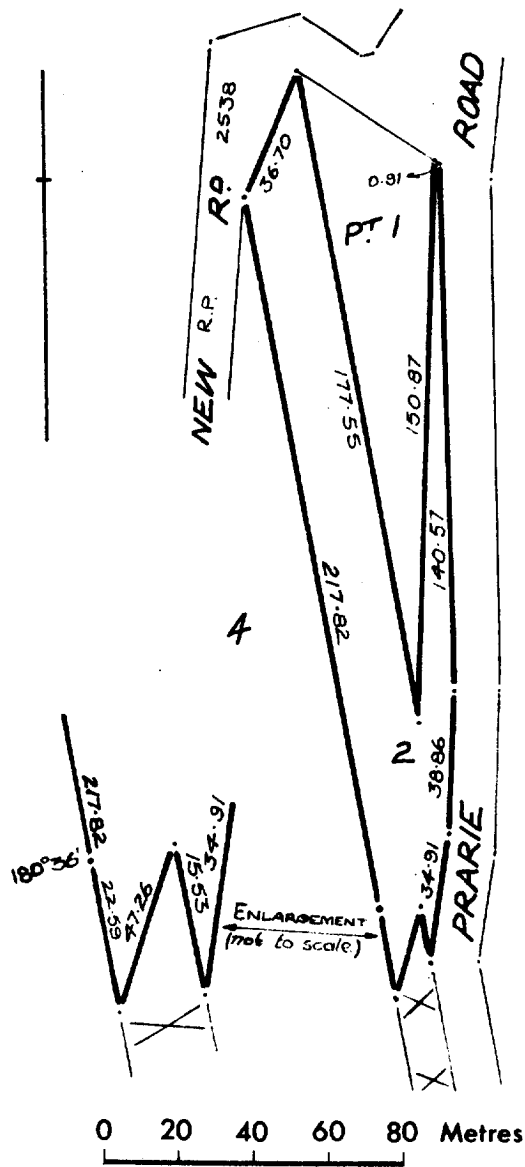
NIL

### Schedule of Dealings

NIL

### Notations

Dealings Affecting Title	NIL
Priority Notices	NIL
Notations on Plan	NIL
Registrar-General's Notes	NIL
Administrative Interests	NIL



## Certificate of Title

Title Reference: CT 5474/178  
Status: CURRENT  
Parent Title(s): CT 4207/964  
Dealing(s) Creating Title: CONVERTED TITLE  
Title Issued: 24/11/1997  
Edition: 2

## Dealings

Lodgement Date	Completion Date	Dealing Number	Dealing Type	Dealing Status	Details
04/12/2020	08/12/2020	13422087	TRANSMISSION APPLICATION	REGISTERED	ROSE LORRAINE SCOTT (DECD), KENNETH LESLIE SCOTT (EXEC), LINDA ROSE GREEN (EXEC)





The Registrar-General certifies that this Title Register Search displays the records maintained in the Register Book and other notations at the time of searching.



## Certificate of Title - Volume 5474 Folio 460

Parent Title(s) CT 4207/965  
Creating Dealing(s) CONVERTED TITLE  
Title Issued 24/11/1997 Edition 2 Edition Issued 08/12/2020

### Estate Type

FEE SIMPLE

### Registered Proprietor

KENNETH LESLIE SCOTT  
OF 255 EDWARDS ROAD JOANNA SA 5271  
LINDA ROSE GREEN  
OF 37 SPRINGHEAD ROAD MOUNT TORRENS SA 5244  
AS THE EXECUTOR(S) OF  
ROSE LORRAINE SCOTT WHO DIED 10/06/2020

### Description of Land

ALLOTMENT 4 FILED PLAN 14366  
IN THE AREA NAMED CUDLEE CREEK  
HUNDRED OF TALUNGA

### Easements

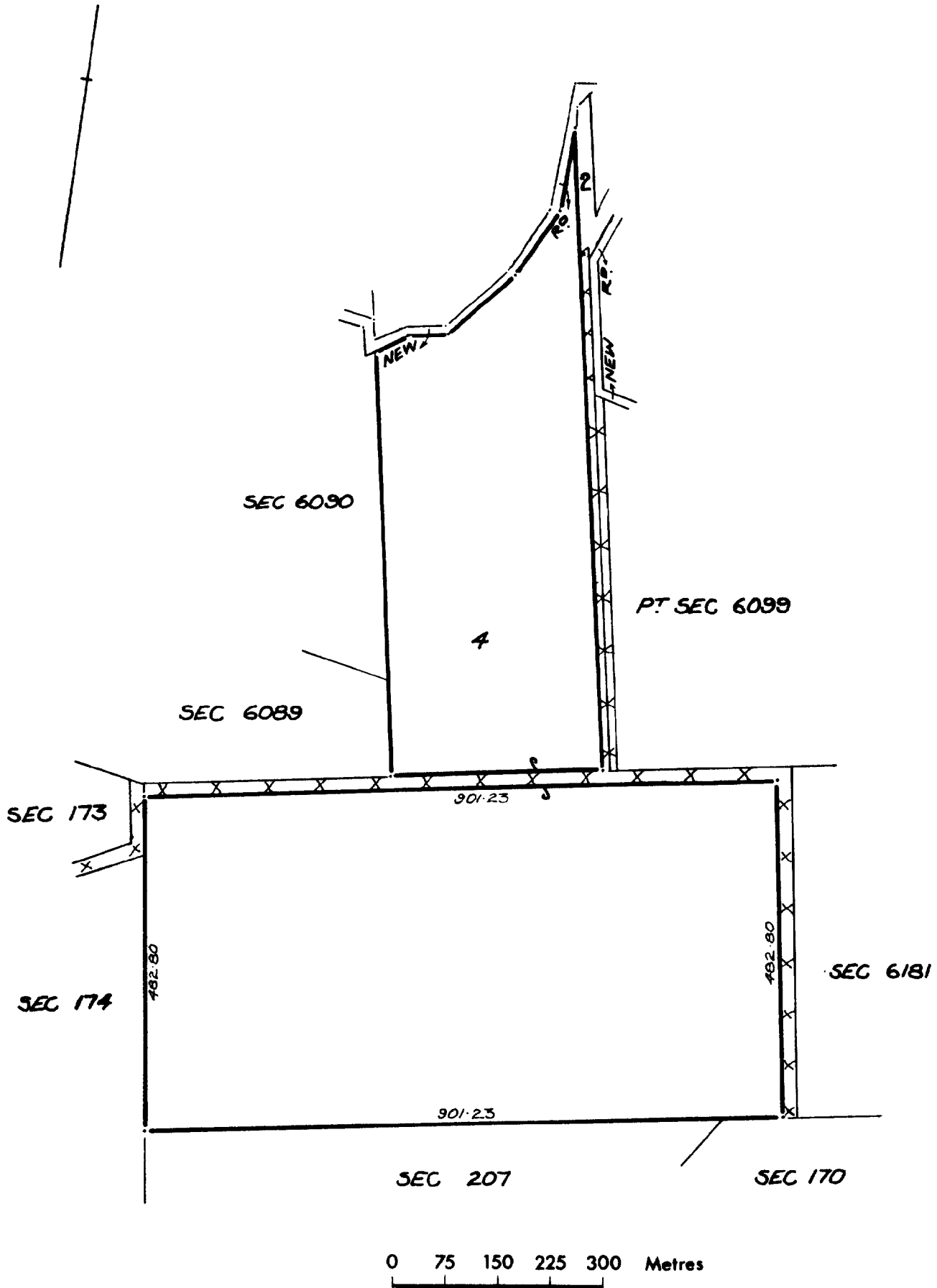
NIL

### Schedule of Dealings

NIL

### Notations

Dealings Affecting Title NIL  
Priority Notices NIL  
Notations on Plan NIL  
Registrar-General's Notes NIL  
Administrative Interests NIL



## Certificate of Title

Title Reference: CT 5474/460  
Status: CURRENT  
Parent Title(s): CT 4207/965  
Dealing(s) Creating Title: CONVERTED TITLE  
Title Issued: 24/11/1997  
Edition: 2

## Dealings

Lodgement Date	Completion Date	Dealing Number	Dealing Type	Dealing Status	Details
04/12/2020	08/12/2020	13422087	TRANSMISSION APPLICATION	REGISTERED	ROSE LORRAINE SCOTT (DECD), KENNETH LESLIE SCOTT (EXEC), LINDA ROSE GREEN (EXEC)

## Certificate of Title - Volume 5546 Folio 904

Parent Title(s) CT 4321/875  
Creating Dealing(s) CONVERTED TITLE  
Title Issued 22/06/1998 Edition 2 Edition Issued 08/12/2020

### Estate Type

FEE SIMPLE

### Registered Proprietor

KENNETH LESLIE SCOTT  
OF 255 EDWARDS ROAD JOANNA SA 5271  
LINDA ROSE GREEN  
OF 37 SPRINGHEAD ROAD MOUNT TORRENS SA 5244  
AS THE EXECUTOR(S) OF  
ROSE LORRAINE SCOTT WHO DIED 10/06/2020

### Description of Land

ALLOTMENT 46 FILED PLAN 130200  
IN THE AREA NAMED CUDLEE CREEK  
HUNDRED OF TALUNGA

BEING A CLOSED ROAD

### Easements

NIL

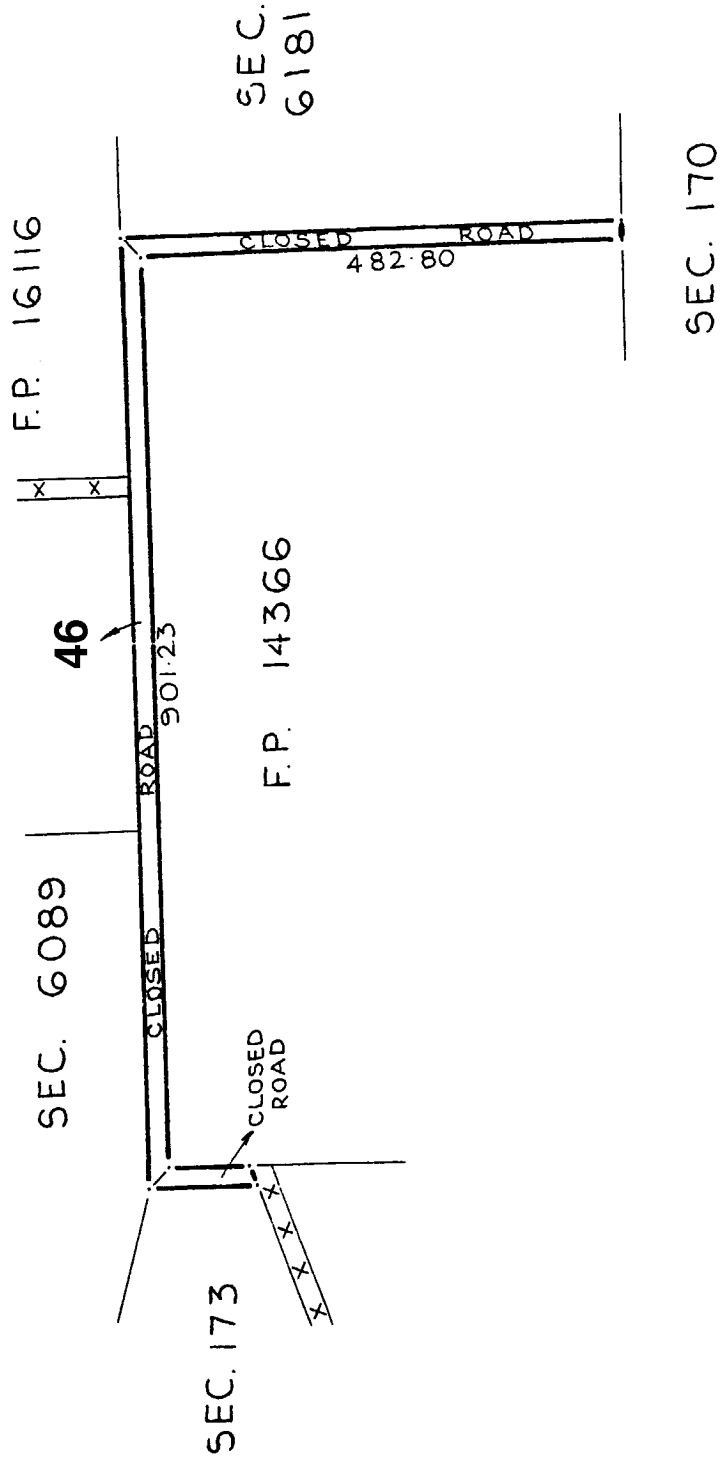
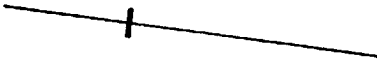
### Schedule of Dealings

NIL

### Notations

Dealings Affecting Title	NIL
Priority Notices	NIL
Notations on Plan	NIL
Registrar-General's Notes	NIL
Administrative Interests	NIL

THIS PLAN IS SCANNED FOR CERTIFICATE OF TITLE 4321/875



Total Area = 3.033 ha

NOTE: SUBJECT TO ALL LAWFULLY EXISTING PLANS OF DIVISION

## Certificate of Title

Title Reference: CT 5546/904  
Status: CURRENT  
Parent Title(s): CT 4321/875  
Dealing(s) Creating Title: CONVERTED TITLE  
Title Issued: 22/06/1998  
Edition: 2

## Dealings

Lodgement Date	Completion Date	Dealing Number	Dealing Type	Dealing Status	Details
04/12/2020	08/12/2020	13422087	TRANSMISSION APPLICATION	REGISTERED	ROSE LORRAINE SCOTT (DECD), KENNETH LESLIE SCOTT (EXEC), LINDA ROSE GREEN (EXEC)



The Registrar-General certifies that this Title Register Search displays the records maintained in the Register Book and other notations at the time of searching.



## Certificate of Title - Volume 5604 Folio 178

### Parent Title(s)

Creating Dealing(s) TS 7179975

Title Issued 08/12/1998 Edition 2 Edition Issued 08/12/2020

### Estate Type

FEE SIMPLE

### Registered Proprietor

KENNETH LESLIE SCOTT  
OF 255 EDWARDS ROAD JOANNA SA 5271  
LINDA ROSE GREEN  
OF 37 SPRINGHEAD ROAD MOUNT TORRENS SA 5244  
AS THE EXECUTOR(S) OF  
ROSE LORRAINE SCOTT WHO DIED 10/06/2020

### Description of Land

ALLOTMENT COMPRISING PIECES 91 AND 92 FILED PLAN 216139  
IN THE AREA NAMED CUDLEE CREEK  
HUNDRED OF TALUNGA

### Easements

NIL

### Schedule of Dealings

NIL

### Notations

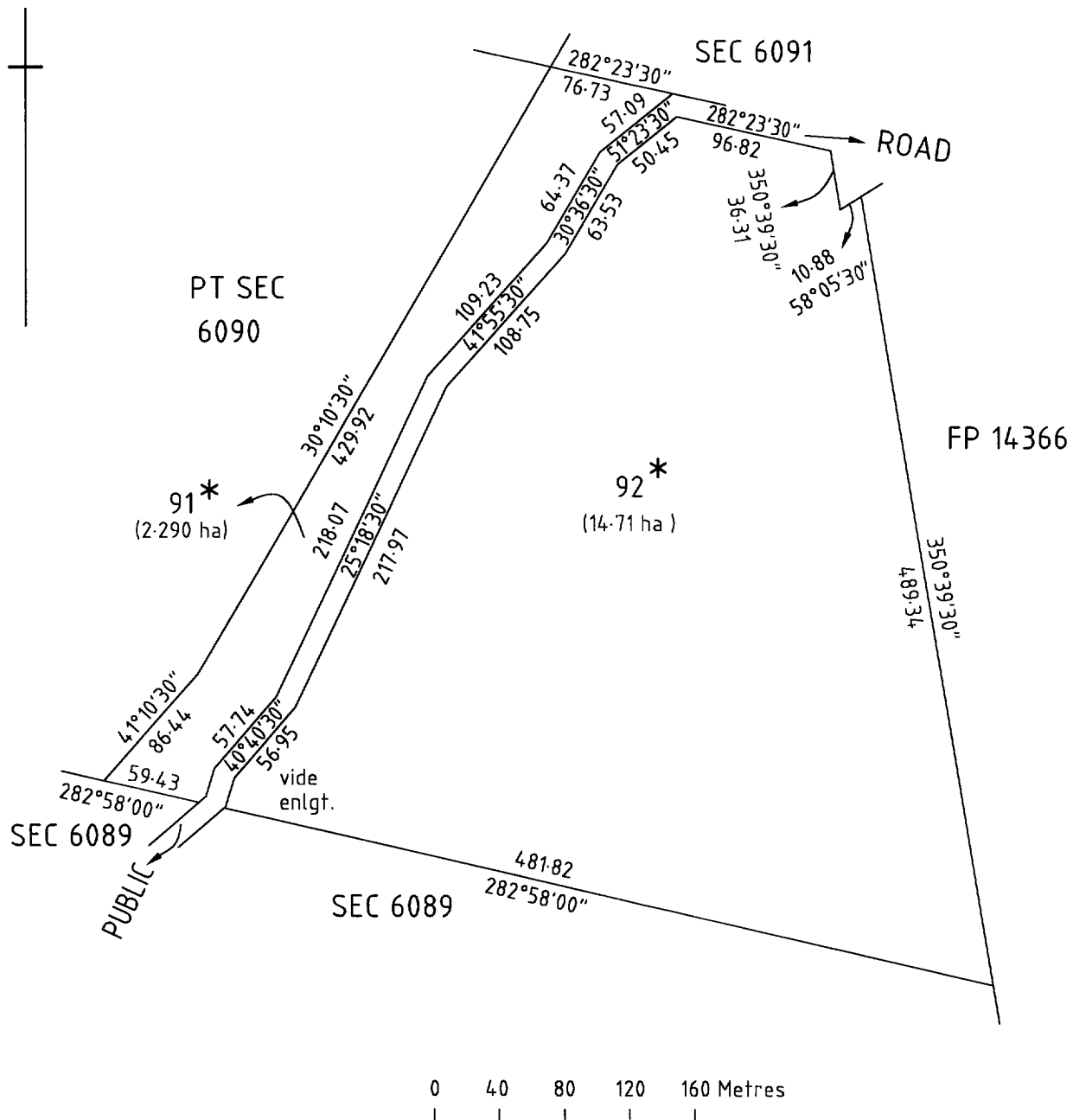
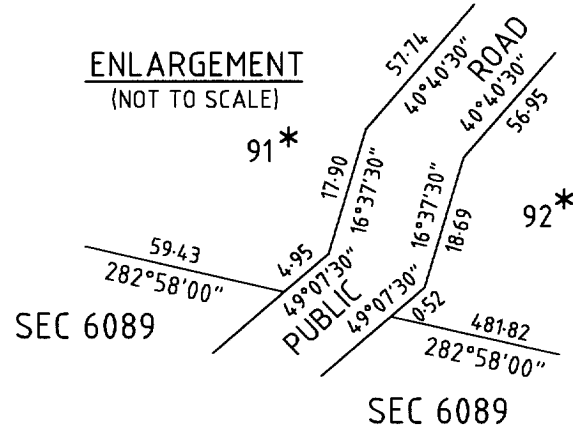
Dealings Affecting Title	NIL
Priority Notices	NIL
Notations on Plan	NIL
Registrar-General's Notes	NIL
Administrative Interests	NIL

THIS PLAN IS SCANNED FOR SEARCH 2815.

SCHEDULE OF PIECES COMPRISED IN ONE ALLOTMENT

PIECES COMPRISED IN ONE ALLOTMENT	TOTAL AREA
91 & 92	17.00 ha

\* Asterisk denotes PIECE identifier only.



**NOTE: SUBJECT TO ALL LAWFULLY EXISTING PLANS OF DIVISION**



## Certificate of Title

**Title Reference:** CT 5604/178  
**Status:** CURRENT  
**Parent Title(s):**  
**Dealing(s) Creating Title:** TS 7179975  
**Title Issued:** 08/12/1998  
**Edition:** 2

## Dealings

Lodgement Date	Completion Date	Dealing Number	Dealing Type	Dealing Status	Details
04/12/2020	08/12/2020	13422087	TRANSMISSION APPLICATION	REGISTERED	ROSE LORRAINE SCOTT (DECD), KENNETH LESLIE SCOTT (EXEC), LINDA ROSE GREEN (EXEC)



The Registrar-General certifies that this Title Register Search displays the records maintained in the Register Book and other notations at the time of searching.



## Certificate of Title - Volume 6256 Folio 463

Parent Title(s) CT 5463/911  
Creating Dealing(s) RT 13546120  
Title Issued 09/07/2021 Edition 1 Edition Issued 09/07/2021

### Estate Type

FEE SIMPLE

### Registered Proprietor

KENNETH LESLIE SCOTT  
OF 255 EDWARDS ROAD JOANNA SA 5271  
LINDA ROSE GREEN  
OF 37 SPRINGHEAD ROAD MOUNT TORRENS SA 5244  
AS THE EXECUTOR(S) OF  
ROSE LORRAINE SCOTT WHO DIED 10/06/2020

### Description of Land

SECTION 173  
HUNDRED OF TALUNGA  
IN THE AREA NAMED CUDLEE CREEK

### Easements

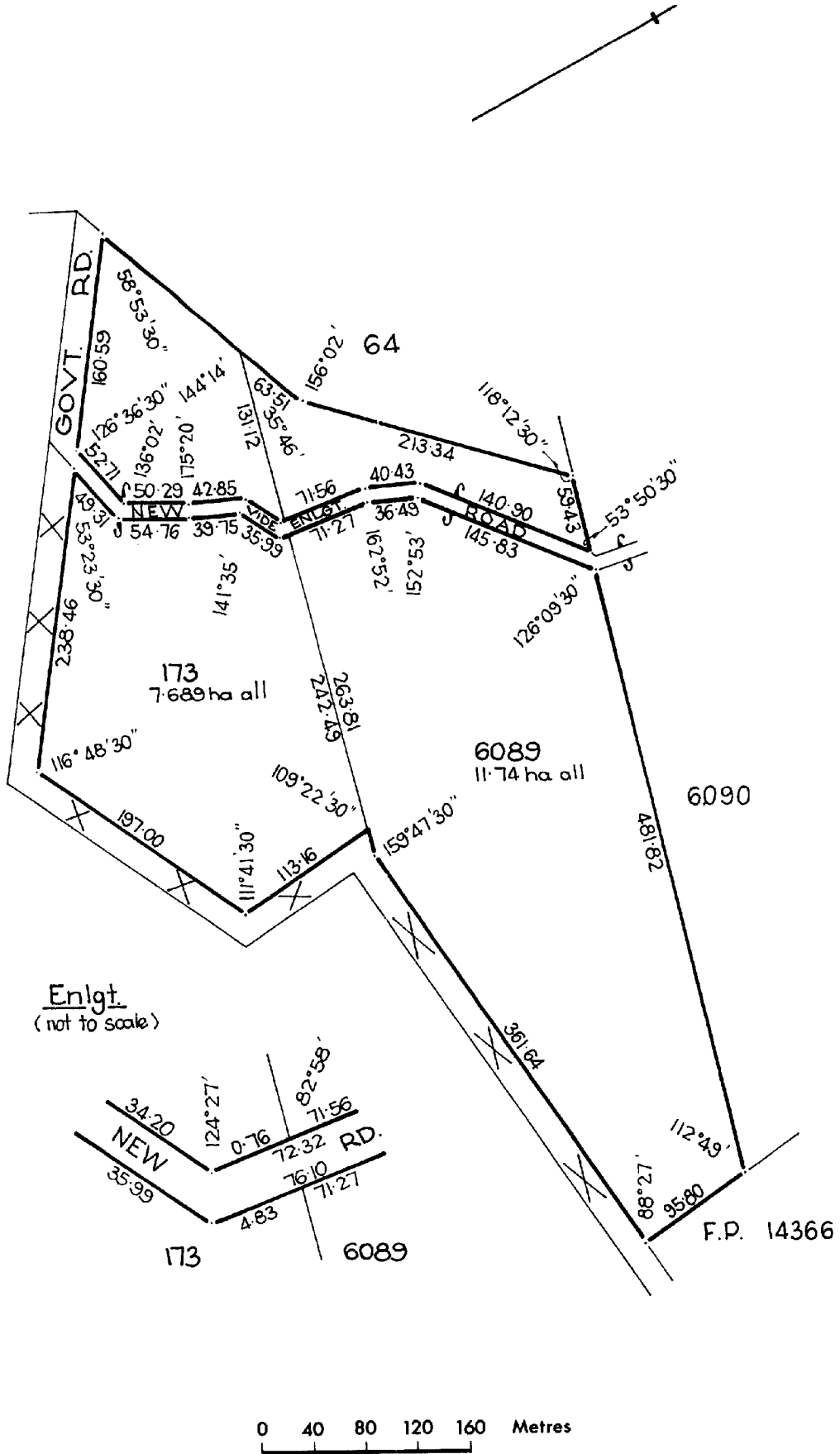
NIL

### Schedule of Dealings

NIL

### Notations

Dealings Affecting Title NIL  
Priority Notices NIL  
Notations on Plan NIL  
Registrar-General's Notes NIL  
Administrative Interests NIL



## Certificate of Title

**Title Reference:** CT 6256/463  
**Status:** CURRENT  
**Parent Title(s):** CT 5463/911  
**Dealing(s) Creating Title:** RT 13546120  
**Title Issued:** 09/07/2021  
**Edition:** 1

## Dealings

No lodged Dealings found.



The Registrar-General certifies that this Title Register Search displays the records maintained in the Register Book and other notations at the time of searching.



## Certificate of Title - Volume 6256 Folio 464

Parent Title(s) CT 5463/911  
Creating Dealing(s) RT 13546120  
Title Issued 09/07/2021 Edition 1 Edition Issued 09/07/2021

### Estate Type

FEE SIMPLE

### Registered Proprietor

KENNETH LESLIE SCOTT  
OF 255 EDWARDS ROAD JOANNA SA 5271  
LINDA ROSE GREEN  
OF 37 SPRINGHEAD ROAD MOUNT TORRENS SA 5244  
AS THE EXECUTOR(S) OF  
ROSE LORRAINE SCOTT WHO DIED 10/06/2020

### Description of Land

SECTION 6089  
HUNDRED OF TALUNGA  
IN THE AREA NAMED CUDLEE CREEK

### Easements

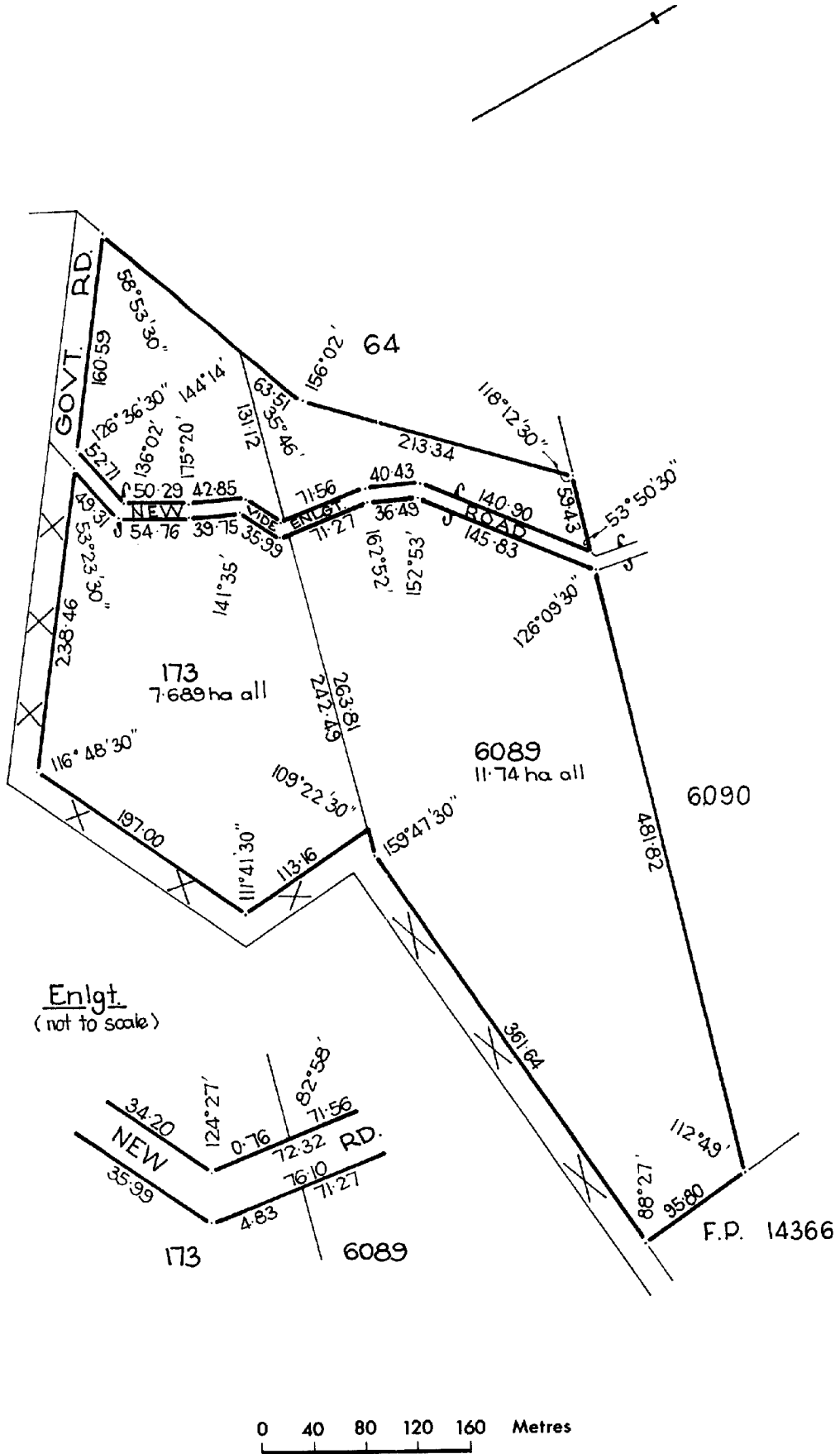
NIL

### Schedule of Dealings

NIL

### Notations

Dealings Affecting Title NIL  
Priority Notices NIL  
Notations on Plan NIL  
Registrar-General's Notes NIL  
Administrative Interests NIL



## Certificate of Title

**Title Reference:** CT 6256/464  
**Status:** CURRENT  
**Parent Title(s):** CT 5463/911  
**Dealing(s) Creating Title:** RT 13546120  
**Title Issued:** 09/07/2021  
**Edition:** 1

## Dealings

No lodged Dealings found.



## Certificate of Title Tree – Concept 1 21148.01 Cuddlee Creek PSI

### CT 5463/903

Closed Road marked F, Road Plan 81A in the area of Cuddlee Creek, Hundred of Talunga

28/10/1997 new title to Rose Lorraine Scott  
04/12/2020 transfer to Kenneth Leslie Scott and Linda Rose Green, executors of Rose Lorraine Scott who died 10/06/2020.

Current Certificate of Title



### CT 4231/901

Closed Road marked F, Road Plan 81A in the area of Cuddlee Creek, Hundred of Talunga

11/10/1984 new title to Leslie John Rex Redden (orchardist)  
27/05/1988 transfer to Bryan Leslie Bertram Redden (horticulturalist) and Rose Lorraine Scott (home duties) as executors of Leslie John Rex Redden who died on 30/11/1986  
29/06/1989 transfer to Rose Lorraine Scott

Cancelled to CT 5463/903



### CT 403/245

Land separating greater portions of section 6088 and section 6099 in the Hundred of Talunga, County of Adelaide.

02/10/1882 pursuant to the Roads Amendment Act 1863, land granted to William Redden (Millbrook farmer)  
24/03/1915 transfer to William John Redden (gardener) and Albert Edward Redden (farmer) as executors of William Redden who died on 9 October 1914  
24/03/1915 Transfer to William John Redden  
28/05/1945 transfer to Leslie John Rex Redden (gardener)

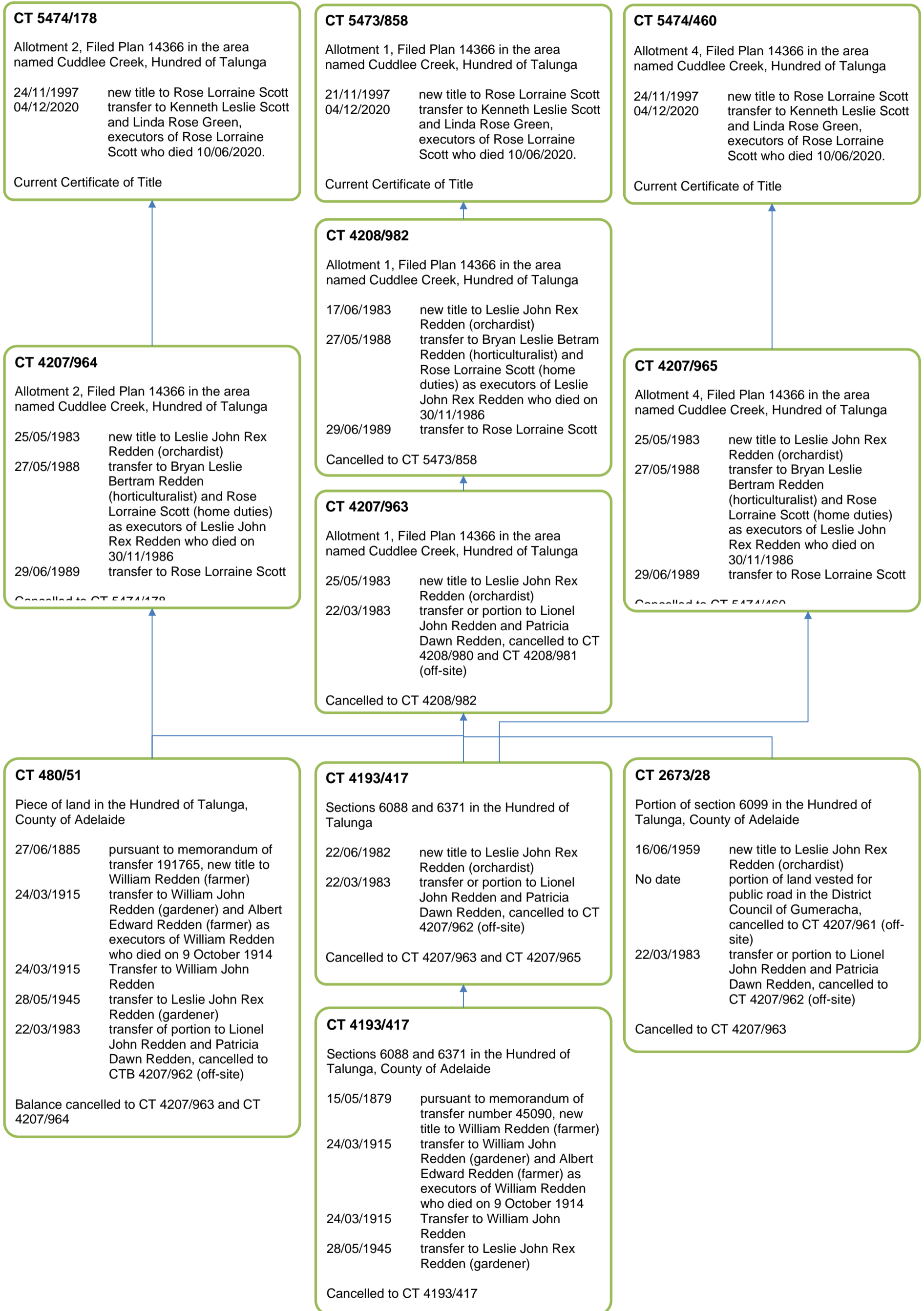
Cancelled to CT 4231/901





# Certificate of Title Tree – Concept 1

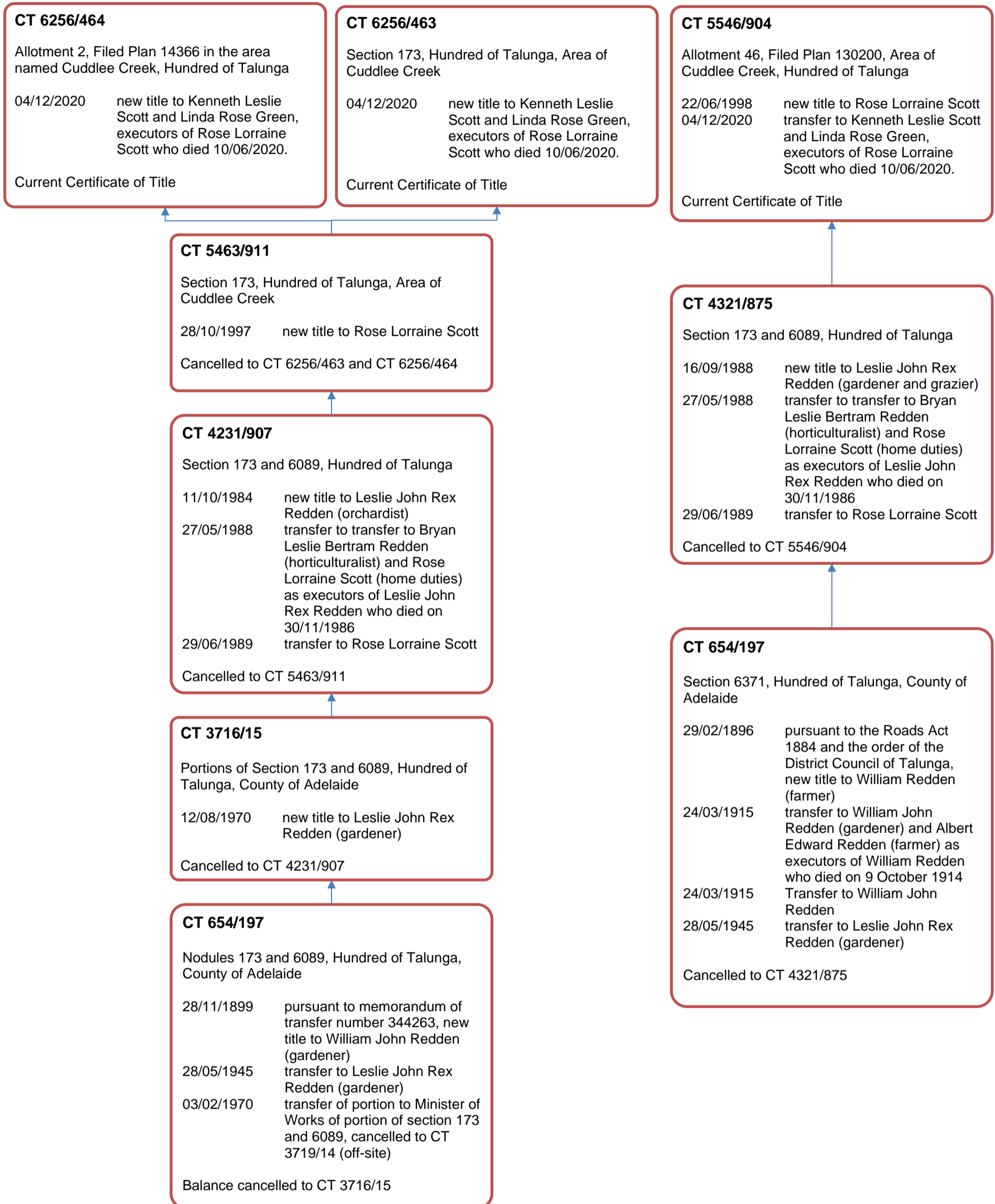
21148.01 Cuddlee Creek PSI





# Certificate of Title Tree – Concept 2

21148.01 Cuddlee Creek PSI





## Certificate of Title Tree – Concept 2

21148.01 Cuddlee Creek PSI

### CT 5604/178

Allotment comprising pieces 91 and 92, Filed Plan 216139, Area of Cuddlee Creek, Hundred of Talunga

08/12/1998 new title to Rose Lorraine Scott  
04/12/2020 new title to Kenneth Leslie Scott and Linda Rose Green, executors of Rose Lorraine Scott who died 10/06/2020.

Current Certificate of Title

### CT 5442/617

Closed Road Marked C, Road Plan 1793, Area of Cuddlee Creek, Hundred of Talunga

15/08/1997 new title to Rose Lorraine Scott  
04/12/2020 new title to Kenneth Leslie Scott and Linda Rose Green, executors of Rose Lorraine Scott who died 10/06/2020.

Current Certificate of Title

### CT 5474/460

Allotment 4, Filed Plan 14366 in the area named Cuddlee Creek, Hundred of Talunga

See Concept 1 for full title tree

### CT 4321/876

Closed Road Allotment C, Road Plan 1793, Hundred of Talunga

16/09/1988 new title to Leslie John Rex Redden (gardener and grazier)  
27/05/1988 transfer to transfer to Bryan Leslie Bertram Redden (horticulturalist) and Rose Lorraine Scott (home duties) as executors of Leslie John Rex Redden who died on 30/11/1986  
29/06/1989 transfer to Rose Lorraine Scott

Cancelled to CT 5442/617

### CT 1615/106

Closed Road north-east of portion of section 6088 from portion of section 6099.

31/05/1933 pursuant to the Roads (Opening and Closing) Act 1932, and of an Order of the District Council of Talunga new title to William John Redden (horticulturalist)  
28/05/1945 transfer to Leslie John Rex Redden (gardener)

Cancelled to CT 4321/876

## Appendix D

EPA Section 7 Search (Concept 1)



**Environment Protection Authority**

GPO Box 2607 Adelaide SA 5001  
211 Victoria Square Adelaide SA 5000  
T (08) 8204 2004  
Country areas 1800 623 445

Environmental Projects  
Level 3  
117 King William Street  
ADELAIDE SA 5000

Contact: Section 7  
Telephone: (08) 8204 2026  
Email: epasection7@sa.gov.au

Contact: Public Register  
Telephone: (08) 8204 9128  
Email: epa.publicregister@sa.gov.au

09 November, 2021

**EPA STATEMENT TO FORM 1 - CONTRACTS FOR SALE OF LAND OR BUSINESS**

The EPA provides this statement to assist the vendor meet its obligations under section 7(1)(b) of the *Land and Business (Sale and Conveyancing) Act 1994*. A response to the questions prescribed in Schedule 1-Contracts for sale of land or business-forms (Divisions 1 and 2) of the *Land and Business (Sale and Conveyancing) Act 1994* is provided in relation to the land.

I refer to your enquiry concerning the parcel of land comprised in

Title Reference CT Volume 5463 Folio 903  
Address 206 Prairie Road, CUDLEE CREEK SA 5232

**Schedule – Division 1 – *Land and Business (Sale and Conveyancing) Regulations 2010***

**PARTICULARS OF MORTGAGES, CHARGES AND PRESCRIBED ENCUMBRANCES AFFECTING THE LAND**

**8. *Environment Protection Act 1993***

Does the EPA hold any of the following details relating to the *Environment Protection Act 1993*:

8.1	Section 59 - Environment performance agreement that is registered in relation to the land.	NO
8.2	Section 93 - Environment protection order that is registered in relation to the land.	NO
8.3	Section 93A - Environment protection order relating to cessation of activity that is registered in relation to the land.	NO
8.4	Section 99 - Clean-up order that is registered in relation to the land.	NO
8.5	Section 100 - Clean-up authorisation that is registered in relation to the land.	NO
8.6	Section 103H - Site contamination assessment order that is registered in relation to the land.	NO
8.7	Section 103J - Site remediation order that is registered in relation to the land.	NO

8.8	Section 103N - Notice of declaration of special management area in relation to the land (due to possible existence of site contamination).	NO
8.9	Section 103P - Notation of site contamination audit report in relation to the land.	NO
8.10	Section 103S - Notice of prohibition or restriction on taking water affected by site contamination in relation to the land.	NO

**Schedule – Division 2 – Land and Business (Sale and Conveyancing) Regulations 2010**

**PARTICULARS RELATING TO ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION**

**3-Licences and exemptions recorded by EPA in public register**

Does the EPA hold any of the following details in the public register:

a)	details of a current licence issued under Part 6 of the <i>Environment Protection Act 1993</i> to conduct any prescribed activity of environmental significance under Schedule 1 of that Act at the land?	NO
b)	details of a licence no longer in force issued under Part 6 of the <i>Environment Protection Act 1993</i> to conduct any prescribed activity of environmental significance under Schedule 1 of that Act at the land?	NO
c)	details of a current exemption issued under Part 6 of the <i>Environment Protection Act 1993</i> from the application of a specified provision of that Act in relation to an activity carried on at the land?	NO
d)	details of an exemption no longer in force issued under Part 6 of the <i>Environment Protection Act 1993</i> from the application of a specified provision of that Act in relation to an activity carried on at the land?	NO
e)	details of a licence issued under the repealed <i>South Australian Waste Management Commission Act 1979</i> to operate a waste depot at the land?	NO
f)	details of a licence issued under the repealed <i>Waste Management Act 1987</i> to operate a waste depot at the land?	NO
g)	details of a licence issued under the repealed <i>South Australian Waste Management Commission Act 1979</i> to produce waste of a prescribed kind (within the meaning of that Act) at the land?	NO
h)	details of a licence issued under the repealed <i>Waste Management Act 1987</i> to produce prescribed waste (within the meaning of that Act) at the land?	NO

**4-Pollution and site contamination on the land - details recorded by the EPA in public register**

Does the EPA hold any of the following details in the public register in relation to the land or part of the land:

a)	details of serious or material environmental harm caused or threatened in the course of an activity (whether or not notified under section 83 of the <i>Environment Protection Act 1993</i> )?	NO
----	--	----

- |    |  |    |
|----|--|----|
| b) | details of site contamination notified to the EPA under section 83A of the <i>Environment Protection Act 1993</i> ?  | NO |
| c) | a copy of a report of an environmental assessment (whether prepared by the EPA or some other person or body and whether or not required under legislation) that forms part of the information required to be recorded in the public register?                          | NO |
| d) | a copy of a site contamination audit report?   | NO |
| e) | details of an agreement for the exclusion or limitation of liability for site contamination to which section 103E of the <i>Environment Protection Act 1993</i> applies?   | NO |
| f) | details of an agreement entered into with the EPA relating to an approved voluntary site contamination assessment proposal under section 103I of the <i>Environment Protection Act 1993</i> ?  | NO |
| g) | details of an agreement entered into with the EPA relating to an approved voluntary site remediation proposal under section 103K of the <i>Environment Protection Act 1993</i> ?   | NO |
| h) | details of a notification under section 103Z(1) of the <i>Environment Protection Act 1993</i> relating to the commencement of a site contamination audit?  | NO |
| i) | details of a notification under section 103Z(2) of the <i>Environment Protection Act 1993</i> relating to the termination before completion of a site contamination audit?   | NO |
| j) | details of records, held by the former <i>South Australian Waste Management Commission</i> under the repealed <i>Waste Management Act 1987</i> , of waste (within the meaning of that Act) having been deposited on the land between 1 January 1983 and 30 April 1995? | NO |

**5-Pollution and site contamination on the land - other details held by EPA**

Does the EPA hold any of the following details in relation to the land or part of the land:

- |    |  |    |
|----|--|----|
| a) | a copy of a report known as a "Health Commission Report" prepared by or on behalf of the <i>South Australian Health Commission</i> (under the repealed <i>South Australian Health Commission Act 1976</i> )?   | NO |
| b) | details (which may include a report of an environmental assessment) relevant to an agreement entered into with the EPA relating to an approved voluntary site contamination assessment proposal under section 103I of the <i>Environment Protection Act 1993</i> ? | NO |
| c) | details (which may include a report of an environmental assessment) relevant to an agreement entered into with the EPA relating to an approved voluntary site remediation proposal under section 103K of the <i>Environment Protection Act 1993</i> ?              | NO |
| d) | a copy of a pre-1 July 2009 site audit report?   | NO |
| e) | details relating to the termination before completion of a pre-1 July 2009 site audit?   | NO |

All care and diligence has been taken to access the above information from available records. Historical records provided to the EPA concerning matters arising prior to 1 May 1995 are limited and may not be accurate or complete and therefore the EPA cannot confirm the accuracy of the historical information provided.



**Environment Protection Authority**

GPO Box 2607 Adelaide SA 5001  
211 Victoria Square Adelaide SA 5000  
T (08) 8204 2004  
Country areas 1800 623 445

Environmental Projects  
Level 3  
117 King William Street  
ADELAIDE SA 5000

Contact: Section 7  
Telephone: (08) 8204 2026  
Email: epasection7@sa.gov.au

Contact: Public Register  
Telephone: (08) 8204 9128  
Email: epa.publicregister@sa.gov.au

09 November, 2021

**EPA STATEMENT TO FORM 1 - CONTRACTS FOR SALE OF LAND OR BUSINESS**

The EPA provides this statement to assist the vendor meet its obligations under section 7(1)(b) of the *Land and Business (Sale and Conveyancing) Act 1994*. A response to the questions prescribed in Schedule 1-Contracts for sale of land or business-forms (Divisions 1 and 2) of the *Land and Business (Sale and Conveyancing) Act 1994* is provided in relation to the land.

I refer to your enquiry concerning the parcel of land comprised in

Title Reference CT Volume 5473 Folio 858  
Address Allotment 1, 206 Prairie Road, CUDLEE CREEK SA 5232

**Schedule – Division 1 – *Land and Business (Sale and Conveyancing) Regulations 2010***

**PARTICULARS OF MORTGAGES, CHARGES AND PRESCRIBED ENCUMBRANCES AFFECTING THE LAND**

**8. *Environment Protection Act 1993***

Does the EPA hold any of the following details relating to the *Environment Protection Act 1993*:

8.1	Section 59 - Environment performance agreement that is registered in relation to the land.	NO
8.2	Section 93 - Environment protection order that is registered in relation to the land.	NO
8.3	Section 93A - Environment protection order relating to cessation of activity that is registered in relation to the land.	NO
8.4	Section 99 - Clean-up order that is registered in relation to the land.	NO
8.5	Section 100 - Clean-up authorisation that is registered in relation to the land.	NO
8.6	Section 103H - Site contamination assessment order that is registered in relation to the land.	NO
8.7	Section 103J - Site remediation order that is registered in relation to the land.	NO



8.8	Section 103N - Notice of declaration of special management area in relation to the land (due to possible existence of site contamination).	NO
8.9	Section 103P - Notation of site contamination audit report in relation to the land.	NO
8.10	Section 103S - Notice of prohibition or restriction on taking water affected by site contamination in relation to the land.	NO

### **Schedule – Division 2 – Land and Business (Sale and Conveyancing) Regulations 2010**

#### **PARTICULARS RELATING TO ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION**

##### **3-Licences and exemptions recorded by EPA in public register**

Does the EPA hold any of the following details in the public register:

a)	details of a current licence issued under Part 6 of the <i>Environment Protection Act 1993</i> to conduct any prescribed activity of environmental significance under Schedule 1 of that Act at the land?	NO
b)	details of a licence no longer in force issued under Part 6 of the <i>Environment Protection Act 1993</i> to conduct any prescribed activity of environmental significance under Schedule 1 of that Act at the land?	NO
c)	details of a current exemption issued under Part 6 of the <i>Environment Protection Act 1993</i> from the application of a specified provision of that Act in relation to an activity carried on at the land?	NO
d)	details of an exemption no longer in force issued under Part 6 of the <i>Environment Protection Act 1993</i> from the application of a specified provision of that Act in relation to an activity carried on at the land?	NO
e)	details of a licence issued under the repealed <i>South Australian Waste Management Commission Act 1979</i> to operate a waste depot at the land?	NO
f)	details of a licence issued under the repealed <i>Waste Management Act 1987</i> to operate a waste depot at the land?	NO
g)	details of a licence issued under the repealed <i>South Australian Waste Management Commission Act 1979</i> to produce waste of a prescribed kind (within the meaning of that Act) at the land?	NO
h)	details of a licence issued under the repealed <i>Waste Management Act 1987</i> to produce prescribed waste (within the meaning of that Act) at the land?	NO

##### **4-Pollution and site contamination on the land - details recorded by the EPA in public register**

Does the EPA hold any of the following details in the public register in relation to the land or part of the land:

a)	details of serious or material environmental harm caused or threatened in the course of an activity (whether or not notified under section 83 of the <i>Environment Protection Act 1993</i> )?	NO
----	--	----

- b) details of site contamination notified to the EPA under section 83A of the *Environment Protection Act 1993*? NO
- c) a copy of a report of an environmental assessment (whether prepared by the EPA or some other person or body and whether or not required under legislation) that forms part of the information required to be recorded in the public register? NO
- d) a copy of a site contamination audit report? NO
- e) details of an agreement for the exclusion or limitation of liability for site contamination to which section 103E of the *Environment Protection Act 1993* applies? NO
- f) details of an agreement entered into with the EPA relating to an approved voluntary site contamination assessment proposal under section 103I of the *Environment Protection Act 1993*? NO
- g) details of an agreement entered into with the EPA relating to an approved voluntary site remediation proposal under section 103K of the *Environment Protection Act 1993*? NO
- h) details of a notification under section 103Z(1) of the *Environment Protection Act 1993* relating to the commencement of a site contamination audit? NO
- i) details of a notification under section 103Z(2) of the *Environment Protection Act 1993* relating to the termination before completion of a site contamination audit? NO
- j) details of records, held by the former *South Australian Waste Management Commission* under the repealed *Waste Management Act 1987*, of waste (within the meaning of that Act) having been deposited on the land between 1 January 1983 and 30 April 1995? NO

**5-Pollution and site contamination on the land - other details held by EPA**

Does the EPA hold any of the following details in relation to the land or part of the land:

- a) a copy of a report known as a "Health Commission Report" prepared by or on behalf of the *South Australian Health Commission* (under the repealed *South Australian Health Commission Act 1976*)? NO
- b) details (which may include a report of an environmental assessment) relevant to an agreement entered into with the EPA relating to an approved voluntary site contamination assessment proposal under section 103I of the *Environment Protection Act 1993*? NO
- c) details (which may include a report of an environmental assessment) relevant to an agreement entered into with the EPA relating to an approved voluntary site remediation proposal under section 103K of the *Environment Protection Act 1993*? NO
- d) a copy of a pre-1 July 2009 site audit report? NO
- e) details relating to the termination before completion of a pre-1 July 2009 site audit? NO

All care and diligence has been taken to access the above information from available records. Historical records provided to the EPA concerning matters arising prior to 1 May 1995 are limited and may not be accurate or complete and therefore the EPA cannot confirm the accuracy of the historical information provided.



**Environment Protection Authority**

GPO Box 2607 Adelaide SA 5001  
211 Victoria Square Adelaide SA 5000  
T (08) 8204 2004  
Country areas 1800 623 445

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ADELAIDE SA 5000

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Telephone: (08) 8204 2026  
Email: epasection7@sa.gov.au

Contact: Public Register  
Telephone: (08) 8204 9128  
Email: epa.publicregister@sa.gov.au

09 November, 2021

**EPA STATEMENT TO FORM 1 - CONTRACTS FOR SALE OF LAND OR BUSINESS**

The EPA provides this statement to assist the vendor meet its obligations under section 7(1)(b) of the *Land and Business (Sale and Conveyancing) Act 1994*. A response to the questions prescribed in Schedule 1-Contracts for sale of land or business-forms (Divisions 1 and 2) of the *Land and Business (Sale and Conveyancing) Act 1994* is provided in relation to the land.

I refer to your enquiry concerning the parcel of land comprised in

Title Reference CT Volume 5474 Folio 178  
Address Allotment 2, 206 Prairie Road, CUDLEE CREEK SA 5232

**Schedule – Division 1 – *Land and Business (Sale and Conveyancing) Regulations 2010***

**PARTICULARS OF MORTGAGES, CHARGES AND PRESCRIBED ENCUMBRANCES AFFECTING THE LAND**

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Does the EPA hold any of the following details relating to the *Environment Protection Act 1993*:

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8.2	Section 93 - Environment protection order that is registered in relation to the land.	NO
8.3	Section 93A - Environment protection order relating to cessation of activity that is registered in relation to the land.	NO
8.4	Section 99 - Clean-up order that is registered in relation to the land.	NO
8.5	Section 100 - Clean-up authorisation that is registered in relation to the land.	NO
8.6	Section 103H - Site contamination assessment order that is registered in relation to the land.	NO
8.7	Section 103J - Site remediation order that is registered in relation to the land.	NO

8.8	Section 103N - Notice of declaration of special management area in relation to the land (due to possible existence of site contamination).	NO
8.9	Section 103P - Notation of site contamination audit report in relation to the land.	NO
8.10	Section 103S - Notice of prohibition or restriction on taking water affected by site contamination in relation to the land.	NO

### **Schedule – Division 2 – Land and Business (Sale and Conveyancing) Regulations 2010**

#### **PARTICULARS RELATING TO ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION**

##### **3-Licences and exemptions recorded by EPA in public register**

Does the EPA hold any of the following details in the public register:

a)	details of a current licence issued under Part 6 of the <i>Environment Protection Act 1993</i> to conduct any prescribed activity of environmental significance under Schedule 1 of that Act at the land?	NO
b)	details of a licence no longer in force issued under Part 6 of the <i>Environment Protection Act 1993</i> to conduct any prescribed activity of environmental significance under Schedule 1 of that Act at the land?	NO
c)	details of a current exemption issued under Part 6 of the <i>Environment Protection Act 1993</i> from the application of a specified provision of that Act in relation to an activity carried on at the land?	NO
d)	details of an exemption no longer in force issued under Part 6 of the <i>Environment Protection Act 1993</i> from the application of a specified provision of that Act in relation to an activity carried on at the land?	NO
e)	details of a licence issued under the repealed <i>South Australian Waste Management Commission Act 1979</i> to operate a waste depot at the land?	NO
f)	details of a licence issued under the repealed <i>Waste Management Act 1987</i> to operate a waste depot at the land?	NO
g)	details of a licence issued under the repealed <i>South Australian Waste Management Commission Act 1979</i> to produce waste of a prescribed kind (within the meaning of that Act) at the land?	NO
h)	details of a licence issued under the repealed <i>Waste Management Act 1987</i> to produce prescribed waste (within the meaning of that Act) at the land?	NO

##### **4-Pollution and site contamination on the land - details recorded by the EPA in public register**

Does the EPA hold any of the following details in the public register in relation to the land or part of the land:

a)	details of serious or material environmental harm caused or threatened in the course of an activity (whether or not notified under section 83 of the <i>Environment Protection Act 1993</i> )?	NO
----	--	----

- b) details of site contamination notified to the EPA under section 83A of the *Environment Protection Act 1993*? NO
- c) a copy of a report of an environmental assessment (whether prepared by the EPA or some other person or body and whether or not required under legislation) that forms part of the information required to be recorded in the public register? NO
- d) a copy of a site contamination audit report? NO
- e) details of an agreement for the exclusion or limitation of liability for site contamination to which section 103E of the *Environment Protection Act 1993* applies? NO
- f) details of an agreement entered into with the EPA relating to an approved voluntary site contamination assessment proposal under section 103I of the *Environment Protection Act 1993*? NO
- g) details of an agreement entered into with the EPA relating to an approved voluntary site remediation proposal under section 103K of the *Environment Protection Act 1993*? NO
- h) details of a notification under section 103Z(1) of the *Environment Protection Act 1993* relating to the commencement of a site contamination audit? NO
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Contact: Section 7  
Telephone: (08) 8204 2026  
Email: epasection7@sa.gov.au

Contact: Public Register  
Telephone: (08) 8204 9128  
Email: epa.publicregister@sa.gov.au

09 November, 2021

**EPA STATEMENT TO FORM 1 - CONTRACTS FOR SALE OF LAND OR BUSINESS**

The EPA provides this statement to assist the vendor meet its obligations under section 7(1)(b) of the *Land and Business (Sale and Conveyancing) Act 1994*. A response to the questions prescribed in Schedule 1-Contracts for sale of land or business-forms (Divisions 1 and 2) of the *Land and Business (Sale and Conveyancing) Act 1994* is provided in relation to the land.

I refer to your enquiry concerning the parcel of land comprised in

Title Reference CT Volume 5474 Folio 460  
Address Allotment 4, 206 Prairie Road, CUDLEE CREEK SA 5232

**Schedule – Division 1 – *Land and Business (Sale and Conveyancing) Regulations 2010***

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8.8	Section 103N - Notice of declaration of special management area in relation to the land (due to possible existence of site contamination).	NO
8.9	Section 103P - Notation of site contamination audit report in relation to the land.	NO
8.10	Section 103S - Notice of prohibition or restriction on taking water affected by site contamination in relation to the land.	NO

**Schedule – Division 2 – Land and Business (Sale and Conveyancing) Regulations 2010**

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c)	details of a current exemption issued under Part 6 of the <i>Environment Protection Act 1993</i> from the application of a specified provision of that Act in relation to an activity carried on at the land?	NO
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h)	details of a licence issued under the repealed <i>Waste Management Act 1987</i> to produce prescribed waste (within the meaning of that Act) at the land?	NO

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- g) details of an agreement entered into with the EPA relating to an approved voluntary site remediation proposal under section 103K of the *Environment Protection Act 1993*? NO
- h) details of a notification under section 103Z(1) of the *Environment Protection Act 1993* relating to the commencement of a site contamination audit? NO
- i) details of a notification under section 103Z(2) of the *Environment Protection Act 1993* relating to the termination before completion of a site contamination audit? NO
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- c) details (which may include a report of an environmental assessment) relevant to an agreement entered into with the EPA relating to an approved voluntary site remediation proposal under section 103K of the *Environment Protection Act 1993*? NO
- d) a copy of a pre-1 July 2009 site audit report? NO
- e) details relating to the termination before completion of a pre-1 July 2009 site audit? NO

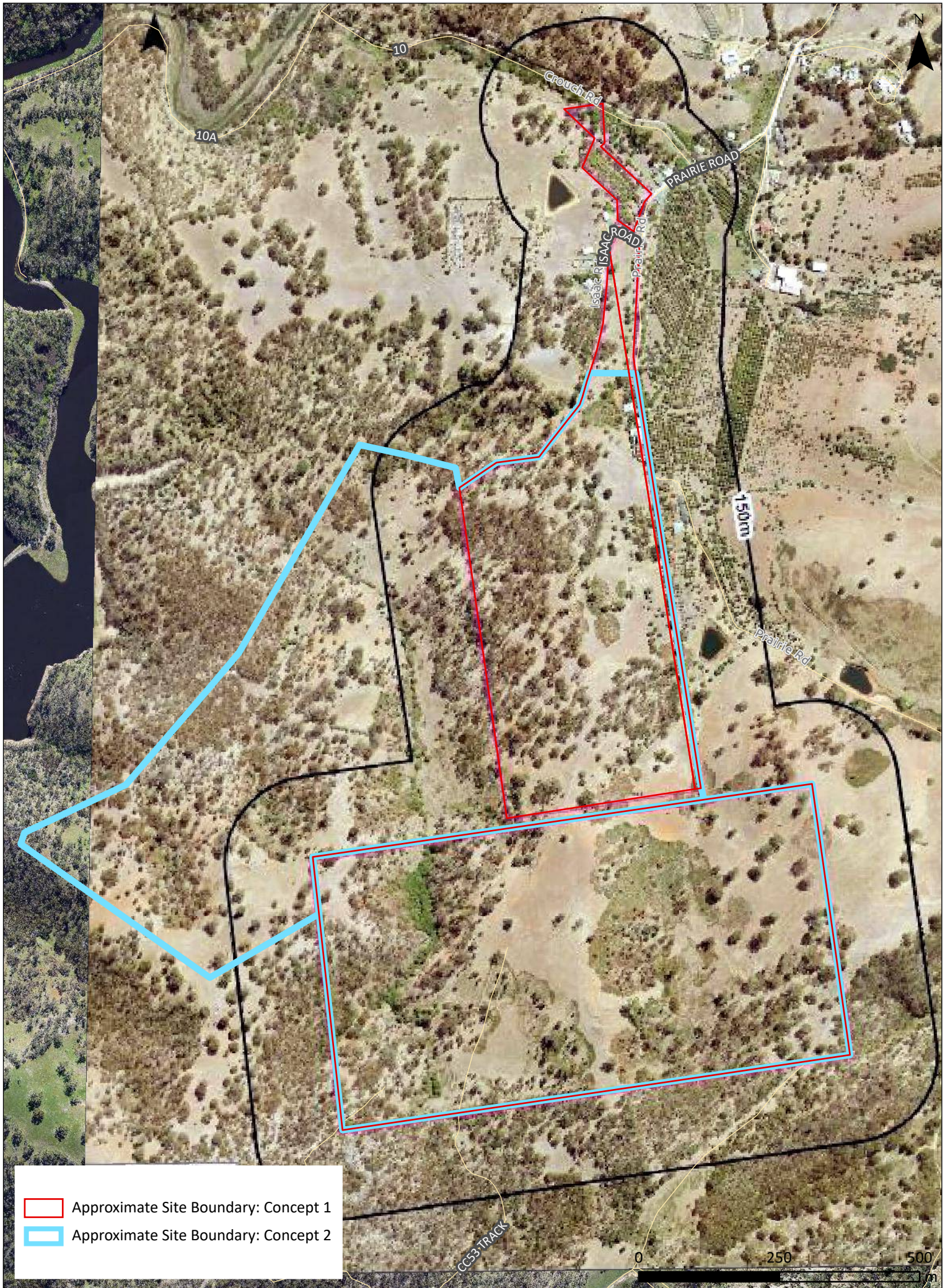
All care and diligence has been taken to access the above information from available records. Historical records provided to the EPA concerning matters arising prior to 1 May 1995 are limited and may not be accurate or complete and therefore the EPA cannot confirm the accuracy of the historical information provided.



## Appendix E

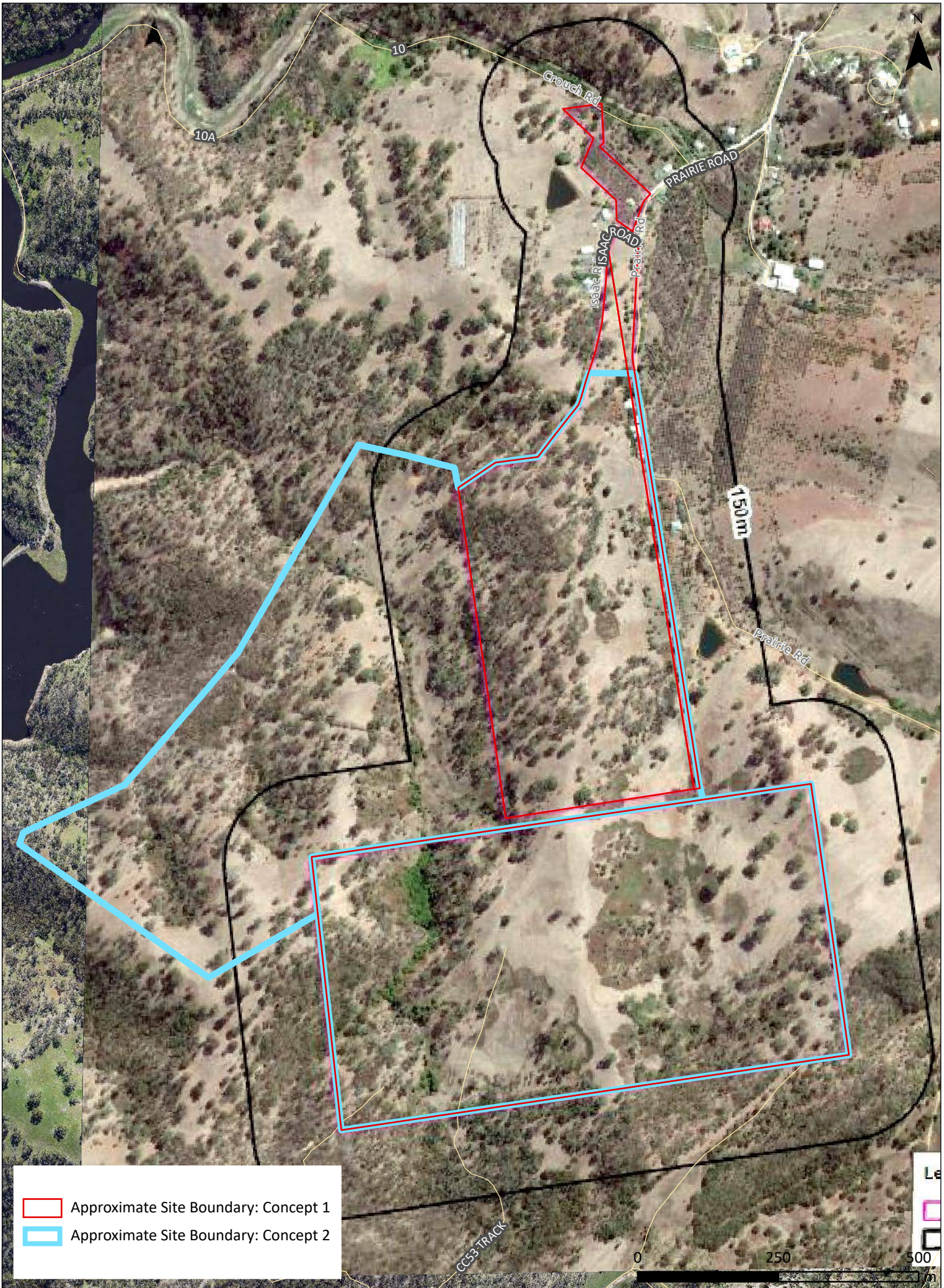
Historical Aerials (Concept 1 and 2)





Datum: GDA2020 MGA Zone 54  
 Author: Chathuri Nisansala  
 Date: 16/11/2021 Rev: A

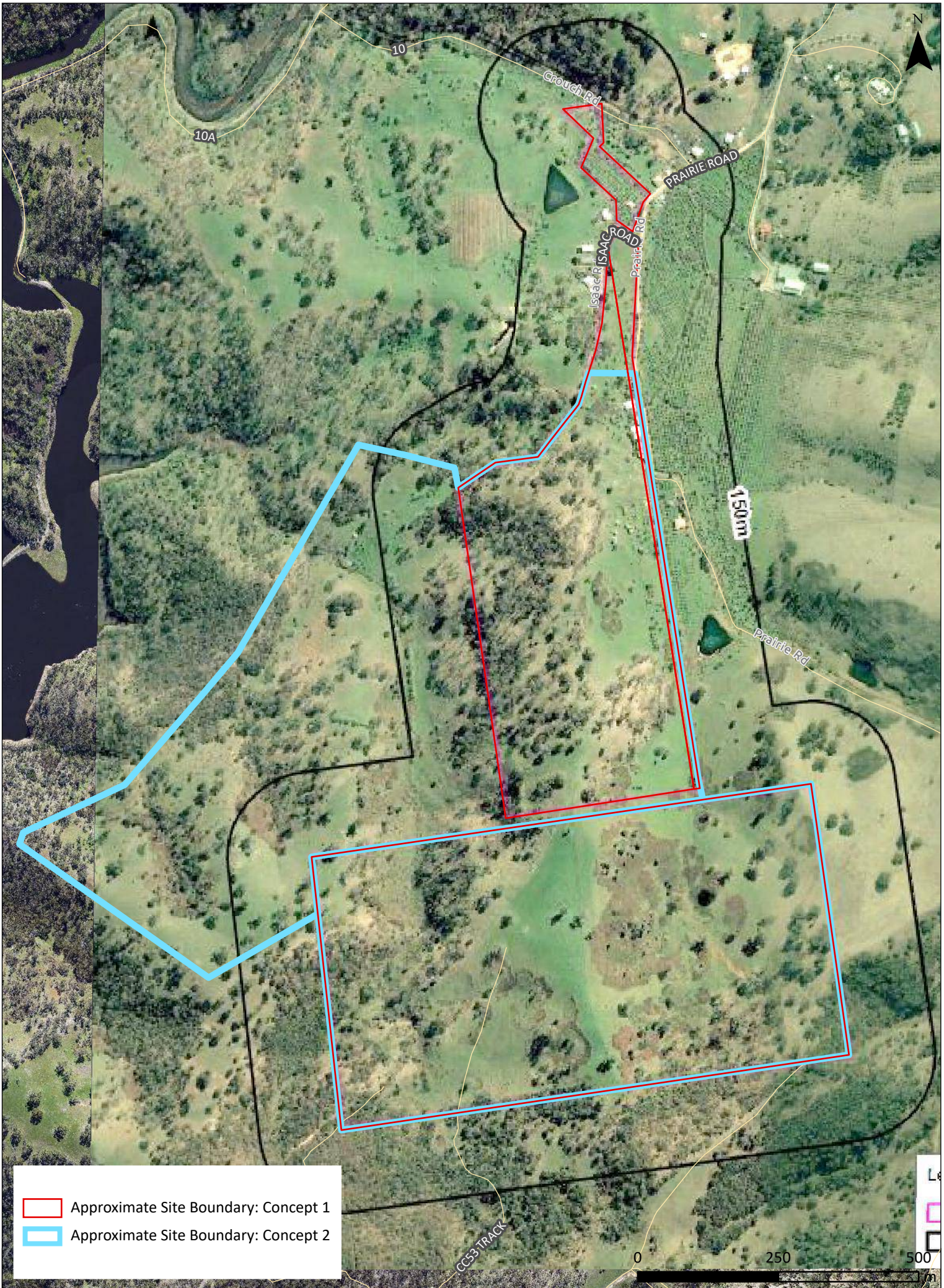
Cuddlee Creek - 2016



- Approximate Site Boundary: Concept 1
- Approximate Site Boundary: Concept 2

Datum: GDA2020 MGA Zone 54  
 Author: Chathuri Nisansala  
 Date: 16/11/2021 Rev: A

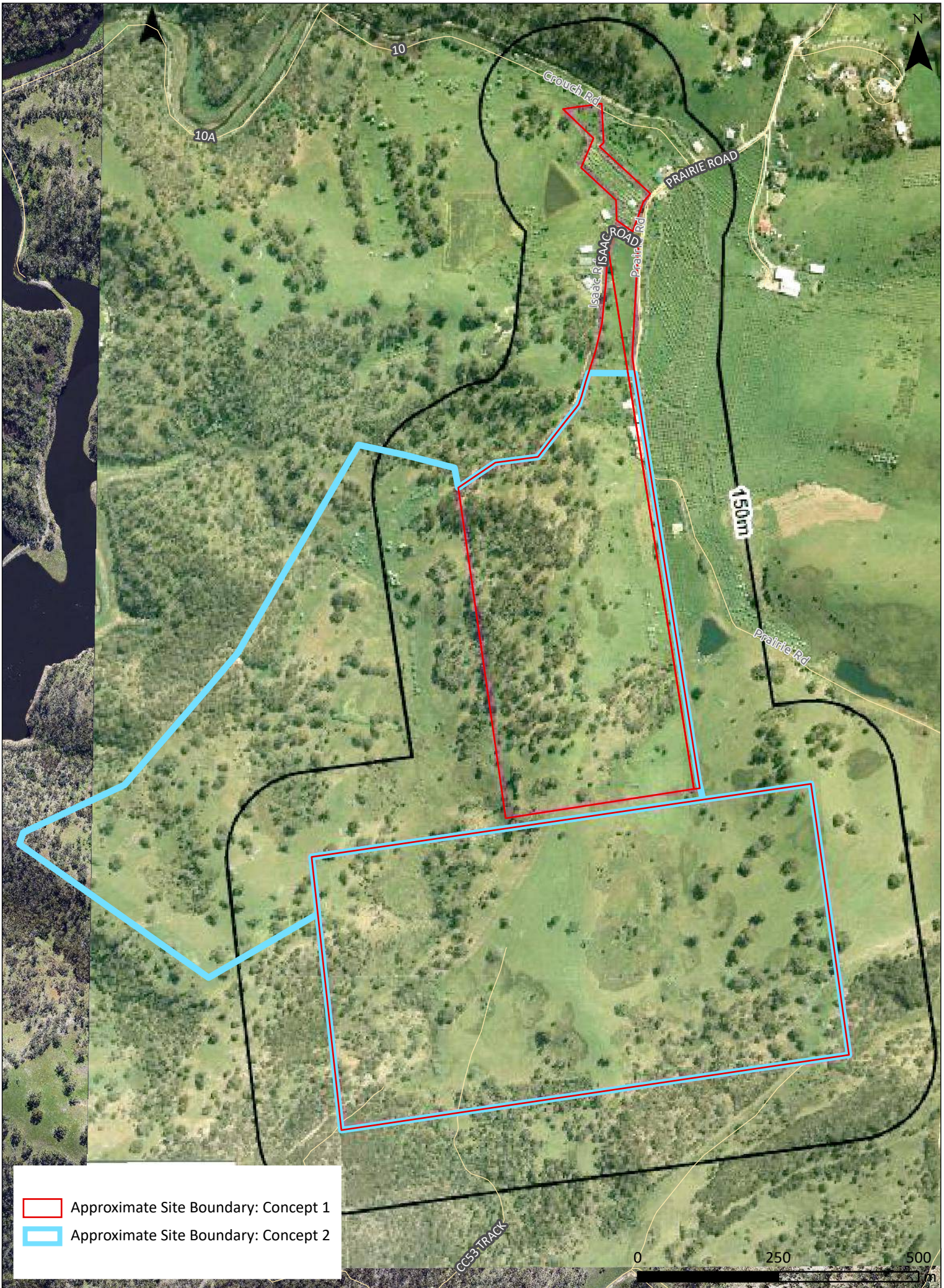
Cuddlee Creek - 2012



- Approximate Site Boundary: Concept 1
- Approximate Site Boundary: Concept 2

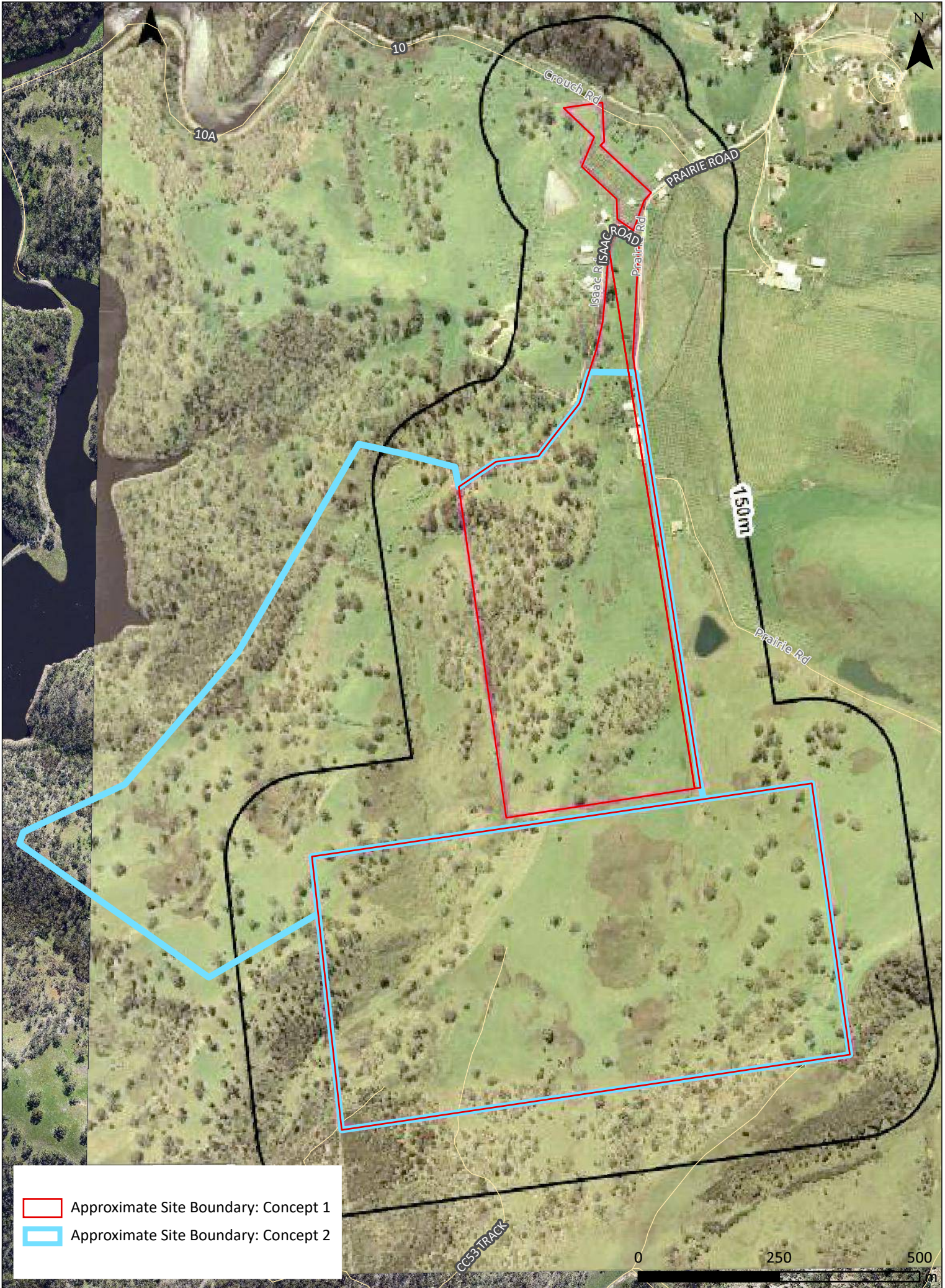
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 Author: Chathuri Nisansala  
 Date: 16/11/2021 Rev: A

Cuddlee Creek - 2005



Datum: GDA2020 MGA Zone 54  
 Author: Chathuri Nisansala  
 Date: 16/11/2021 Rev: A

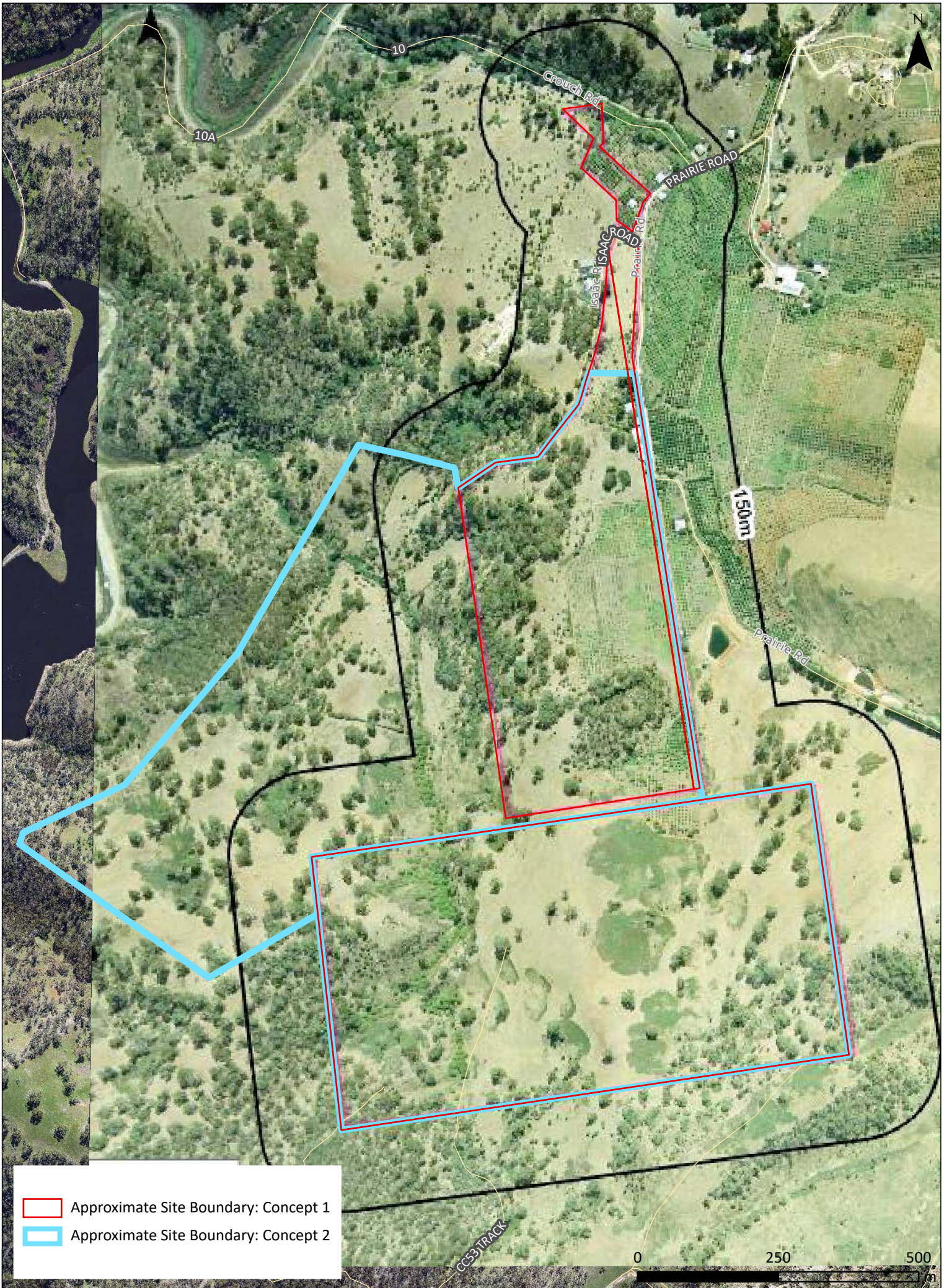
Cuddlee Creek - 1999



- Approximate Site Boundary: Concept 1
- Approximate Site Boundary: Concept 2

Datum: GDA2020 MGA Zone 54  
 Author: Chathuri Nisansala  
 Date: 16/11/2021 Rev: A

Cuddlee Creek - 1989

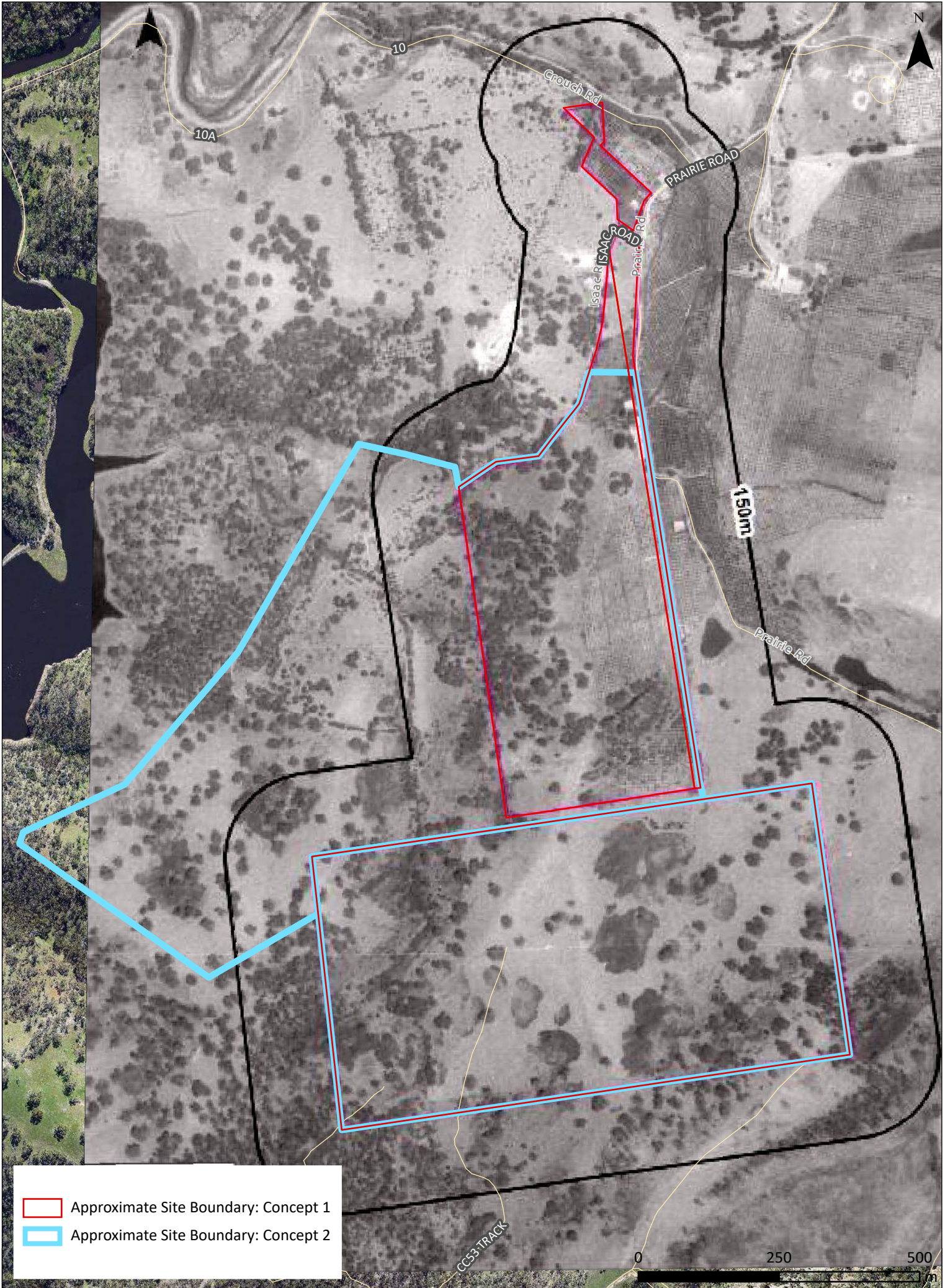


- Approximate Site Boundary: Concept 1
- Approximate Site Boundary: Concept 2

Datum: GDA2020 MGA Zone 54  
 Author: Chathuri Nisansala  
 Date: 16/11/2021 Rev: A

Cuddlee Creek - 1979

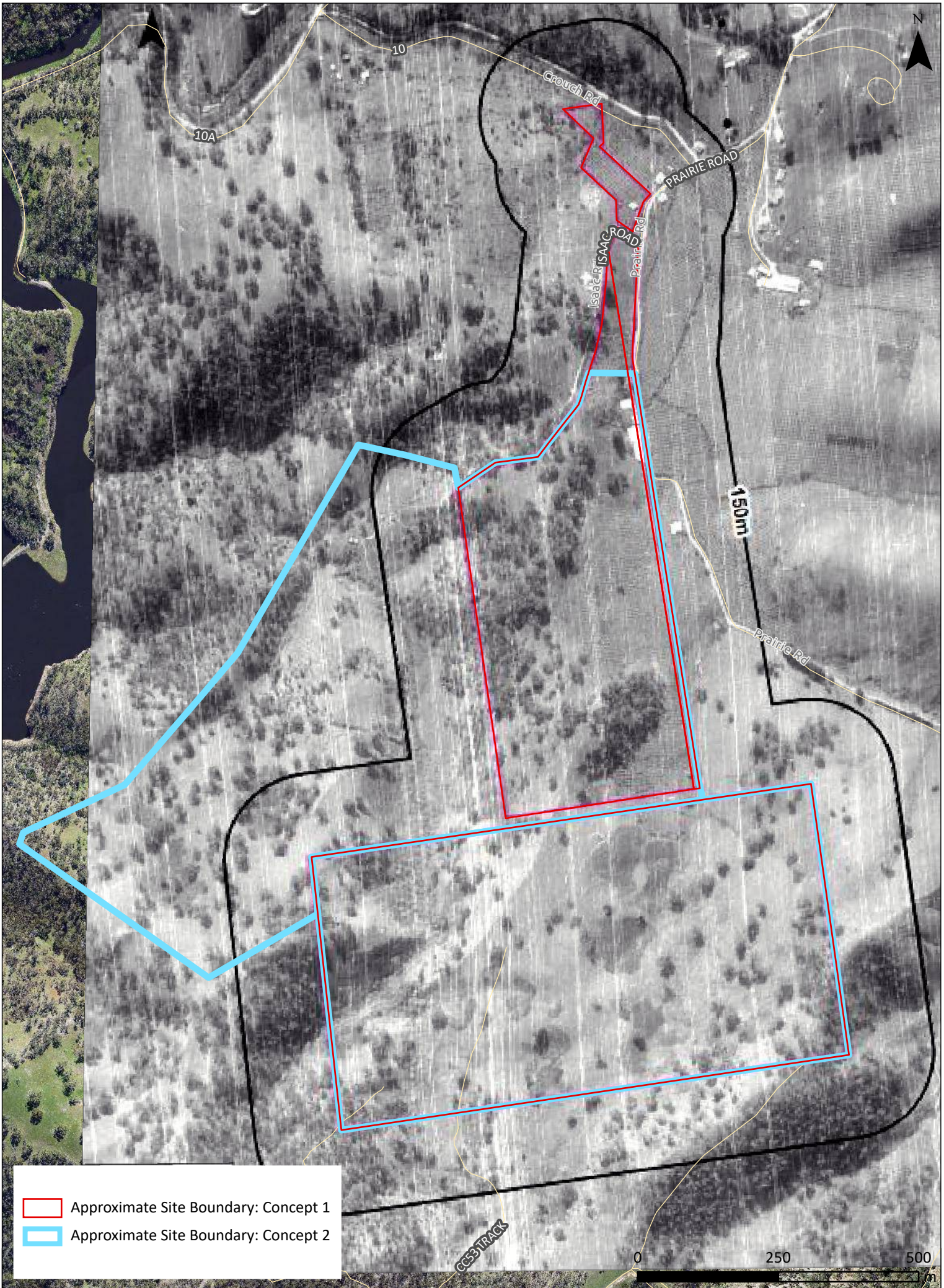




- Approximate Site Boundary: Concept 1
- Approximate Site Boundary: Concept 2

Datum: GDA2020 MGA Zone 54  
Author: Chathuri Nisansala  
Date: 16/11/2021 Rev: A

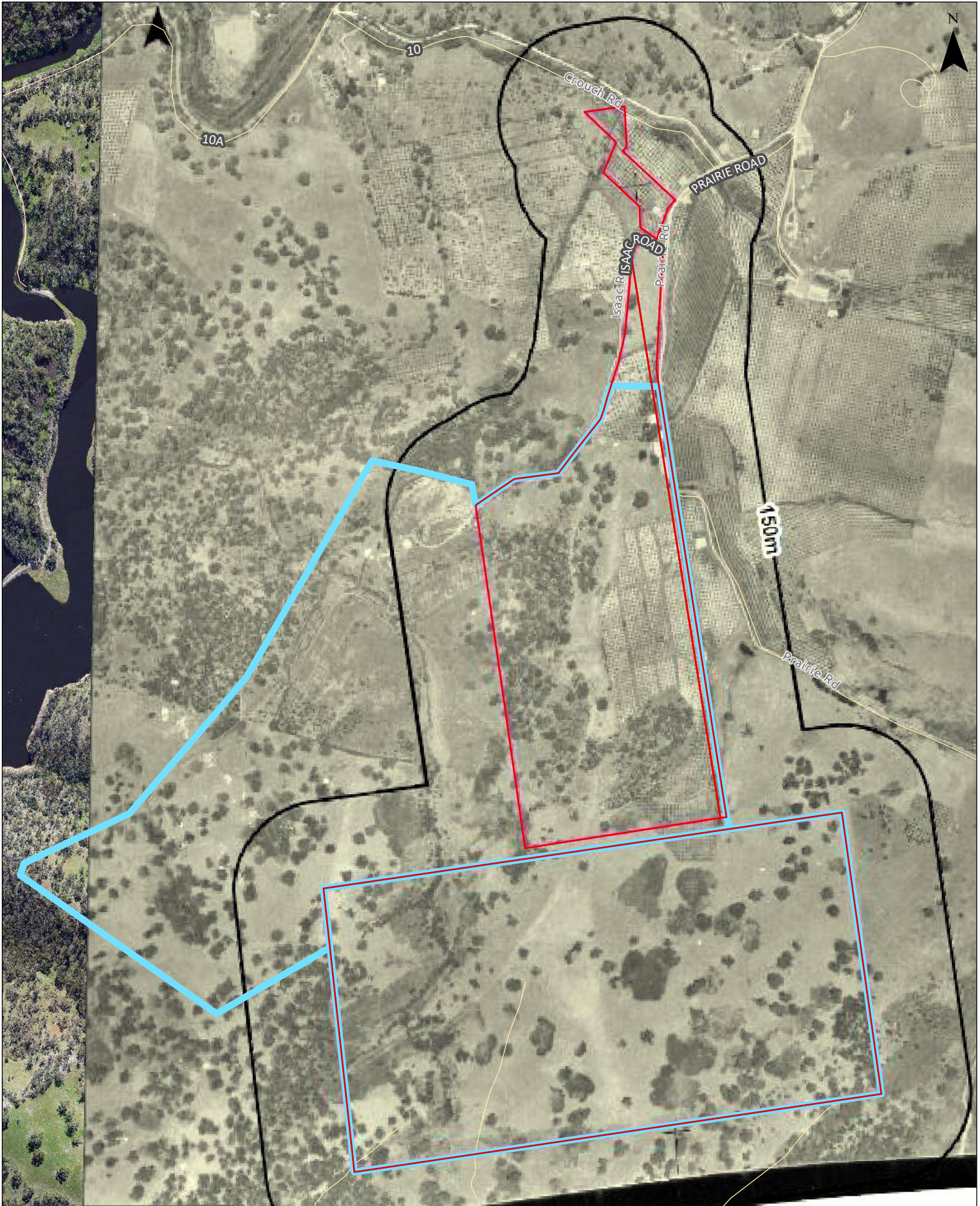
Cuddlee Creek - 1972



- Approximate Site Boundary: Concept 1
- Approximate Site Boundary: Concept 2

Datum: GDA2020 MGA Zone 54  
Author: Chathuri Nisansala  
Date: 16/11/2021 Rev: A

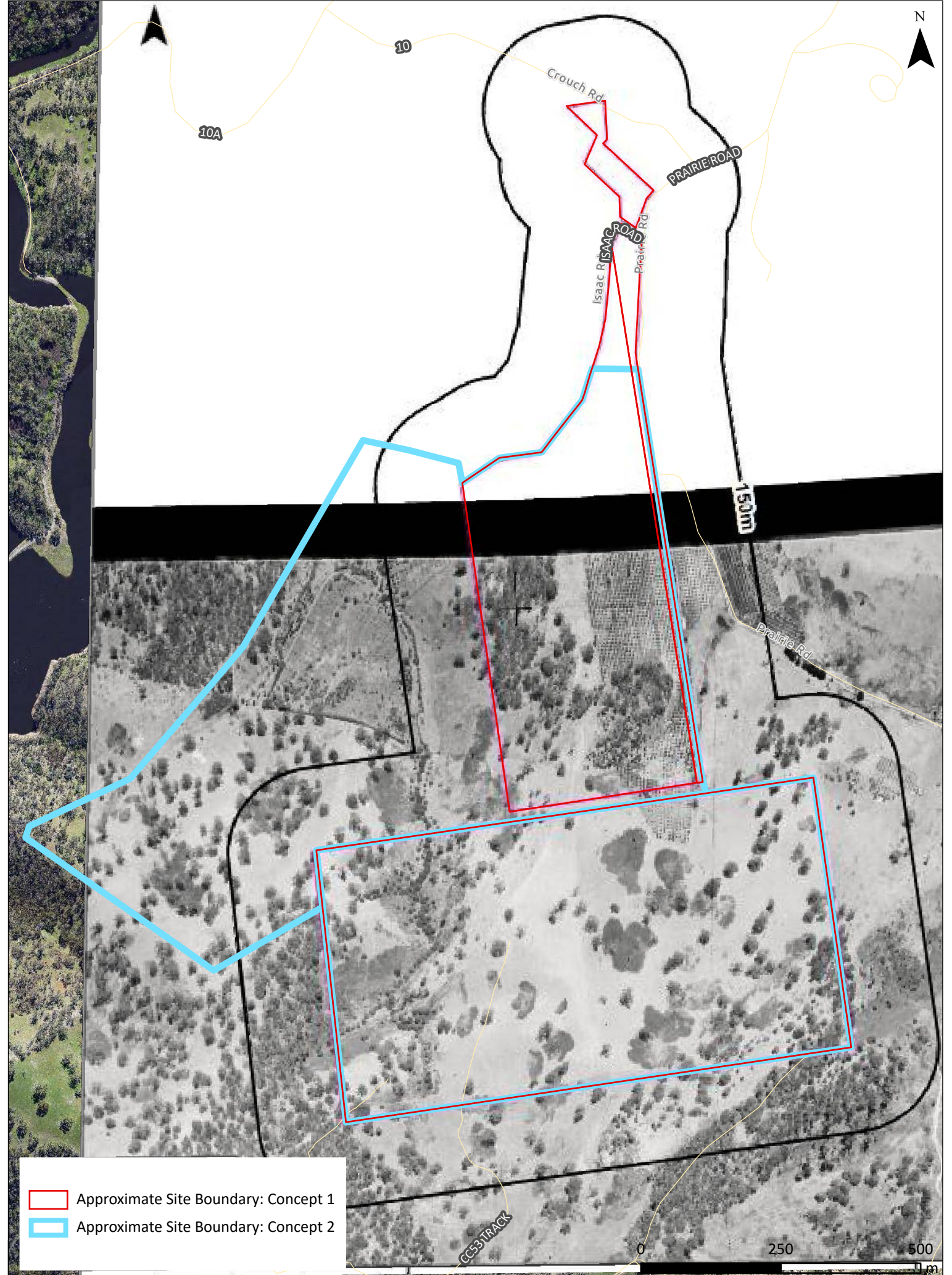
Cuddlee Creek - 1963



- Approximate Site Boundary: Concept 1
- Approximate Site Boundary: Concept 2

Datum: GDA2020 MGA Zone 54  
 Author: Chathuri Nisansala  
 Date: 16/11/2021 Rev: A

Cuddlee Creek - 1949



- Approximate Site Boundary: Concept 1
- Approximate Site Boundary: Concept 2

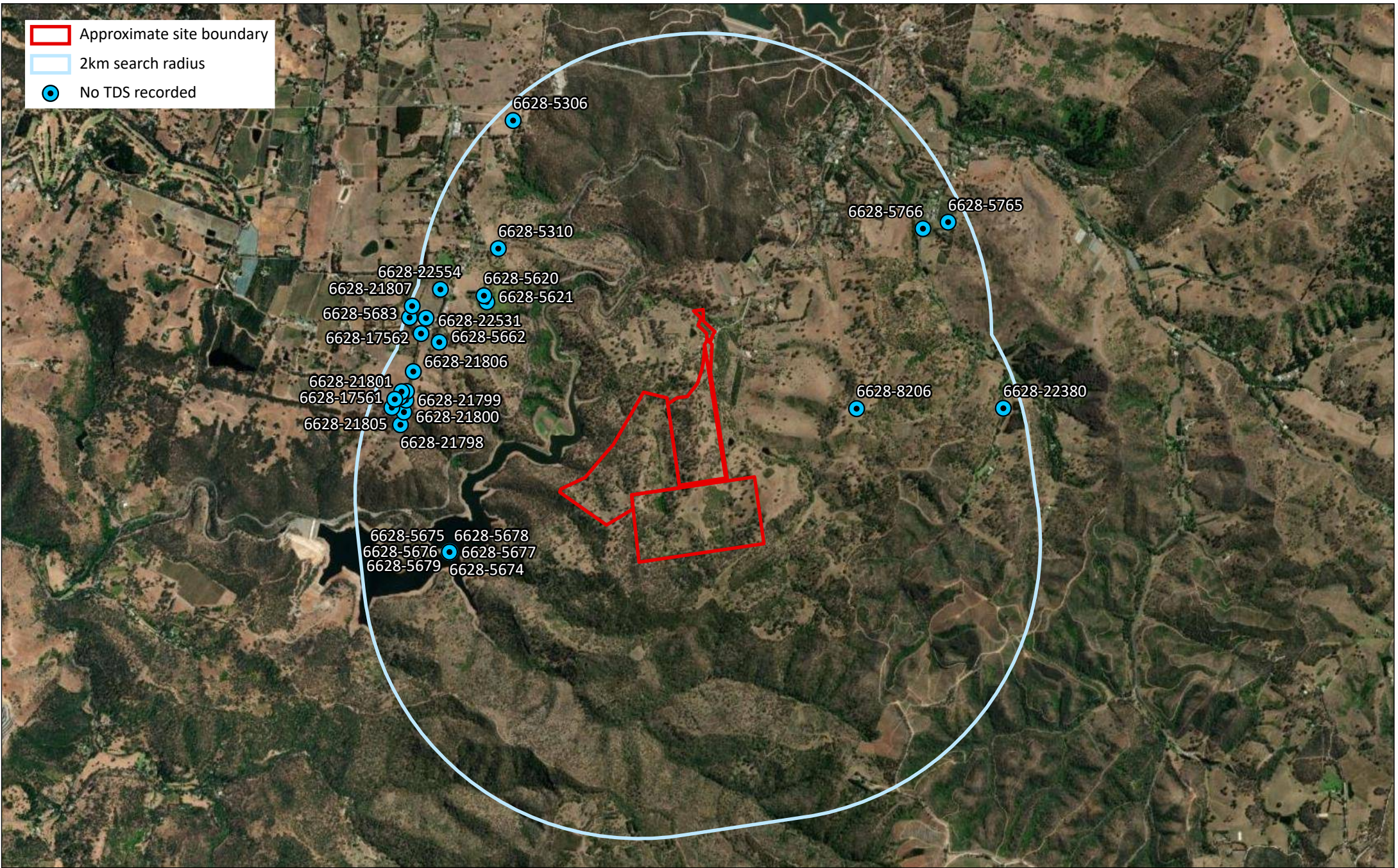
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 Author: Chathuri Nisansala  
 Date: 16/11/2021 Rev: A

Cuddlee Creek - 1949

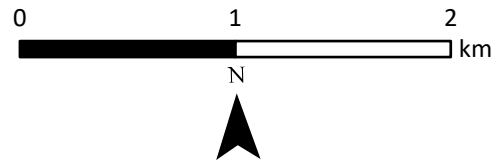
## Appendix F

WaterConnect Maps (Concept 1)

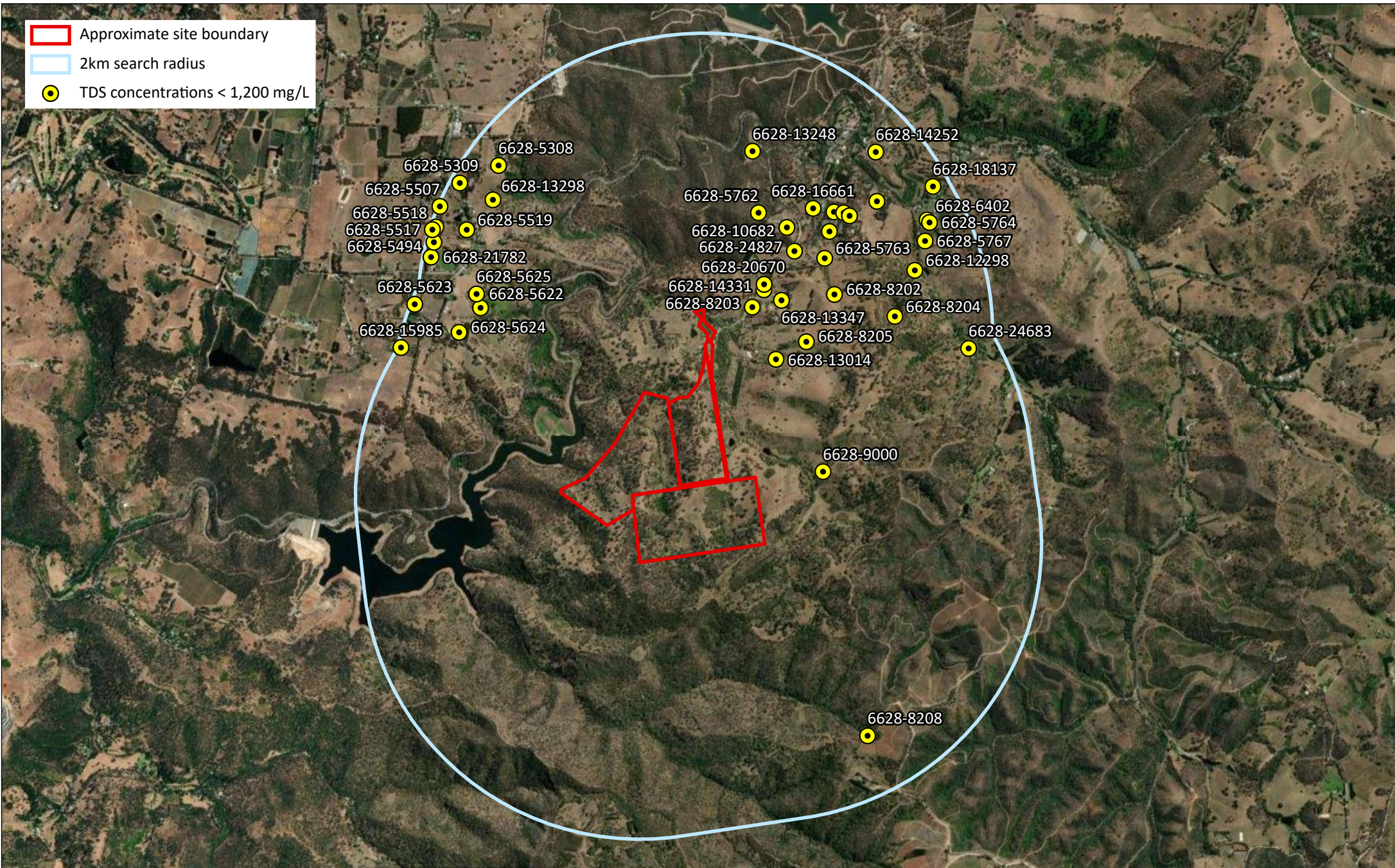
- Approximate site boundary
- 2km search radius
- No TDS recorded



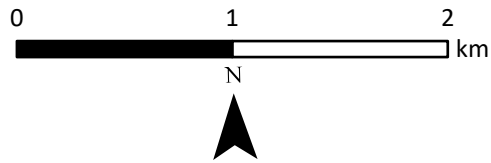
<b>Map 1</b>	<b>WaterConnect Database Search</b>	No. of identified wells: 30
206 Prairie Road Cudlee Creek, SA 5232		Search date: 02/11/21
Drawn: Chathuri Nisansala Date: 16/11/2021	Rev: A	Job number: 21148.01
		Source: WaterConnect



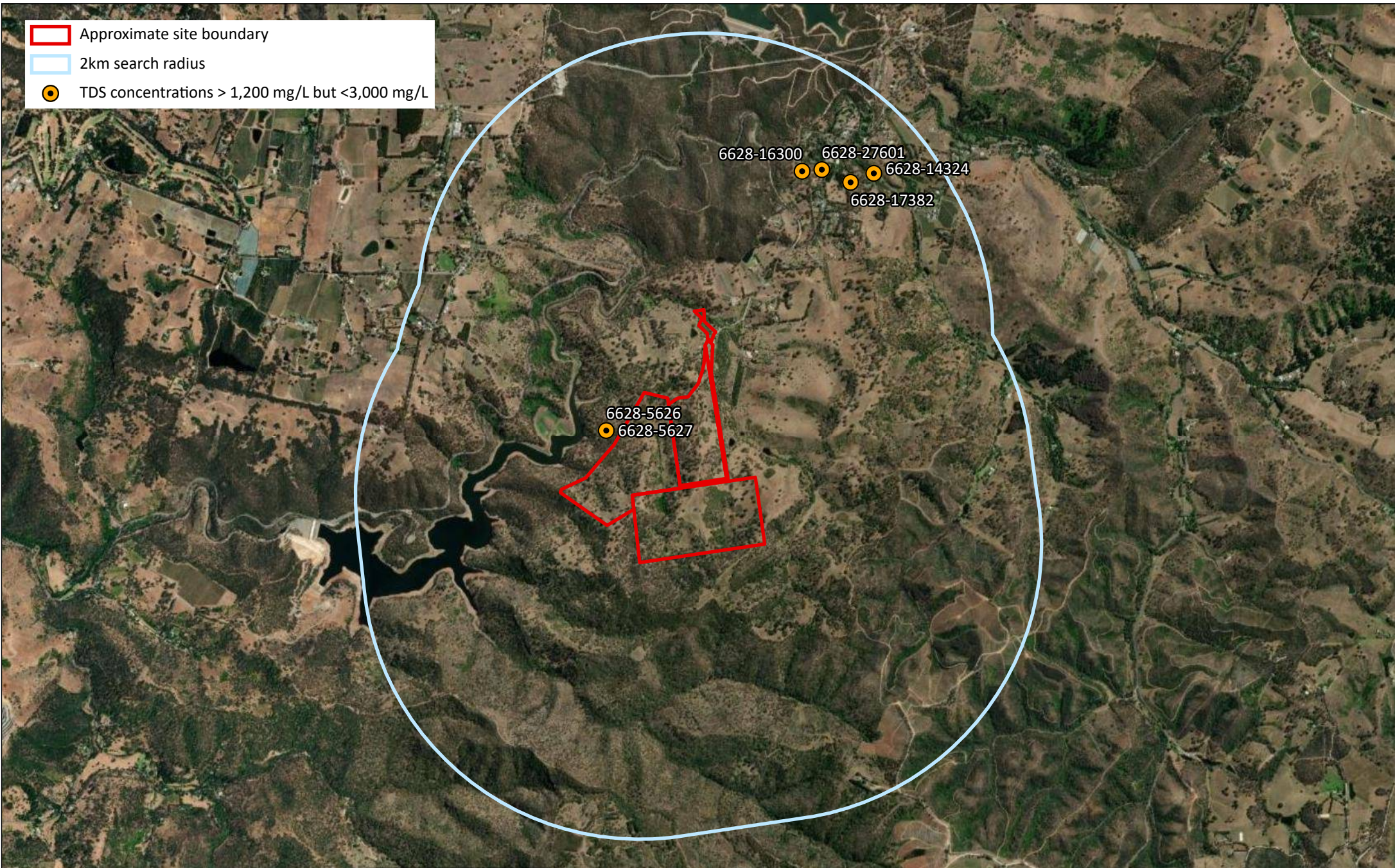
- Approximate site boundary
- 2km search radius
- TDS concentrations < 1,200 mg/L



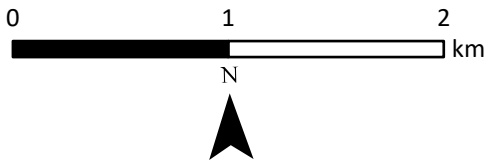
<b>Map 2</b>	<b>WaterConnect Database Search</b>	No. of identified wells: 42
206 Prairie Road Cudlee Creek, SA 5232		Search date: 02/11/21
Drawn: Chathuri Nisansala Date: 16/11/2021	Rev: A	Job number: 21148.01
		Source: WaterConnect



- Approximate site boundary
- 2km search radius
- TDS concentrations > 1,200 mg/L but < 3,000 mg/L

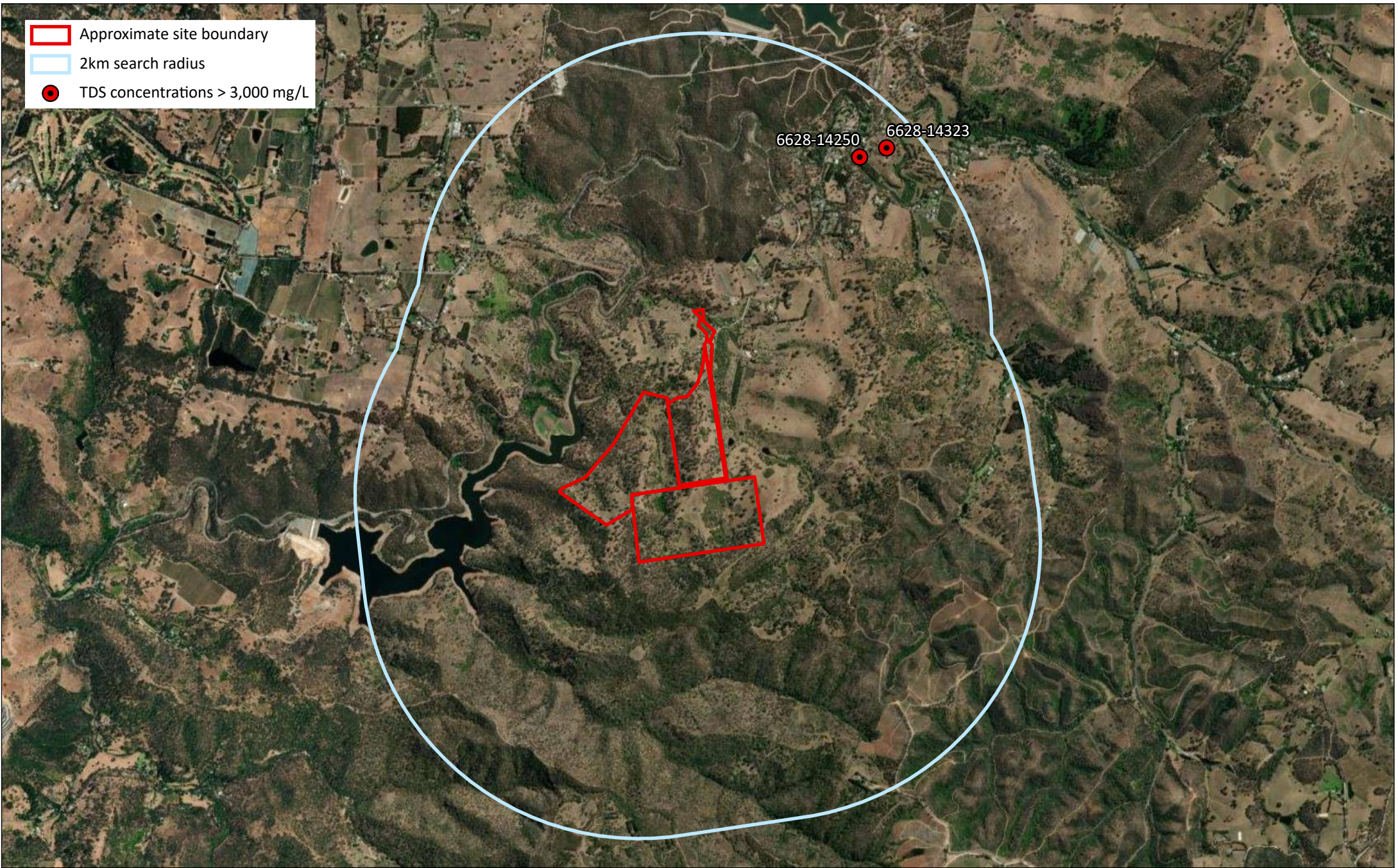


<b>Map 3</b>	<b>WaterConnect Database Search</b>	No. of identified wells: 6
206 Prairie Road Cudlee Creek, SA 5232		Search date: 02/11/21
Drawn: Chathuri Nisansala Date: 16/11/2021	Rev: A	Job number: 21148.01
		Source: WaterConnect





- Approximate site boundary
- 2km search radius
- TDS concentrations > 3,000 mg/L



**Map 4 | WaterConnect Database Search**

206 Prairie Road  
Cudlee Creek, SA 5232

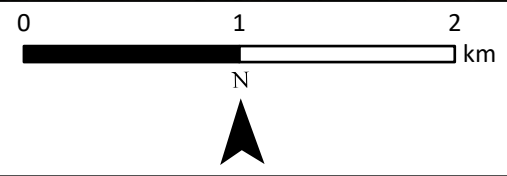
Drawn: Chathuri Nisansala  
Date: 16/11/2021

Rev: A  
Job number:  
21148.01

No. of identified wells: 2

Search date:  
02/11/21

Source:  
WaterConnect



## Appendix G

Site Inspection Photos



Description: View of the car sheds

Photo 1



Description: View of ASTs and bowsers to the north of the car sheds

Photo 2



Description: View of the car shed with an old car

Photo 3



Description: View of the car shed with hay

Photo 4



Description: View of the farmhouse

Photo 5



Description: View of first wooden storage shed

Photo 6



Description: View inside first wooden storage shed

Photo 7



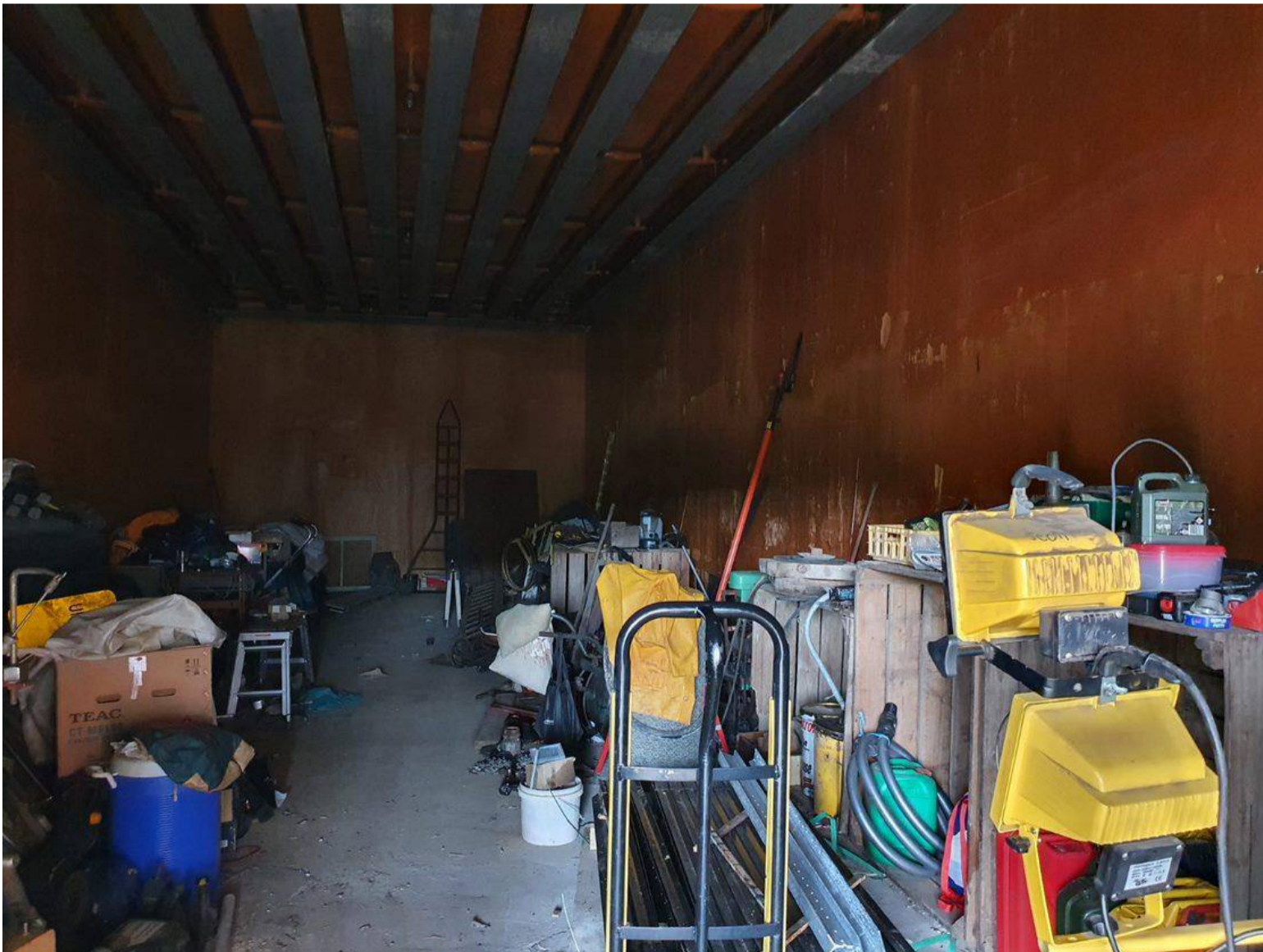
Description: View inside first wooden storage shed

Photo 8



Description: View of storage outside the brick shed

Photo 9



Description: View of storage in eastern room of brick building

Photo 10



Description: View of storage in western room of brick building

Photo 11



Description: View of dilapidates former milking shed

Photo 12





Description: View of outside of wooden storage shed

Photo 13



Description: View of northern side of wooden shed

Photo 14



Description: View of old generator next to wooden storage shed

Photo 15



Description: View of shearing area on southern side of shed

Photo 16



Description: View of sheep pens on southern side of wooden shed

Photo 17



Description: View of pumping equipment in spray shed

Photo 18



Description: View of concrete pad for former tank at the spray shed

Photo 19



Description: View of the southern former orchard area

Photo 20



Description: View of former small quarry area

Photo 21



Description: View of former house (ruins) in western portion of site

Photo 22



Description: View of former underground water tank near the house ruin

Photo 23



Description: View of former shearing shed in western portion

Photo 24



Description: View of terrain in south-western portion of the site

Photo 25



Description: View of terrain in northern portion of site (on the western side of the farmhouse/sheds)

Photo 26



Description: View of terrain in central portion of the site

Photo 27



Description: View of terrain in southern portion of the site

Photo 28



## Appendix H

Site Contamination Declaration Form

## Schedule 2 — Site contamination declaration form

### Site contamination declaration form

Council area:

Adelaide Hills Council

Regarding the land comprised in Certificate(s) of Title Register Book Volume 206 Prairie Road, Cuddlee Creek, Hundred of Talunga, Area of Cuddlee Creek:

- CT 5463/903: closed road F, road plan 81A
- CT 5473/858: allotment 1, filed plan 14366
- CT 5474/178: allotment 2, filed plan 14366
- CT 5474/460: allotment 4, filed plan 14366.
- CT 5442/617: closed road C, road plan 1793
- CT 5546/904: allotment 46, filed plan 130200
- CT 5604/178: allotment pieces 91 and 92, filed plan 216139
- CT 6256/463: section 173
- CT 6256/464: section 6089.

(the **subject land**)

I Joe Pedicini, a site contamination consultant, certify the following details:

#### Part 1—Investigations

(a) I have relied on the following reports to complete this statement: *Environmental Projects 201, Preliminary Site Investigation – Site History, 206 Prairie Road, Cuddlee Creek, South Australia, dated 17 November 2021*

(b) Investigations were conducted in accordance with the *National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure 1999*. (ASC NEPM)

#### Part 3—Site contamination exists or may exist\*

(a) site contamination exists or may exist on or below the surface of the land as a result of a class 1 activity (including where a class 1 activity exists or previously existed on adjacent land), class 2 activity, class 3 activity (see the *State Planning Commission Practice Direction 14 (Site Contamination Assessment)*), or notification of site contamination of underground water (as shown on the South Australian Property and Planning Atlas) including where such a notification exists on adjacent land;

(b) the site contamination originated or is likely to have originated—

(i) on the subject land\*—

(A) as a result of the following activities carried on there

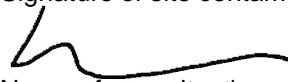
- *agricultural activities (burial of animals or parts of animals) (class 2)*
- *animal dips or spray race facilities (class 2)*
- *agricultural activities (class 3).*

#### Part 4—Observations\*

Date

17/11/2021

Signature of site contamination consultant / site contamination auditor



Name of consultant's or auditor's company or business  
Environmental Projects

\* *Delete whichever is not applicable*

**Note 1**—Investigations found the existence of ‘fill or soil importation’ on-site (i.e. importation, to a premises of a business, of soil or other fill originating from a site at which another potentially contaminating activity has taken place pursuant Schedule 3 of the *Environment Protection Regulations 2009*). Fill or soil importation is not a potentially contaminating activity for the purposes of the *State Planning Commission Practice Direction: (Site Contamination Assessment)*, but remains a potentially contaminating activity under the *Environment Protection Regulations 2009*. The EPA’s Industry Guideline on ‘*Construction environmental management plans (CEMP)*’ provides assistance on meeting the obligations of the *Environment Protection Act 1993*. \*

**Note 2**—It is an offence to provide false or misleading information on this Form. Maximum penalty: \$20 000 pursuant to section 217 of the *Planning, Development and Infrastructure Act 2016*

## Melanie Scott

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**From:** Kylie Caruso  
**Sent:** Wednesday, 30 March 2022 11:15 AM  
**To:** Melanie Scott  
**Subject:** RE: Road Reserves

Hi Melanie

Further to our discussion yesterday.....

On the proposed new plan:

Allotment 33 – was previously CT 5463/903 – this was a closed road, which was closed on 27/4/1882. It was purchased by William Redden on 2/10/1882 for fifteen pounds.

Lot C – R1793 – now CT 5442/617 this was also a closed road, which was closed on 10/11/1931. It was purchased by William Redden on 2/10/1882 for fourteen pounds ten shillings.

I hope this helps – please give me a call if you want to go over anything further.

Thanks

**Kylie Caruso**  
**Roads Officer - Property Services**  
**Workdays: Monday to Thursday**  
Ext. 517

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**From:** Melanie Scott <[msscott@ahc.sa.gov.au](mailto:msscott@ahc.sa.gov.au)>  
**Sent:** Tuesday, 29 March 2022 3:26 PM  
**To:** Kylie Caruso <[kcaruso@ahc.sa.gov.au](mailto:kcaruso@ahc.sa.gov.au)>  
**Subject:** Road Reserves

Hi Kylie

Prairie Road Cudlee Creek application 21041304 have some very challenging boundary realignments which include some weird road reserves, anything you have on the history of them would be great. !

thanks

**Melanie Scott**  
**Senior Statutory Planner**  
**Does not work Wednesdays**  
p 08 8408 0560  
e [msscott@ahc.sa.gov.au](mailto:msscott@ahc.sa.gov.au)

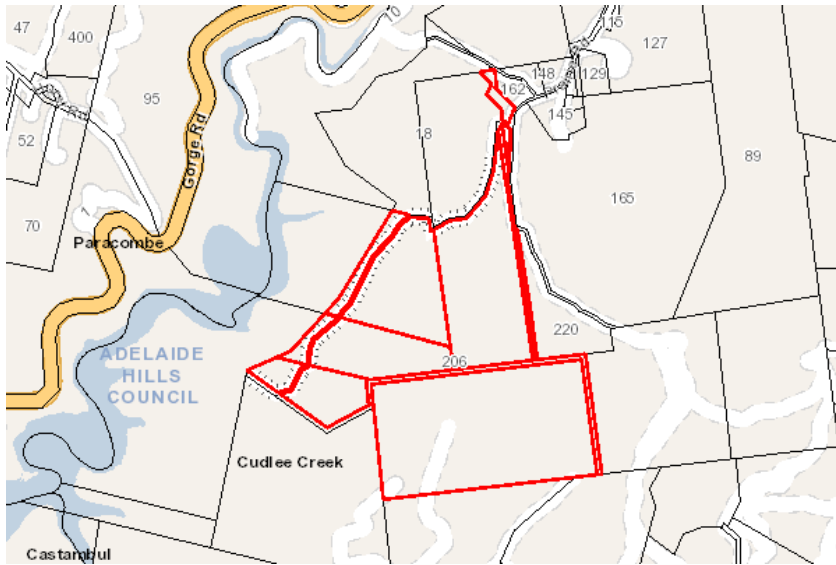
Visit me by appointment at: 24 Onkaparinga Valley Road, Woodside SA 5244  
PO Box 44 Woodside SA 5244

**206 PRAIRIE RD CUDLEE CREEK SA 5232**

**Address:**

Click to view a detailed interactive [SAILIS](#) in SAILIS

To view a detailed interactive property map in SAPPA click on the map below



**Property Zoning Details**

**Overlay**

- Environment and Food Production Area
- Hazards (Bushfire - High Risk)
- Hazards (Flooding - Evidence Required)
- Limited Land Division
- Mount Lofty Ranges Water Supply Catchment (Area 2)
- Native Vegetation
- Prescribed Water Resources Area
- Water Resources

**Zone**

Productive Rural Landscape

**Development Pathways**

■ Productive Rural Landscape

1. Accepted Development

Means that the development type does not require planning consent (planning approval). Please ensure compliance with relevant land use and development controls in the Code.

- None

2. Code Assessed - Deemed to Satisfy

Means that the development type requires consent (planning approval). Please ensure compliance with relevant land use and development controls in the Code.

- Advertisement
- Agricultural building

3. Code Assessed - Performance Assessed

Performance Assessed development types listed below are those for which the Code identifies relevant policies. Additional development types that are not listed as Accepted, Deemed to Satisfy or Restricted default to a Performance assessed Pathway. Please contact your local council for more information.

- None

4. Impact Assessed - Restricted

Means that the development type requires approval. Classes of development that are classified as Restricted are listed in Table 4 of the relevant Zones.

Property Policy Information for above selection

## Part 2 - Zones and Sub Zones

### Productive Rural Landscape Zone

#### Assessment Provisions (AP)

Desired Outcome	
DO 1	A diverse range of land uses at an appropriate scale and intensity that capitalise on the region's proximity to the metropolitan area and the tourist and lifestyle opportunities this presents while also conserving the natural and rural character, identity, biodiversity and sensitive environmental areas and scenic qualities of the landscape.
DO 2	A zone that promotes agriculture, horticulture, value adding opportunities, farm gate businesses, the sale and consumption of agricultural based products, tourist development and accommodation that expands the economic base and promotes its regional identity.
DO 3	Create local conditions that support new and continuing investment while seeking to promote co-existence with adjoining activities and mitigate land use conflicts.

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed to Satisfy (DTS) / Designated Performance Feature (DPF) Criteria

Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature
Land Use and Intensity	
<p>PO 1.1</p> <p>The productive value of rural land for a range of primary production and horticultural activities and associated value adding of primary produce (such as beverage production), retailing and tourism is supported, protected and maintained. The proliferation of land uses that may be sensitive to those activities is avoided.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.1</p> <p>Development comprises one or more of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) Advertisement</li> <li>(b) Agricultural building</li> <li>(c) Brewery</li> <li>(d) Carport</li> <li>(e) Cidery</li> <li>(f) Distillery</li> <li>(g) Dwelling</li> <li>(h) Dwelling addition</li> <li>(i) Farming</li> <li>(j) Function centre</li> </ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(k) Horse keeping</li> <li>(l) Horticulture</li> <li>(m) Industry</li> <li>(n) Low intensity animal husbandry</li> <li>(o) Outbuilding</li> <li>(p) Shop</li> <li>(q) Small-scale ground mounted solar power facility</li> <li>(r) Tourist accommodation</li> <li>(s) Transport distribution</li> <li>(t) Verandah</li> <li>(u) Warehouse</li> <li>(v) Winery</li> <li>(w) Workers' accommodation</li> </ul>
Siting and Design	
PO 2.1 Development is provided with suitable vehicle access.	DTS/DPF 2.1 Development is serviced by an all-weather trafficable public road.
PO 2.2 Buildings are generally located on flat land to minimise cut and fill and the associated visual impacts.	DTS/DPF 2.2 Buildings: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are located on a site with a slope not greater than 10% (1-in-10)</li> <li>(b) do not result excavation and/or filling of land that is greater than 1.5m from natural ground level.</li> </ul>
Horticulture	
PO 3.1 Horticulture is located and conducted on land that has the physical capability of supporting the activity and in a manner that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) enhances the productivity of the land for the growing of food and produce in a sustainable manner</li> <li>(b) avoids adverse interface conflicts with other land uses</li> <li>(c) utilises sound environmental practices to mitigate negative impacts on natural resources and water quality</li> <li>(d) is sympathetic to surrounding rural landscape character and amenity, where horticulture is proposed to be carried out in an enclosed building such as such as a greenhouse.</li> </ul>	DTS/DPF 3.1 Horticultural activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are conducted on an allotment with an area of at least 1ha</li> <li>(b) are sited on land with a slope not greater than 10% (1-in-10)</li> <li>(c) are not conducted within 50m of a watercourse or native vegetation</li> <li>(d) are not conducted within 100m of a sensitive receiver in other ownership</li> <li>(e) provide for a headland area between plantings and property boundaries of at least 10m in width</li> <li>(f) where carried out in an enclosed building such as a greenhouse, the building has a total floor area not greater than 250m<sup>2</sup></li> <li>(g) in the form of olive growing, is not located within 500m of a conservation or national park.</li> </ul>
Rural Industry	
PO 4.1 Small-scale industry (including beverage production and washing, processing, bottling and packaging activities), storage, warehousing, produce grading and packing, transport distribution or similar activities provide opportunities for diversification and value adding to locally sourced primary production activities.	DTS/DPF 4.1 Industries, storage, warehousing, produce grading and packing and transport distribution activities and similar activities (or any combination thereof): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are directly related and ancillary to a primary production use on the same or adjoining allotment</li> </ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(b) are located on an allotment not less than 2ha in area</li> <li>(c) have a total floor area not exceeding 350m<sup>2</sup>.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 4.2</p> <p>Expansion of established small-scale or new large scale industry (including beverage production and washing, processing, bottling and packaging activities), storage, warehousing, produce grading and packing, transport distribution or similar activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are commensurate with the allotment on which it is situated to mitigate adverse impacts on the amenity of land in other ownership and the character of locality</li> <li>(b) realise efficiencies in primary production related storage, sorting, packaging, manufacturing and the like</li> <li>(c) primarily involve primary production commodities sourced from the same allotment and/or surrounding rural areas.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 4.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 4.3</p> <p>Industry, storage, warehousing, transport distribution or similar activities are sited, designed and of a scale that maintains rural function and character in a manner that respects landscape amenity.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 4.3</p> <p>Buildings and associated activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are setback at least 50m from all road and allotment boundaries</li> <li>(b) are not sited within 100m of a sensitive receiver in other ownership</li> <li>(c) have a building height not greater than 10m above natural ground level</li> <li>(d) incorporate the loading and unloading of vehicles within the confines of the allotment.</li> </ul>
Dwellings	
<p>PO 5.1</p> <p>Dwellings provide a convenient base for landowners to conduct and manage commercial scale primary production and related value adding activities without compromising the use of the allotment, adjacent land or long term purpose of the zone for primary production or related tourism values due to a proliferation of dwellings.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 5.1</p> <p>Dwellings:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are located on an allotment with an area not less than:</li> <li>(b) are located on an allotment used for and is ancillary to primary production and/or primary production related value-adding activities</li> <li>(c) will not result in more than one dwelling on an allotment.</li> </ul> <p>In relation to DTS/DPF 5.1, in instances where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(d) more than one value is returned, refer to the <i>Minimum Dwelling Allotment Size Technical and Numeric Variation</i> layer in the SA planning database to determine the applicable value relevant to the site of the proposed development</li> <li>(e) no value is returned for DTS/DPF 5.1(a) (ie there is a blank field), then there is no minimum dwelling allotment size applicable and DTS/DPF 5.1(a) is met.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 5.2</p> <p>Dwelling are sited, designed and of a scale that maintains a pleasant natural and rural character and amenity.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 5.2</p> <p>Dwellings:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are setback from all allotment boundaries by at least 40m</li> </ul>



	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(b) do not exceed 2 building levels and 9m measured from the top of the footings</li> <li>(c) have a wall height no greater than 6m.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 5.3</p> <p>Development resulting in more than one dwelling on an allotment supports ageing in place for the owner of the allotment or multi-generational management of farms in a manner that minimises the potential loss of land available for primary production.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 5.3</p> <p>Dwelling that will result in more than one dwelling on an allotment where all the following are satisfied:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) it is located within 20m of an existing dwelling</li> <li>(b) share the same utilities of the existing dwelling</li> <li>(c) will use the same access point from a public road as the existing dwelling</li> <li>(d) it is located on an allotment not less than 40ha in area</li> <li>(e) will not result in more than two dwellings on an allotment.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 5.4</p> <p>Dwelling additions are sited, designed and of a scale that maintains a pleasant rural character and amenity.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 5.4</p> <p>Additions or alterations to an existing dwelling:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are setback behind the main façade of the existing dwelling</li> <li>(b) do not exceed 2 building levels and 9m measured from the top of the footings</li> <li>(c) have a wall height that is no greater than 6m from the top of the footings.</li> </ul>
<p>Shops, Tourism and Function Centres</p>	
<p>PO 6.1</p> <p>Shops are associated with an existing primary production or primary production related value adding industry to support diversification of employment, provide services to visitors and showcase local and regional products.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 6.1</p> <p>Shops, other than where located in The Cedars Subzone:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are ancillary to and located on the same allotment or adjoining allotment used for primary production or primary production related value adding industries</li> <li>(b) offer for sale or consumption produce or goods that are primarily sourced, produced or manufactured on the same allotment or adjoining allotments</li> <li>(c) have a gross leasable floor area not exceeding 100m<sup>2</sup> or 250m<sup>2</sup> in the case of a cellar door</li> <li>(d) have an area for the display of produce or goods external to a building not exceeding 25m<sup>2</sup></li> <li>(e) do not result in more than 75 seats for customer dining purposes in a restaurant.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 6.2</p> <p>Shops that are proposed in new buildings are sited, designed and of a scale that maintains a pleasant rural character and amenity.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 6.2</p> <p>Shops in new buildings:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are setback from all property boundaries by at least 20m</li> <li>(b) are not sited within 100m of a sensitive receiver in other ownership</li> <li>(c) have a building height that does not exceed 9m above natural ground level.</li> </ul>

<p>PO 6.3</p> <p>Tourist accommodation is associated with the primary use of the land for primary production or primary production related value adding industry to enhance and provide authentic visitor experiences.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 6.3</p> <p>Tourist accommodation, other than where located in The Cedars Subzone:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) is ancillary to and located on the same allotment or an adjoining allotment used for primary production or primary production related value adding industry</li> <li>(b) in relation to the area used for accommodation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) where in a new building, does not exceed a total floor area of 100m<sup>2</sup></li> <li>(ii) where in an existing building, does not exceed 150m<sup>2</sup></li> </ul> </li> <li>(c) does not result in more than one facility being located on the same allotment.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 6.4</p> <p>Tourist accommodation proposed in a new building or buildings are sited, designed and of a scale that maintains a pleasant rural character and amenity.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 6.4</p> <p>Tourist accommodation in new buildings:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) is setback from all property boundaries by at least 40m</li> <li>(b) has a building height that does not exceed 7m above natural ground level.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 6.5</p> <p>Function centres are associated with the primary use of the land for primary production or primary production related value adding industry.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 6.5</p> <p>Function centres, other than where located in The Cedars Subzone:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are ancillary to and located on the same allotment or an adjoining allotment used for primary production or primary production related value adding industry</li> <li>(b) do not exceed a capacity of 75 persons for customer dining purposes.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 6.6</p> <p>Function centres are sited, designed and of a scale that maintains a pleasant natural and rural character and amenity.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 6.6</p> <p>Function centres:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are located on an allotment having an area of at least 5ha</li> <li>(b) are setback from all property boundaries by at least 40m</li> <li>(c) are not sited within 100m of a sensitive receiver in other ownership</li> <li>(d) have a building height that does not exceed 9m above natural ground level.</li> </ul>
<p>Offices</p>	
<p>PO 7.1</p> <p>Offices are directly related to and associated with the primary use of the land for primary production or primary production related value adding industry.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 7.1</p> <p>Offices, other than where located in The Cedars Subzone:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are ancillary to and located on the same allotment or an adjoining allotment used for primary production or primary production related value adding industry</li> <li>(b) have a gross leasable floor area not exceeding 100m<sup>2</sup>.</li> </ul>
<p>Adaptive Reuse of Existing Buildings</p>	

<p>PO 8.1</p> <p>Adaptive reuse of existing buildings for small-scale shops, offices, tourist accommodation or ancillary rural activities.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 8.1</p> <p>Development within an existing building is for any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) a shop</li> <li>(b) office</li> <li>(c) tourist accommodation.</li> </ul>
<p>Workers' accommodation</p>	
<p>PO 9.1</p> <p>Workers' accommodation provides short-term accommodation for persons temporarily engaged in the production, management or processing of primary produce.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 9.1</p> <p>Workers' accommodation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) is developed on a site at least 2ha in area</li> <li>(b) has a total floor area not exceeding 250m<sup>2</sup></li> <li>(c) is in the form of a single building or part of a cluster of buildings that are physically connected</li> <li>(d) amenities accommodate not more than 20 persons at any one time</li> <li>(e) is setback at least 50m from a road boundary</li> <li>(f) is setback at least 40m from a side or rear allotment boundary</li> <li>(g) is located within 20m of an existing dwelling on the same allotment</li> <li>(h) does not result in more than one facility being located on the same allotment.</li> </ul>
<p>Renewable Energy Facilities</p>	
<p>PO 10.1</p> <p>Renewable energy facilities and ancillary development minimises significant fragmentation or displacement of existing primary production.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 10.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 10.2</p> <p>Small-scale ground mounted solar power facilities support rural production or value-adding industries.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 10.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>Built Form and Character</p>	
<p>PO 11.1</p> <p>Large buildings designed and sited to reduce impacts on scenic and rural vistas by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) having substantial setbacks from boundaries and adjacent public roads</li> <li>(b) using low reflective materials and finishes that blend with the surrounding landscape</li> <li>(c) being located below ridgelines.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 11.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>Land Division</p>	
<p>PO 12.1</p> <p>Land division creating additional allotments is not supported other than where located in The Cedars Subzone to support tourist development.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 12.1</p> <p>Except where the land division is proposed in The Cedars Subzone, no additional allotments are created.</p>

<p>PO 12.2</p> <p>Allotment boundaries, including by realignment, are positioned to incorporate sufficient space around existing residential, tourist accommodation and other habitable buildings (including boarding houses, hostels, dormitory style accommodation, student accommodation and workers' accommodation) to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) maintain a pleasant rural character and amenity for occupants</li> <li>(b) manage vegetation within the same allotment to mitigate bushfire hazard.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 12.2</p> <p>Allotment boundaries are located no closer to an existing residential, tourist accommodation or other habitable building than the greater of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) 40m</li> <li>(b) the distance required to accommodate an asset protection zone wholly within the relevant allotment.</li> </ul>
<p>Agricultural Buildings</p>	
<p>PO 13.1</p> <p>Agricultural buildings and associated activities are sited, designed and of a scale that maintains a pleasant rural character and function.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 13.1</p> <p>Agricultural buildings:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are located on an allotment having an area of at least 2ha</li> <li>(b) are setback at least 40m from an allotment boundary</li> <li>(c) have a building height not exceeding 10m above natural ground level</li> <li>(d) do not exceed 350m<sup>2</sup> in total floor area</li> <li>(e) incorporate the loading and unloading of vehicles within the confines of the allotment.</li> </ul>
<p>Outbuildings, Carports and Verandahs</p>	
<p>PO 14.1</p> <p>Outbuildings are sited, designed and of a scale that maintain a pleasant natural and rural character and amenity.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 14.1</p> <p>Outbuildings:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) have a primary street setback that is at least as far back as the building to which it is ancillary</li> <li>(b) have a combined total floor area that does not exceed 100m<sup>2</sup></li> <li>(c) have walls that do not exceed 5m in height measured from natural ground level not including a gable end</li> <li>(d) have a total roof height that does not exceed 6m measured from natural ground level</li> <li>(e) if clad in sheet metal, it is pre-colour treated or painted in a non-reflective colour</li> <li>(f) will not result in more than 2 outbuildings on the same allotment.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 14.2</p> <p>Carports and verandahs are sited, designed and of a scale to maintain a pleasant natural and rural character and amenity.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 14.2</p> <p>Carports and verandahs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are set back from the primary street at least as far back as the building to which it is ancillary</li> <li>(b) have a total floor area that does not exceed 80m<sup>2</sup></li> <li>(c) have a post height that does not exceed 3m measured from natural ground level (not including a gable end)</li> <li>(d) have a total roof height that does not exceed 5m measured from natural ground level</li> <li>(e) if clad in sheet metal, the cladding is pre-colour treated or painted in a non-reflective colour.</li> </ul>
<p>Concept Plans</p>	

<p>PO 15.1</p> <p>Development is compatible with the outcomes sought by any relevant Concept Plan contained within Part 12 - Concept Plans of the Planning and Design Code to support the orderly development of land through staging of development and provision of infrastructure.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 15.1</p> <p>The site of the development is wholly located outside any relevant Concept Plan boundary. The following Concept Plans are relevant:</p> <p>In relation to DTS/DPF 15.1, in instances where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) one or more Concept Plan is returned, refer to Part 12 - Concept Plans in the Planning and Design Code to determine if a Concept Plan is relevant to the site of the proposed development. Note: multiple concept plans may be relevant.</li> <li>(b) in instances where 'no value' is returned, there is no relevant concept plan and DTS/DPF 15.1 is met.</li> </ul>
<p>Advertisements</p>	
<p>PO 16.1</p> <p>Freestanding advertisements that identify the associated business without creating a visually dominant element within the locality.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 16.1</p> <p>Freestanding advertisements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) do not exceed 2m in height</li> <li>(b) do not have a sign face that exceeds 2m<sup>2</sup> per side.</li> </ul>

**Table 5 - Procedural Matters (PM) - Notification**

The following table identifies, pursuant to section 107(6) of the *Planning, Development and Infrastructure Act 2016*, classes of performance assessed development that are excluded from notification. The table also identifies any exemptions to the placement of notices when notification is required.

**Interpretation**

A class of development listed in Column A is excluded from notification provided that it does not fall within a corresponding exclusion prescribed in Column B. In instances where development falls within multiple classes within Column A, each clause is to be read independently such that if a development is excluded from notification by any clause, it is, for the purposes of notification excluded irrespective of any other clause.

<p><b>Class of Development</b> <b>(Column A)</b></p>	<p><b>Exceptions</b> <b>(Column B)</b></p>
<p>1. A kind of development which, in the opinion of the relevant authority, is of a minor nature only and will not unreasonably impact on the owners or occupiers of land in the locality of the site of the development.</p>	<p>None specified.</p>
<p>2. Any development involving any of the following (or of any combination of any of the following):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) advertisement</li> <li>(b) agricultural building</li> <li>(c) air handling unit, air conditioning system or exhaust fan</li> <li>(d) ancillary accommodation</li> <li>(e) building work on railway land</li> <li>(f) carport</li> <li>(g) demolition</li> <li>(h) dwelling</li> </ul>	<p>None specified.</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) dwelling addition</li> <li>(j) farming</li> <li>(k) horse keeping</li> <li>(l) internal building work</li> <li>(m) land division</li> <li>(n) outbuilding</li> <li>(o) private bushfire shelter</li> <li>(p) protective tree netting structure</li> <li>(q) replacement building</li> <li>(r) retaining wall</li> <li>(s) solar photovoltaic panels (roof mounted)</li> <li>(t) shade sail</li> <li>(u) swimming pool or spa pool</li> <li>(v) temporary accommodation in an area affected by bushfire</li> <li>(w) tree damaging activity</li> <li>(x) verandah</li> <li>(y) water tank.</li> </ul>	
<p>3. Any development involving any of the following (or of any combination of any of the following):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) industry</li> <li>(b) store</li> <li>(c) warehouse.</li> </ul>	<p>Except development that does not satisfy any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Productive Rural Landscape Zone DTS/DPF 4.1</li> <li>2. Productive Rural Landscape Zone DTS/DPF 4.3.</li> </ul>
<p>4. Demolition.</p>	<p>Except any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. the demolition of a State or Local Heritage Place</li> <li>2. the demolition of a building (except an ancillary building) in a Historic Area Overlay.</li> </ul>
<p>5. Function centre within The Cedars Subzone.</p>	<p>None specified.</p>
<p>6. Function centre.</p>	<p>Except function centre that does not satisfy Productive Rural Landscape Zone DTS/DPF 6.6.</p>
<p>7. Horticulture.</p>	<p>Except horticulture that does not satisfy any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Productive Rural Landscape Zone DTS/DPF 3.1(d)</li> <li>2. Productive Rural Landscape Zone DTS/DPF 3.1(e).</li> </ul>
<p>8. Shop within The Cedars Subzone.</p>	<p>None specified.</p>
<p>9. Shop.</p>	<p>Except shop that does not satisfy any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Productive Rural Landscape Zone DTS/DPF 6.1</li> <li>2. Productive Rural Landscape Zone DTS/DPF 6.2.</li> </ul>
<p>10. Tourist accommodation within The Cedars Subzone.</p>	<p>None specified.</p>

11. Tourist accommodation.	Except tourist accommodation that does not to satisfy any of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Productive Rural Landscape Zone DTS/DPF 6.3</li> <li>2. Productive Rural Landscape Zone DTS/DPF 6.4.</li> </ul>
<b>Placement of Notices - Exemptions for Performance Assessed Development</b>	
None specified.	
<b>Placement of Notices - Exemptions for Restricted Development</b>	
None specified.	

## Part 3 - Overlays

### Environment and Food Production Areas Overlay

#### Assessment Provisions (AP)

<b>Desired Outcome</b>	
DO 1	Protection of valuable rural, landscape, environmental and food production areas from urban encroachment.

<b>Performance Outcome</b>	<b>Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature</b>
PO 1.1 Land division undertaken in accordance with Section 7 of the <i>Planning, Development and Infrastructure Act 2016</i> .	DTS/DPF 1.1 None are applicable.

#### Procedural Matters (PM)

The following table identifies classes of development / activities that require referral in this Overlay and the applicable referral body. It sets out the purpose of the referral as well as the relevant statutory reference from Schedule 9 of the Planning, Development and Infrastructure (General) Regulations 2017.

<b>Class of Development / Activity</b>	<b>Referral Body</b>	<b>Purpose of Referral</b>	<b>Statutory Reference</b>
None	None	None	None

### Hazards (Bushfire - High Risk) Overlay

**Assessment Provisions (AP)**

<b>Desired Outcome</b>	
DO 1	<p>Development, including land division is sited and designed to minimise the threat and impact of bushfires on life and property with regard to the following risks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) potential for uncontrolled bushfire events taking into account the increased frequency and intensity of bushfires as a result of climate change</li> <li>(b) high levels and exposure to ember attack</li> <li>(c) impact from burning debris</li> <li>(d) radiant heat</li> <li>(e) likelihood and direct exposure to flames from a fire front.</li> </ul>
DO 2	<p>Activities that increase the number of people living and working in the area or where evacuation would be difficult is sited away from areas of unacceptable bushfire risk.</p>
DO 3	<p>To facilitate access for emergency service vehicles to aid the protection of lives and assets from bushfire danger.</p>

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Criteria / Designated Performance Feature (DPF)

<b>Performance Outcome</b>	<b>Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature</b>
Land Use	
<p>PO 1.1</p> <p>Development that significantly increases the potential for fire outbreak as a result of the spontaneous combustion of materials, spark generation or through the magnification and reflection of light is not located in areas of unacceptable bushfire risk.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 1.2</p> <p>Pre-schools, educational establishments, hospitals, retirement and supported accommodation are sited away from areas of unacceptable bushfire risk and locations that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are remote from or require extended periods of travel to reach safer locations</li> <li>(b) don't have a safe path of travel to safer locations.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
Siting	
<p>PO 2.1</p> <p>Buildings and structures are located away from areas that pose an unacceptable bushfire risk as a result of vegetation cover and type, and terrain.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>



Built Form	
<p>PO 3.1</p> <p>Buildings and structures are designed and configured to reduce the impact of bushfire through using designs that reduce the potential for trapping burning debris against or underneath the building or structure, or between the ground and building floor level in the case of transportable buildings and buildings on stilts.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 3.2</p> <p>Extensions to buildings, outbuildings and other ancillary structures are sited and constructed using materials to minimise the threat of fire spread to residential and tourist accommodation (including boarding houses, hostels, dormitory style accommodation, student accommodation and Workers' accommodation) in the event of bushfire.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.2</p> <p>Outbuildings and other ancillary structures are sited no closer than 6m from the habitable building.</p>
Habitable Buildings	
<p>PO 4.1</p> <p>To minimise the threat, impact and potential exposure to bushfires on life and property, residential and tourist accommodation and habitable buildings for vulnerable communities (including boarding houses, hostels, dormitory style accommodation, student accommodation and workers' accommodation) is sited on the flatter portion of allotments away from steep slopes.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 4.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 4.2</p> <p>Residential and tourist accommodation and habitable buildings for vulnerable communities (including boarding houses, hostels, dormitory style accommodation, student accommodation and workers' accommodation) is sited away from vegetated areas that pose an unacceptable bushfire risk.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 4.2</p> <p>Residential and tourist accommodation and habitable buildings for vulnerable communities are provided with asset protection zone(s) in accordance with (a) and (b):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) the asset protection zone has a minimum width of at least: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) 50 metres to unmanaged grasslands</li> <li>(ii) 100 metres to hazardous bushland vegetation</li> </ul> </li> <li>(b) the asset protection zone is contained wholly within the allotment of the development.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 4.3</p> <p>Residential and tourist accommodation and habitable buildings for vulnerable communities (including boarding houses, hostels, dormitory style accommodation, student accommodation and workers' accommodation) has a dedicated area available that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) is capable of accommodating a bushfire protection system comprising firefighting equipment and water supply in accordance with <i>Ministerial Building Standard MBS 008 - Designated bushfire prone areas - additional requirements</i></li> <li>(b) includes the provision of an all-weather hardstand area in a location that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) allows fire-fighting vehicles to safely access the dedicated water supply and exit the site in a forward direction</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 4.3</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>

<p>(ii) is no further than 6 metres from the dedicated water supply outlet(s) where required.</p>	
<p>Land Division</p>	
<p>PO 5.1 Land division for residential and tourist accommodation and habitable buildings for vulnerable communities (including boarding houses, hostels, dormitory style accommodation, student accommodation and workers' accommodation) is limited to those areas specifically set aside for these uses.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 5.1 None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 5.2 Land division is designed and incorporates measures to minimise the danger of fire hazard to residents and occupants of buildings, and to protect buildings and property from physical damage in the event of a bushfire.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 5.2 None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 5.3 Land division is designed to provide a continuous street pattern (avoiding the use of dead end roads/cul-de-sac road design) to facilitate the safe movement and evacuation of emergency vehicles, residents, occupants and visitors. Where cul-de-sac / dead end roads are proposed, an alternative emergency evacuation route is provided.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 5.3 None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 5.4 Where 10 or more new allotments are proposed, land division includes at least two separate and safe exit points to enable multiple avenues of evacuation in the event of a bushfire.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 5.4 None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 5.5 Land division provides sufficient space for future asset protection zones and incorporates perimeter roads of adequate design in conjunction with bushfire buffer zones to achieve adequate separation between residential allotments and areas of unacceptable bushfire risk and to support safe access for the purposes of fire-fighting.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 5.5 None are applicable.</p>
<p>Vehicle Access –Roads, Driveways and Fire Tracks</p>	
<p>PO 6.1 Roads are designed and constructed to facilitate the safe and effective:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) access, operation and evacuation of fire-fighting vehicles and emergency personnel</li> <li>(b) evacuation of residents, occupants and visitors.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 6.1 Roads:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are constructed with a formed, all-weather surface</li> <li>(b) have a gradient of not more than 16 degrees (1-in-3.5) at any point along the road</li> <li>(c) have a cross fall of not more than 6 degrees (1-in-9.5) at any point along the road</li> <li>(d) have a minimum formed road width of 6m</li> <li>(e) provide overhead clearance of not less than 4.0m between the road surface and overhanging branches or other obstructions including buildings and/or structures (Figure 1)</li> <li>(f) allow fire-fighting services (personnel and vehicles) to travel in a continuous forward movement around road</li> </ul>

	<p>curves by constructing the curves with a minimum external radius of 12.5m (Figure 2)</p> <p>(g) incorporating cul-de-sac endings or dead end roads are provided within an alternative evacuation route and do not exceed 200m in length and the end of the road has either:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) a turning area with a minimum formed surface radius of 12.5m (Figure 3) or</li> <li>(ii) a 'T' or 'Y' shaped turning area with a minimum formed surface length of 11m and minimum internal radii of 9.5m (Figure 4)</li> </ul> <p>(h) incorporate solid, all-weather crossings over any watercourse that support fire-fighting vehicles with a gross vehicle mass (GVM) of 21 tonnes.</p>
<p>PO 6.2</p> <p>Access to habitable buildings is designed and constructed to facilitate the safe and effective:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) use, operation and evacuation of fire-fighting and emergency personnel</li> <li>(b) evacuation of residents, occupants and visitors.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 6.2</p> <p>Access is in accordance with (a) or (b):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) a clear and unobstructed vehicle or pedestrian pathway of not greater than 60 metres in length is available between the most distant part of the habitable building and the nearest part of a formed public access road</li> <li>(b) driveways:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) do not exceed 600m in length</li> <li>(ii) are constructed with a formed, all-weather surface</li> <li>(iii) are connected to a formed, all-weather public road with the transition area between the road and driveway having a gradient of not more than 7 degrees (1-in-8)</li> <li>(iv) have a gradient of not more than 16 degrees (1-in-3.5) at any point along the driveway</li> <li>(v) have a crossfall of not more than 6 degrees (1-in-9.5) at any point along the driveway</li> <li>(vi) have a minimum formed width of 3m (4m where the gradient of the driveway is steeper than 12 degrees (1-in-4.5)) plus 0.5 metres clearance either side of the driveway from overhanging branches or other obstructions, including buildings and/or structures (Figure 1)</li> <li>(vii) incorporate passing bays with a minimum width of 6m and length of 17m every 200m (Figure 5)</li> <li>(viii) provide overhead clearance of not less than 4.0m between the driveway surface and overhanging branches or other obstructions, including buildings and/or structures (Figure 1)</li> <li>(ix) allow fire-fighting services (personnel and vehicles) to travel in a continuous forward movement around driveway curves by constructing the curves with a minimum external radius of 12.5m (Figure 2)</li> <li>(x) allow fire-fighting vehicles to safely enter and exit an allotment in a forward direction by using a 'U' shaped drive through design or by incorporating at the end of the driveway either:                 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A. a loop road around the building or</li> <li>B. a turning area with a minimum radius of 12.5m (Figure 3)</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>

	<p>or</p> <p>C. a 'T' or 'Y' shaped turning area with a minimum formed length of 11m and minimum internal radii of 9.5m (Figure 4)</p> <p>(xi) incorporate solid, all-weather crossings over any watercourse that support fire-fighting vehicles with a gross vehicle mass (GVM) of 21 tonnes.</p>
<p>PO 6.3</p> <p>Development does not rely on fire tracks as means of evacuation or access for fire-fighting purposes unless there are no safe alternatives available.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 6.3</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>

### Procedural Matters (PM) - Referrals

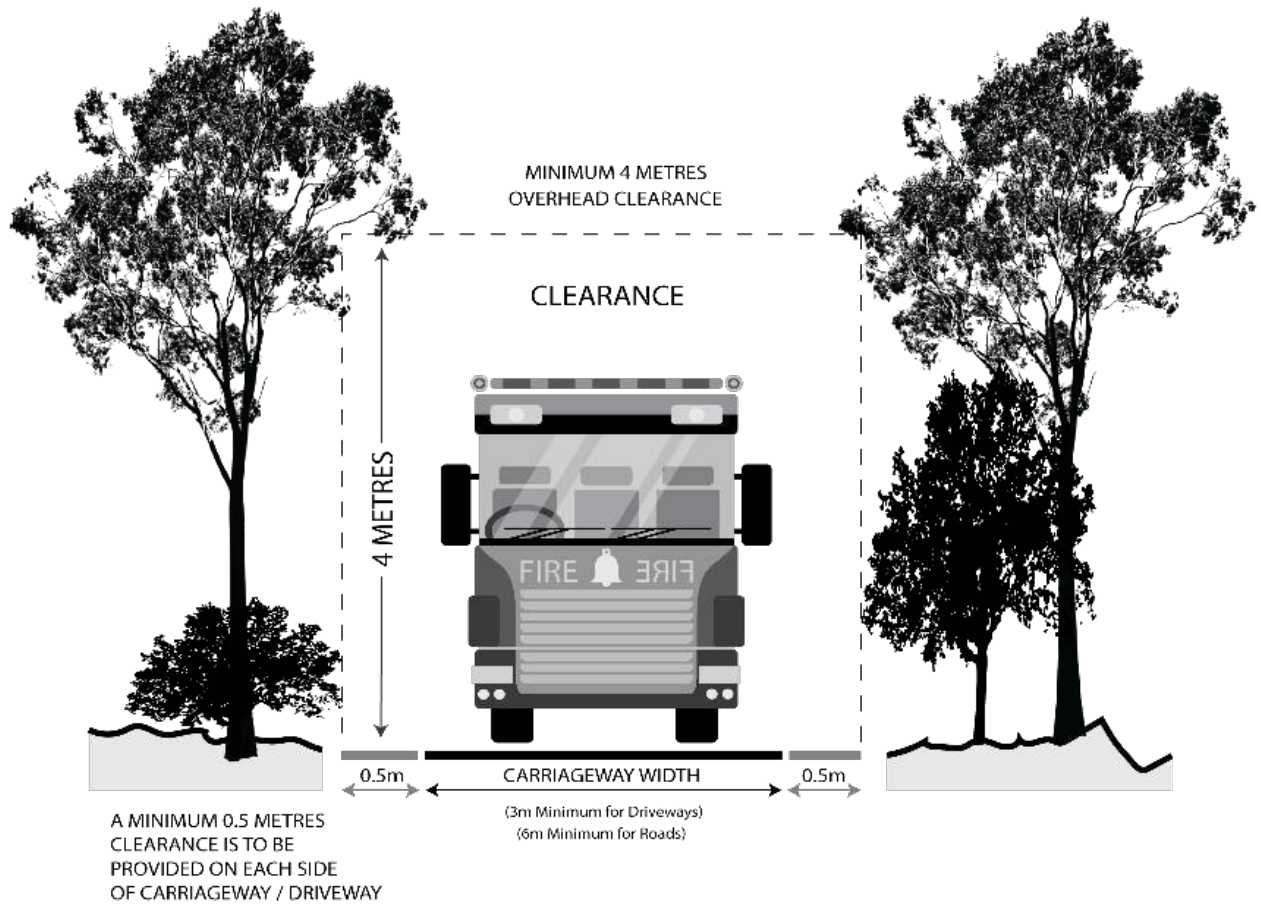
The following table identifies classes of development / activities that require referral in this Overlay and the applicable referral body. It sets out the purpose of the referral as well as the relevant statutory reference from Schedule 9 of the Planning, Development and Infrastructure (General) Regulations 2017.

Class of Development / Activity	Referral Body	Purpose of Referral	Statutory Reference
<p>Except if a <b>relevant certificate</b> accompanies the application for planning consent in respect of the development, any of the following classes of development (including alterations and additions which increase the floor area of such buildings by 10% or more):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) land division creating one or more additional allotments</li> <li>(b) dwelling</li> <li>(c) ancillary accommodation</li> <li>(d) residential flat building</li> <li>(e) tourist accommodation</li> <li>(f) boarding home</li> <li>(g) dormitory style accommodation</li> <li>(h) workers' accommodation</li> <li>(i) student accommodation</li> <li>(j) pre-school</li> <li>(k) educational establishment</li> <li>(l) retirement village</li> <li>(m) supported accommodation</li> <li>(n) residential park</li> <li>(o) hospital</li> <li>(p) camp ground.</li> </ul>	<p>South Australian Country Fire Service.</p>	<p>To provide expert assessment and direction to the relevant authority on the potential impacts of bushfire on the development.</p>	<p>Development of a class to which Schedule 9 clause 3 item 2 of the Planning, Development and Infrastructure (General) Regulations 2017 applies.</p>

### Figures and Diagrams

<p><b>Fire Appliance Clearances</b></p>
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Figure 1 - Overhead and Side Clearances



**Roads and Driveway Design**

Figure 2 - Road and Driveway Curves

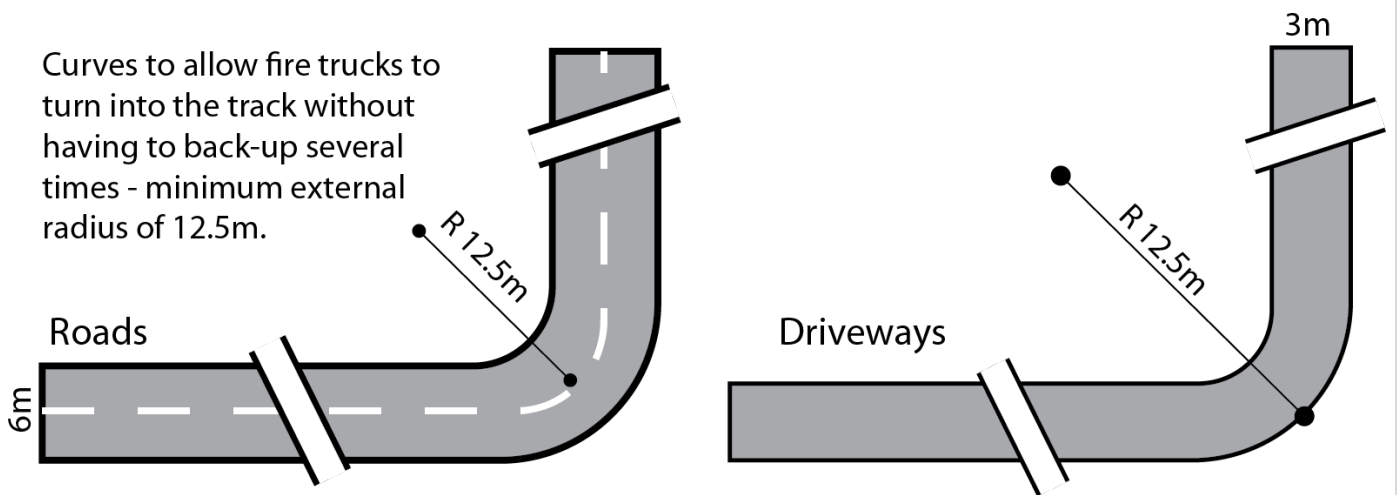


Figure 3 - Full Circle Turning Area

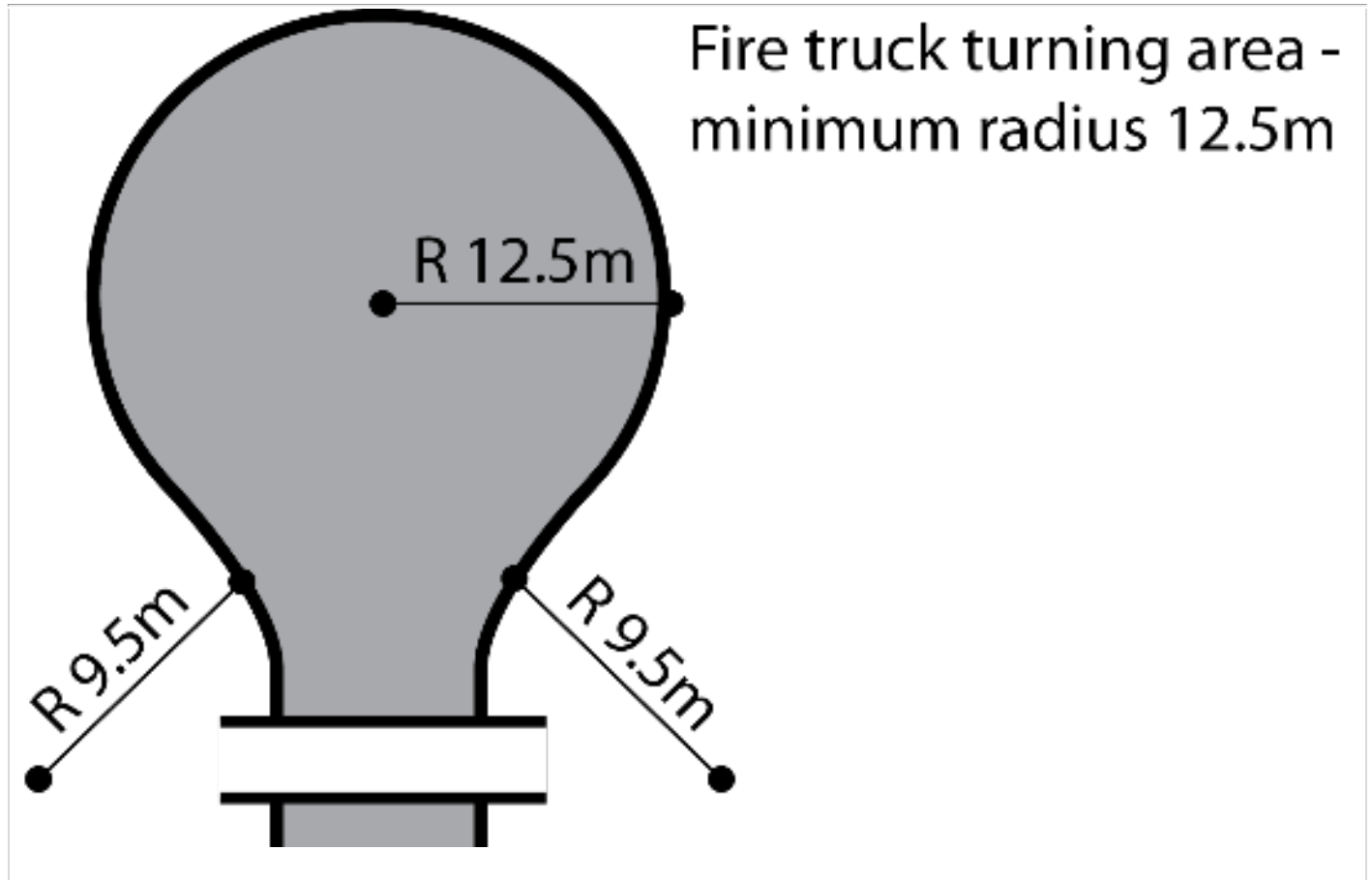
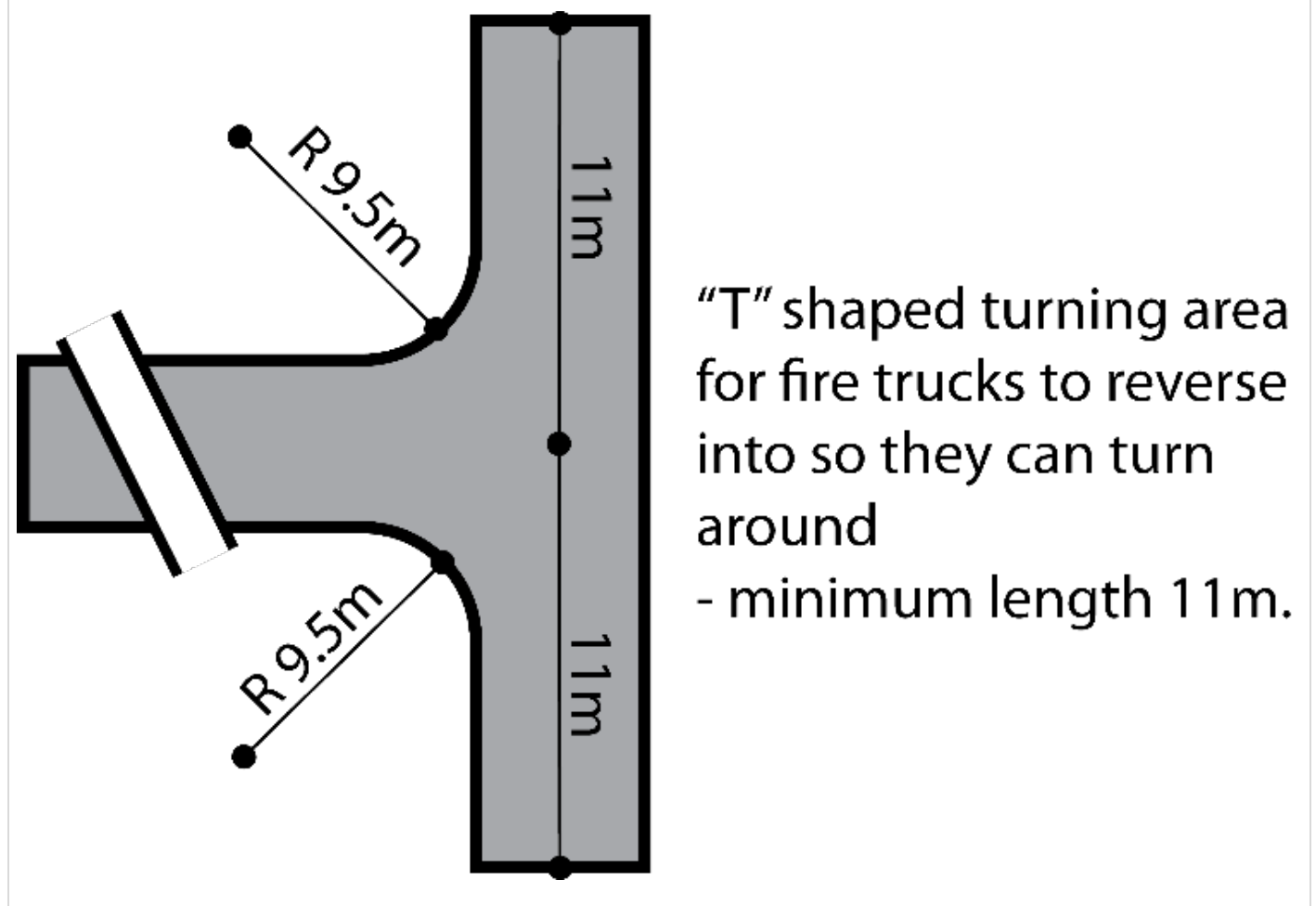


Figure 4 - 'T' or 'Y' Shaped Turning Head



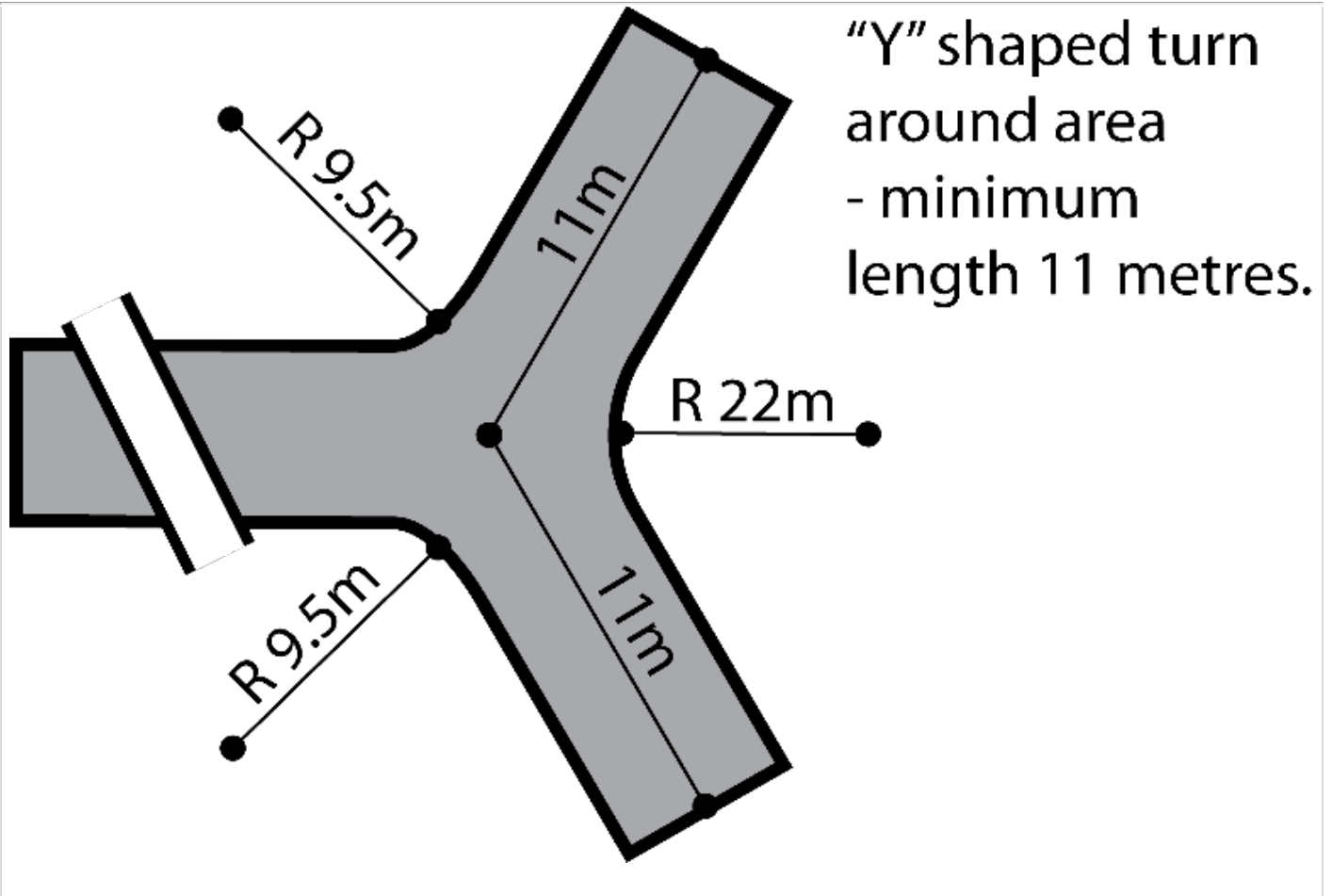
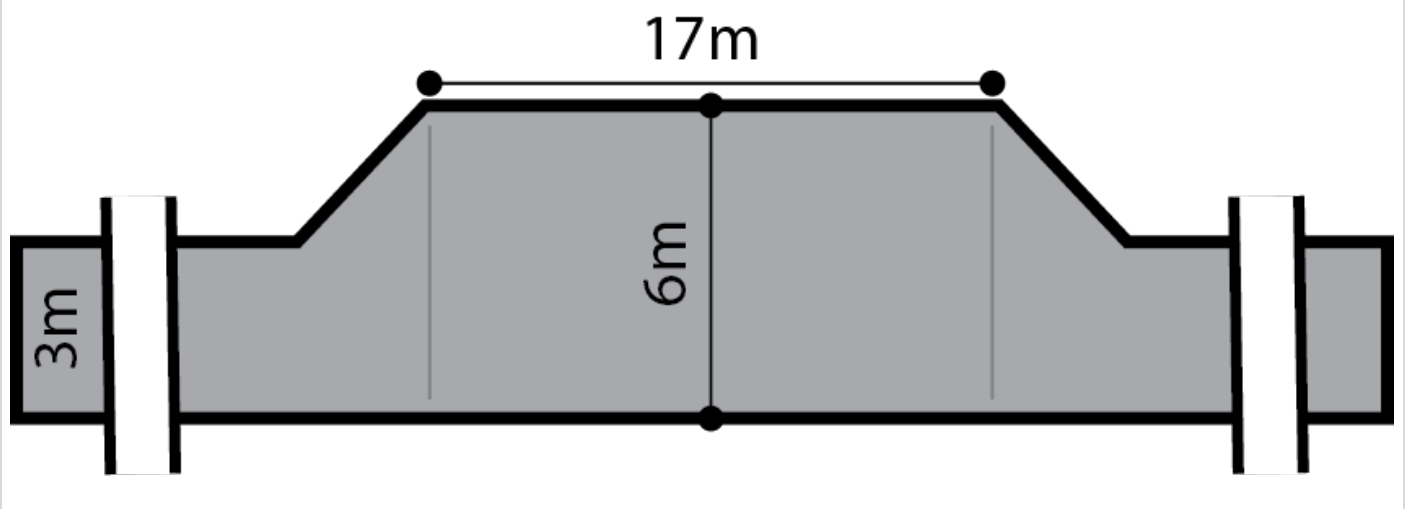


Figure 5 - Driveway Passing Bays

Passing bay for fire trucks - minimum width 6 metres, minimum length 17 metres.



Hazards (Flooding - Evidence Required) Overlay

Assessment Provisions (AP)

**Desired Outcome**

DO 1	Development adopts a precautionary approach to mitigate potential impacts on people, property, infrastructure and the environment from potential flood risk through the appropriate siting and design of development.
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Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Criteria / Designated Performance Feature (DPF)

Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature
Flood Resilience	
PO 1.1 Development is sited, designed and constructed to minimise the risk of entry of potential floodwaters where the entry of flood waters is likely to result in undue damage to or compromise ongoing activities within buildings.	DTS/DPF 1.1 Habitable buildings, commercial and industrial buildings, and buildings used for animal keeping incorporate a finished floor level at least 300mm above: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) the highest point of top of kerb of the primary street or</li> <li>(b) the highest point of natural ground level at the primary street boundary where there is no kerb</li> </ul>
Environmental Protection	
PO 2.1 Buildings and structures used either partly or wholly to contain or store hazardous materials are designed to prevent spills or leaks leaving the confines of the building.	DTS/DPF 2.1 Development does not involve the storage of hazardous materials.

### Procedural Matters (PM) - Referrals

The following table identifies classes of development / activities that require referral in this Overlay and the applicable referral body. It sets out the purpose of the referral as well as the relevant statutory reference from Schedule 9 of the Planning, Development and Infrastructure (General) Regulations 2017.

Class of Development / Activity	Referral Body	Purpose of Referral	Statutory Reference
None	None	None	None

### Limited Land Division Overlay

### Assessment Provisions (AP)

Desired Outcome	
DO 1	The long term use of land for primary production is maintained by minimising fragmentation through division of land.

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Criteria / Designated Performance Feature (DPF)

Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria /
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		<b>Designated Performance Feature</b>
General		
PO 1.1 Land division does not result in the creation of an additional allotment.	DTS/DPF 1.1 No additional allotments are created.	
PO 1.2 Land division involving boundary realignments occurs only where the number of resulting allotments with a site area less than that specified in the relevant Zone is not greater than the number that existed prior to the realignment.	DTS/DPF 1.2 None are applicable.	

### Procedural Matters (PM) - Referrals

The following table identifies classes of development / activities that require referral in this Overlay and the applicable referral body. It sets out the purpose of the referral as well as the relevant statutory reference from Schedule 9 of the Planning, Development and Infrastructure (General) Regulations 2017.

Class of Development / Activity	Referral Body	Purpose of Referral	Statutory Reference
None	None	None	None

### Mount Lofty Ranges Water Supply Catchment (Area 1) Overlay

#### Assessment Provisions (AP)

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed to Satisfy (DTS) / Designated Performance Feature (DPF) Criteria

<b>Performance Outcome</b>	<b>Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature</b>
Wastewater	
DTS/DPF 2.4 All components of an effluent disposal area are:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) set back 50 metres or more from a watercourse</li> <li>(b) set back 100 metres or more from a public water supply reservoir</li> <li>(c) located on land with a slope no greater than 1-in-5 (20%)</li> <li>(d) located on land with 1.2m or more depth to bedrock or a seasonal or permanent water table</li> <li>(e) above the 10% AEP flood level.</li> </ul>	Stormwater
DTS/DPF 3.4 Development includes:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) rainwater tanks with a minimum capacity of 1,000L connected to carports, verandahs and</li> </ul>	DTS/DPF 3.5 Dwelling additions are connected to a rainwater tank with a minimum capacity of 1,000L.

<p>(b) outbuildings or rainwater tanks with a minimum capacity of 4,500L connected to agricultural buildings exceeding 100m<sup>2</sup>.</p>	
<p>DTS/DPF 3.6 Shops and tourist accommodation satisfy all the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are located 50m or more from watercourses, wetlands, land prone to waterlogging and bores</li> <li>(b) are located 100m or more from public water supply reservoirs and diversion weirs</li> <li>(c) are located on land with a slope not exceeding 20%</li> <li>(d) includes buildings connected to rainwater tanks with a minimum capacity of 1,000L</li> <li>(e) includes swales that divert clean stormwater away from areas where it could be polluted.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.9 Excavation and/or filling satisfy all the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) is located 50m or more from watercourses</li> <li>(b) is located 100m or more from public water supply reservoirs and diversion weirs</li> <li>(c) does not involve excavation exceeding a vertical height of 0.75m</li> <li>(d) does not involve filling exceeding a vertical height of 0.75m</li> <li>(e) does not involve a total combined excavation and filling vertical height of 1.5m.</li> </ul>

## Mount Lofty Ranges Water Supply Catchment (Area 2) Overlay

### Assessment Provisions (AP)

Desired Outcome	
DO 1	Safeguard Greater Adelaide's public water supply by ensuring development has a neutral or beneficial effect on the quality of water harvested from secondary reservoirs or diversion weir catchments from the Mount Lofty Ranges.

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed to Satisfy (DTS) / Designated Performance Feature (DPF) Criteria

Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature
Water Quality	
<p>PO 1.1 Development results in a neutral or beneficial effect on the quality of water draining from the site to maintain and enhance the role of the catchment as a water supply.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.1 None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 1.2 Development does not include land uses that have the potential to cause adverse impacts on the quality of water draining into secondary public water supply reservoirs and weirs.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.2 Development does not involve any one or combination of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) landfill</li> <li>(b) special industry.</li> </ul>
Wastewater	
PO 2.1	DTS/DPF 2.1

<p>Development that generates human wastewater, including alterations and additions, are established at an intensity and in a manner to minimise potential adverse impact on water quality within secondary reservoir and weir catchment areas.</p>	<p>Development including alterations and additions, in combination with existing built form and activities within an allotment:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) do not generate a combined total of more than 1500 litres of wastewater per day and</li> <li>(b) will be connected to the same on-site wastewater system that is compliant with relevant South Australian standards</li> </ul> <p>or is otherwise connected to a sewer or community wastewater management system.</p>
<p>PO 2.2 Dairy development is of a scale and design that will avoid adverse water quality impacts.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.2 Dairy development satisfies all of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) is located at least 100 metres from any watercourse, dam, bore or well</li> <li>(b) is connected to a wastewater management system that is located 200 metres from any watercourse, dam, bore or well and is designed and constructed to avoid leakage to groundwater or overflow under extreme rainfall conditions</li> <li>(c) treated wastewater irrigation areas:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) have a slope of less than 1-in-5 (20 percent)</li> <li>(ii) are greater than 100 metres from any watercourse, dam, bore or well</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>are suitable to provide for seasonal wastewater irrigation without causing pollution of surface or groundwater.</p>
<p>PO 2.3 Development that generates trade or industrial wastewater is of a scale and design to ensure wastewater is managed to avoid adverse water quality impacts is of a scale and design that will avoid adverse water quality impacts.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.3 Development that generates trade or industrial wastewater with a peak biological oxygen demand (BOD) of greater than 100 milligrams per litre satisfies the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) disposes of all wastewater to a sewerage or community wastewater management system,</li> <li>or</li> <li>(b) operates at a scale that generates less than 5 million litres of wastewater per year, and             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) is located greater than 300 metres from a watercourse, dam, bore or well, except where a spill retention basin is constructed, in which case, the minimum setback to a watercourse, dam, bore or well is 50 metres, and</li> <li>(ii) a development that incorporates a spill retention basin(s) for the purpose of reducing the setback to a watercourse, dam, bore or well, has basins designed and located:                 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A. to minimise the risk of spills entering a downgradient watercourse, dam, bore of well</li> <li>B. in close proximity to wine making, wine storage and wastewater treatment facilities</li> <li>C. to capture 120% of the maximum aggregate volume of liquid raw materials, product and untreated wastewater which can be contained or</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>

	<p>produced at any one time during the peak of operation</p> <p>D. to be impervious; and</p> <p>E. to minimise the interception of any natural or artificial stormwater flow.</p>
<p>PO 2.4</p> <p>Wastewater management systems result in a neutral or beneficial effect on the quality of water draining from the site.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.4</p> <p>Development results in:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) a building or land use that is currently connected to an existing on-site wastewater system that is non-compliant with relevant South Australian standards being connected to a new or upgraded system that complies with such standards</li> <li>or</li> <li>(b) an existing on-site wastewater system being decommissioned and wastewater being disposed of to a sewer or community wastewater management system that complies with relevant South Australian standards.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 2.5</p> <p>Surface and groundwater protected from wastewater discharge pollution.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.5</p> <p>All components of an effluent disposal area are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) setback 50 metres or more from a watercourse</li> <li>(b) setback 100 metres or more from a public water supply reservoir</li> <li>(c) located on land with a slope no greater than 1-in-5 (20%)</li> <li>(d) located on land with 1.2m or more depth to bedrock or a seasonal or permanent water table</li> <li>(e) above the 10% AEP flood level.</li> </ul>
<p>Stormwater</p>	
<p>PO 3.1</p> <p>Post-development peak stormwater discharge quantities and rates do not exceed pre-development quantities and rates to maintain water quality leaving the site.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 3.2</p> <p>Stormwater run-off from areas not likely to be subject to pollution diverted away from areas that could cause pollution.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 3.3</p> <p>Polluted stormwater is treated prior to discharge from the site.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.3</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 3.4</p> <p>Stormwater from carports, verandahs, outbuildings and agricultural buildings captured to protect water quality.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.4</p> <p>Development includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) rainwater tanks with a minimum capacity of 1,000L connected to carports, verandahs and outbuildings</li> <li>or</li> <li>(b) rainwater tanks with a minimum capacity of 4,500L connected to agricultural buildings exceeding 100m<sup>2</sup>.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 3.5</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.5</p>

Stormwater from dwelling additions captured to protect water quality.	Dwelling additions are connected to a rainwater tank with a minimum capacity of 1,000L.
<p>PO 3.6</p> <p>Stormwater from shops and tourist accommodation is managed to protect water quality.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.6</p> <p>Shops and tourist accommodation satisfy all the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are located 50m or more from watercourses, wetlands, land prone to waterlogging and bores</li> <li>(b) are located 100m or more from public water supply reservoirs and diversion weirs</li> <li>(c) are located on land with a slope not exceeding 20%</li> <li>(d) includes buildings connected to rainwater tanks with a minimum capacity of 1,000L</li> <li>(e) includes swales that divert clean stormwater away from areas where it could be polluted.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 3.7</p> <p>Stormwater from horse keeping and low intensity animal husbandry is managed to protect water quality.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.7</p> <p>Horse keeping and low intensity animal husbandry satisfy all the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) is located 50m or more from watercourses, wetlands, land prone to waterlogging and bores</li> <li>(b) is located on land with a slope not exceeding 10%</li> <li>(c) includes stables, shelters or other roofed structures connected to rainwater tanks with a minimum capacity of 1,000L</li> <li>(d) includes swales that divert clean stormwater away from areas (including yards, manure storage areas, and watering points) within which it could be polluted.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 3.8</p> <p>Stormwater from horticulture is managed to protect water quality.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.8</p> <p>Horticulture satisfies all the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) is located 50m or more from watercourses, wetlands, land prone to waterlogging and bores</li> <li>(b) is located 100m or more from public water supply reservoirs and diversion weirs</li> <li>(c) is located on land with a slope not exceeding 10%</li> <li>(d) includes swales or other structures that divert clean stormwater away from areas (including plant growing areas, chemical storage areas and plant waste storage areas) within which it could be polluted.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 3.9</p> <p>Stormwater from excavated and filled areas is managed to protect water quality.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.9</p> <p>Excavation and/or filling satisfy all the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) is located 50m or more from watercourses</li> <li>(b) is located 100m or more from public water supply reservoirs and diversion weirs</li> <li>(c) does not involve excavation exceeding a vertical height of 0.75m</li> <li>(d) does not involve filling exceeding a vertical height of 0.75m</li> <li>(e) does not involve a total combined excavation and filling vertical height of 1.5m.</li> </ul>

Landscapes and Natural Features	
PO 4.1 Development minimises the need to modify landscapes and natural features.	DTS/DPF 4.1 None are applicable.
Land Division	
PO 5.1 Land division does not result in an increased risk of pollution to surface or underground water.	DTS/DPF 5.1 Land division does not create additional allotments and satisfies (a) and/or (b):  (a) is for realignment of allotment boundaries to correct an anomaly in the placement of those boundaries with respect to the location of existing buildings or structures or (b) is for realignment of allotment boundaries in order to improve management of the land for primary production and/or conservation of natural features.
PO 5.2 Realignment of allotment boundaries does not create development potential for a dwelling and associated onsite wastewater management system where no such potential currently exists.	DTS/DPF 5.2 None are applicable.

**Procedural Matters (PM)**

The following table identifies classes of development / activities that require referral in this Overlay and the applicable referral body. It sets out the purpose of the referral as well as the relevant statutory reference from Schedule 9 of the Planning, Development and Infrastructure (General) Regulations 2017.

Class of Development / Activity	Referral Body	Purpose of Referral	Statutory Reference
<p>Any of the following classes of development that are not connected (or not proposed to be connected) to a community wastewater management system or sewerage infrastructure:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) land division creating one or more additional allotments, either partly or wholly within the area of the overlay</li> <li>(b) function centre with more than 75 seats for customer dining purposes</li> <li>(c) restaurant with more than 40 seats for customer dining purposes</li> <li>(d) restaurant with more than 30 seats for customer dining purposes in association with a cellar door</li> <li>(e) dwelling where a habitable dwelling or tourist accommodation already exists on the same allotment (including where a valid planning authorisation exists to erect a dwelling or tourist accommodation on the same allotment)</li> <li>(f) tourist accommodation where a habitable</li> </ul>	Environment Protection Authority.	To provide expert technical assessment and direction to the relevant authority on whether a proposed development will have a neutral or beneficial impact on water quality.	Development of a class to which Schedule 9 clause 3 item 9 of the Planning, Development and Infrastructure (General) Regulations 2017 applies.

<p>dwelling or tourist accommodation already exists on the same allotment (including where a valid planning authorisation exists to erect a habitable dwelling or tourist accommodation on the same allotment)</p> <p>(g) workers' accommodation where a habitable dwelling or tourist accommodation already exists on the same allotment (including where a valid planning authorisation exists to erect a habitable dwelling or tourist accommodation on the same allotment)</p> <p>(h) any other development that generates human wastewater from a peak loading capacity of more than 40 persons (or more than 6,000 litres/day)</p>	
<p>Composting works (excluding a prescribed approved activity) - being a depot, facility or works with the capacity to treat, during a 12 month period more than 200 tonnes of organic waste or matter (EPA Licence)</p>	
<p>Wastewater treatment works - being sewage treatment works, a community wastewater management system, winery wastewater treatment works or any other wastewater treatment works with the capacity to treat, during a 12 month period more than 2.5 ML of wastewater (EPA Licence required at more than 5ML)</p>	
<p>Feedlots - being carrying on an operation for holding in confined yard or area and feeding principally by mechanical means or by hand not less than an average of 200 cattle (EPA Licence) or 1,600 sheep or goats per day over any period of 12 months, but excluding any such operation carried on at an abattoir, slaughterhouse or saleyard or for the purpose only of drought or other emergency feeding</p>	
<p>Piggeries - being the conduct of a piggery (being premises having confined or roofed structures for keeping pigs) with a capacity of 130 or more standard pig units (EPA Licence required at 650 or more standard pig units)</p>	
<p>Dairies - carrying on of a dairy with a total processing capacity exceeding 100 milking animals at any one time.</p>	

## Native Vegetation Overlay

**Assessment Provisions (AP)**

<b>Desired Outcome</b>	
DO 1	Areas of native vegetation are protected, retained and restored in order to sustain biodiversity, threatened species and vegetation communities, fauna habitat, ecosystem services, carbon storage and amenity values.

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Criteria / Designated Performance Feature (DPF)

<b>Performance Outcome</b>	<b>Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature</b>
Environmental Protection	
<p>PO 1.1</p> <p>Development avoids, or where it cannot be practically avoided, minimises the clearance of native vegetation taking into account the siting of buildings, access points, bushfire protection measures and building maintenance.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.1</p> <p>An application is accompanied by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) a declaration stating that the proposal will not, or would not, involve clearance of native vegetation under the Native Vegetation Act 1991, including any clearance that may occur:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) in connection with a relevant access point and / or driveway</li> <li>(ii) within 10m of a building (other than a residential building or tourist accommodation)</li> <li>(iii) within 20m of a dwelling or addition to an existing dwelling for fire prevention and control</li> <li>(iv) within 50m of residential or tourist accommodation in connection with a requirement under a relevant overlay to establish an asset protection zone in a bushfire prone area</li> </ul> </li> <li style="text-align: center;">or</li> <li>(b) a report prepared in accordance with Regulation 18(2) (a) of the Native Vegetation Regulations 2017 that establishes that the clearance is categorised as 'Level 1 clearance'.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 1.2</p> <p>Native vegetation clearance in association with development avoids the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) significant wildlife habitat and movement corridors</li> <li>(b) rare, vulnerable or endangered plants species</li> <li>(c) native vegetation that is significant because it is located in an area which has been extensively cleared</li> <li>(d) native vegetation that is growing in, or in association with, a wetland environment.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>



<p>PO 1.3</p> <p>Intensive animal husbandry and agricultural activities are sited, set back and designed to minimise impacts on native vegetation, including impacts on native vegetation in an adjacent State Significant Native Vegetation Area, from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) the spread of pest plants and phytophthora</li> <li>(b) the spread of non-indigenous plants species</li> <li>(c) excessive nutrient loading of the soil or loading arising from surface water runoff</li> <li>(d) soil compaction</li> <li>(e) chemical spray drift.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.3</p> <p>Development within 500 metres of a boundary of a State Significant Native Vegetation Area does not involve any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) horticulture</li> <li>(b) intensive animal husbandry</li> <li>(c) dairy</li> <li>(d) commercial forestry</li> <li>(e) aquaculture.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 1.4</p> <p>Development restores and enhances biodiversity and habitat values through revegetation using locally indigenous plant species.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.4</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>Land division</p>	
<p>PO 2.1</p> <p>Land division does not result in the fragmentation of land containing native vegetation, or necessitate the clearance of native vegetation, unless such clearance is considered minor, taking into account the location of allotment boundaries, access ways, fire breaks, boundary fencing and potential building siting or the like.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.1</p> <p>Land division where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) an application is accompanied by one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) a declaration stating that none of the allotments in the proposed plan of division contain native vegetation under the <i>Native Vegetation Act 1991</i></li> <li>(ii) a declaration stating that no native vegetation clearance under the <i>Native Vegetation Act 1991</i> will be required as a result of the division of land</li> <li>(iii) a report prepared in accordance with Regulation 18(2)(a) of the Native Vegetation Regulations 2017 that establishes that the vegetation to be cleared is categorised as 'Level 1 clearance'</li> </ul> </li> <li>or</li> <li>(b) an application for land division which is being considered concurrently with a proposal to develop each allotment which will satisfy, or would satisfy, the requirements of DTS/DPF 1.1, including any clearance that may occur</li> <li>or</li> <li>(c) the division is to support a Heritage Agreement under the Native Vegetation Act 1991 or the <i>Heritage Places Act 1993</i>.</li> </ul>

**Procedural Matters (PM) - Referrals**

The following table identifies classes of development / activities that require referral in this Overlay and the applicable referral body. It sets out the purpose of the referral as well as the relevant statutory reference from Schedule 9 of the Planning, Development and Infrastructure (General) Regulations 2017.

Class of Development / Activity	Referral Body	Purpose of Referral	Statutory Reference
Development that is the subject of a report	Native Vegetation Council	To provide expert assessment	Development

<p>prepared in accordance with Regulation 18(2)(a) of the <i>Native Vegetation Regulations 2017</i> that categorises the clearance, or potential clearance, as 'Level 3 clearance' or 'Level 4 clearance'.</p>		<p>and direction to the relevant authority on the potential impacts of development on native vegetation.</p>	<p>of a class to which Schedule 9 clause 3 item 11 of the Planning, Development and Infrastructure (General) Regulations 2017 applies.</p>
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## Prescribed Water Resources Area Overlay

### Assessment Provisions (AP)

<h2 style="text-align: center;">Desired Outcome</h2>	
<p>DO 1</p>	<p>Sustainable water use in prescribed surface water resources areas maintains the health and natural flow paths of water courses.</p>

<h2 style="text-align: center;">Performance Outcome</h2>	<h2 style="text-align: center;">Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature</h2>
<p>PO 1.1</p> <p>All development, but in particular development involving any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) horticulture</li> <li>(b) activities requiring irrigation</li> <li>(c) aquaculture</li> <li>(d) industry</li> <li>(e) intensive animal husbandry</li> <li>(f) commercial forestry</li> </ul> <p>has a lawful, sustainable and reliable water supply that does not place undue strain on water resources in prescribed surface water areas.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.1</p> <p>Development satisfies either of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) the applicant has a current water licence in which sufficient spare capacity exists to accommodate the water needs of the proposed use or</li> <li>(b) the proposal does not involve the taking of water for which a licence would be required under the <i>Landscape South Australia Act 2019</i>.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 1.2</p> <p>Development comprising the erection, construction, modification, enlargement or removal of a dam, wall or other structure that will collect or divert surface water flowing over land is undertaken in a manner that maintains the quality and quantity of flows required to meet the needs of the environment as well as downstream users.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>

## Procedural Matters (PM) - Referrals

The following table identifies classes of development / activities that require referral in this Overlay and the applicable referral body. It sets out the purpose of the referral as well as the relevant statutory reference from Schedule 9 of the Planning, Development and Infrastructure (General) Regulations 2017.

Class of Development / Activity	Referral Body	Purpose of Referral	Statutory Reference
Development that comprises the erection, construction, modification, enlargement or removal of a dam, wall or other structure that will collect or divert, or collects or diverts surface water flowing over land.	Relevant authority under the <i>Landscape South Australia Act 2019</i> that would, if it were not for the operation of section 106(1)(e) of that Act, have the authority under that Act to grant or refuse a permit to undertake the subject development.	To provide expert assessment and direction to the relevant authority on potential impacts from development on the health, sustainability and/or natural flow paths of water resources in accordance with the provisions of the relevant water allocation plan or regional landscape plan or equivalent.	Development of a class to which Schedule 9 clause 3 item 12 of the Planning, Development and Infrastructure (General) Regulations 2017 applies.
Any of the following classes of development: (a) horticulture (b) activities requiring irrigation (c) aquaculture (d) industry (e) intensive animal husbandry (f) commercial forestry	The Chief Executive of the Department of the Minister responsible for the administration of the <i>Landscape South Australia Act 2019</i> .	To provide expert technical assessment and direction to the relevant authority on the taking of water to ensure development is undertaken sustainably and maintains the health and natural flow paths of water resources.	Development of a class to which Schedule 9 clause 3 item 13 of the Planning, Development and Infrastructure (General) Regulations 2017 applies.
Commercial forestry that requires a forest water licence under Part 8 Division 6 of the <i>Landscape South Australia Act 2019</i> .			

## Water Resources Overlay

### Assessment Provisions (AP)

Desired Outcome	
DO 1	Protection of the quality of surface waters considering adverse water quality impacts associated with projected reductions in rainfall and warmer air temperatures as a result of climate change.
DO 2	Maintain the conveyance function and natural flow paths of watercourses to assist in the management of flood waters and stormwater runoff.

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Criteria / Designated Performance Feature (DPF)

Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature
Water Catchment	
PO 1.1 Watercourses and their beds, banks, wetlands and floodplains (1% AEP flood extent) are not damaged or modified and are retained in their natural state, except where modification is required for essential access or maintenance purposes.	DTS/DPF 1.1 None are applicable.
PO 1.2 Development avoids interfering with the existing hydrology or water regime of swamps and wetlands other than to improve the existing conditions to enhance environmental values.	DTS/DPF 1.2 None are applicable.
PO 1.3 Wetlands and low-lying areas providing habitat for native flora and fauna are not drained, except temporarily for essential management purposes to enhance environmental values.	DTS/DPF 1.3 None are applicable.
PO 1.4 Watercourses, areas of remnant native vegetation, or areas prone to erosion that are capable of natural regeneration are fenced off to limit stock access.	DTS/DPF 1.4 None are applicable.
PO 1.5 Development that increases surface water run-off includes a suitably sized strip of vegetated land on each side of a watercourse to filter runoff to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) reduce the impacts on native aquatic ecosystems</li> <li>(b) minimise soil loss eroding into the watercourse.</li> </ul>	DTS/DPF 1.5 A strip of land 20m or more wide measured from the top of existing banks on each side of the watercourse is free from development, livestock use and revegetated with locally indigenous vegetation.
PO 1.6 Development resulting in the depositing or placing of an object or solid material in a watercourse or lake occurs only where it involves any of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) the construction of an erosion control structure</li> <li>(b) devices or structures used to extract or regulate water flowing in a watercourse</li> <li>(c) devices used for scientific purposes</li> <li>(d) the rehabilitation of watercourses.</li> </ul>	DTS/DPF 1.6 None are applicable.
PO 1.7 Watercourses, floodplains (1% AEP flood extent) and wetlands protected and enhanced by retaining and protecting existing native vegetation.	DTS/DPF 1.7 None are applicable.
PO 1.8	DTS/DPF 1.8

Watercourses, floodplains (1% AEP flood extent) and wetlands are protected and enhanced by stabilising watercourse banks and reducing sediments and nutrients entering the watercourse.	None are applicable.
PO 1.9 Dams, water tanks and diversion drains are located and constructed to maintain the quality and quantity of flows required to meet environmental and downstream needs.	DTS/DPF 1.9 None are applicable.

### Procedural Matters (PM) - Referrals

The following table identifies classes of development / activities that require referral in this Overlay and the applicable referral body. It sets out the purpose of the referral as well as the relevant statutory reference from Schedule 9 of the Planning, Development and Infrastructure (General) Regulations 2017.

Class of Development / Activity	Referral Body	Purpose of Referral	Statutory Reference
None	None	None	None

## Part 4 - General Development Policies

### Advertisements

#### Assessment Provisions (AP)

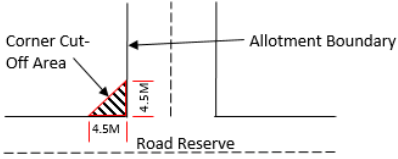
Desired Outcome	
DO 1	Advertisements and advertising hoardings are appropriate to context, efficient and effective in communicating with the public, limited in number to avoid clutter, and do not create hazard.

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Criteria / Designated Performance Feature (DPF)

Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature
Appearance	
PO 1.1 Advertisements are compatible and integrated with the design of the building and/or land they are located on.	DTS/DPF 1.1 Advertisements attached to a building satisfy all of the following:  (a) are not located in a Neighbourhood-type zone (b) where they are flush with a wall: (i) if located at canopy level, are in the form of a

	<p>fascia sign</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(ii) if located above canopy level: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A. do not have any part rising above parapet height</li> <li>B. are not attached to the roof of the building</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>(c) where they are not flush with a wall:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) if attached to a verandah, no part of the advertisement protrudes beyond the outer limits of the verandah structure</li> <li>(ii) if attached to a two-storey building: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A. has no part located above the finished floor level of the second storey of the building</li> <li>B. does not protrude beyond the outer limits of any verandah structure below</li> <li>C. does not have a sign face that exceeds 1m<sup>2</sup> per side.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>(d) if located below canopy level, are flush with a wall</p> <p>(e) if located at canopy level, are in the form of a fascia sign</p> <p>(f) if located above a canopy:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) are flush with a wall</li> <li>(ii) do not have any part rising above parapet height</li> <li>(iii) are not attached to the roof of the building.</li> </ul> <p>(g) if attached to a verandah, no part of the advertisement protrudes beyond the outer limits of the verandah structure</p> <p>(h) if attached to a two-storey building, have no part located above the finished floor level of the second storey of the building</p> <p>(i) where they are flush with a wall, do not, in combination with any other existing sign, cover more than 15% of the building facade to which they are attached.</p>
<p>PO 1.2</p> <p>Advertising hoardings do not disfigure the appearance of the land upon which they are situated or the character of the locality.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.2</p> <p>Where development comprises an advertising hoarding, the supporting structure is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) concealed by the associated advertisement and decorative detailing</li> <li>or</li> <li>(b) not visible from an adjacent public street or thoroughfare, other than a support structure in the form of a single or dual post design.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 1.3</p> <p>Advertising does not encroach on public land or the land of an adjacent allotment.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.3</p> <p>Advertisements and/or advertising hoardings are contained within the boundaries of the site.</p>
<p>PO 1.4</p> <p>Where possible, advertisements on public land are integrated with existing structures and infrastructure.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.4</p> <p>Advertisements on public land that meet at least one of the following:</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) achieves Advertisements DTS/DPF 1.1</li> <li>(b) are integrated with a bus shelter.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 1.5</p> <p>Advertisements and/or advertising hoardings are of a scale and size appropriate to the character of the locality.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.5</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
Proliferation of Advertisements	
<p>PO 2.1</p> <p>Proliferation of advertisements is minimised to avoid visual clutter and untidiness.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.1</p> <p>No more than one freestanding advertisement is displayed per occupancy.</p>
<p>PO 2.2</p> <p>Multiple business or activity advertisements are co-located and coordinated to avoid visual clutter and untidiness.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.2</p> <p>Advertising of a multiple business or activity complex is located on a single advertisement fixture or structure.</p>
<p>PO 2.3</p> <p>Proliferation of advertisements attached to buildings is minimised to avoid visual clutter and untidiness.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.3</p> <p>Advertisements satisfy all of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are attached to a building</li> <li>(b) other than in a Neighbourhood-type zone, where they are flush with a wall, cover no more than 15% of the building facade to which they are attached</li> <li>(c) do not result in more than one sign per occupancy that is not flush with a wall.</li> </ul>
Advertising Content	
<p>PO 3.1</p> <p>Advertisements are limited to information relating to the lawful use of land they are located on to assist in the ready identification of the activity or activities on the land and avoid unrelated content that contributes to visual clutter and untidiness.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.1</p> <p>Advertisements contain information limited to a lawful existing or proposed activity or activities on the same site as the advertisement.</p>
Amenity Impacts	
<p>PO 4.1</p> <p>Light spill from advertisement illumination does not unreasonably compromise the amenity of sensitive receivers.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 4.1</p> <p>Advertisements do not incorporate any illumination.</p>
Safety	
<p>PO 5.1</p> <p>Advertisements and/or advertising hoardings erected on a verandah or projecting from a building wall are designed and located to allow for safe and convenient pedestrian access.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 5.1</p> <p>Advertisements have a minimum clearance of 2.5m between the top of the footpath and base of the underside of the sign.</p>
<p>PO 5.2</p> <p>Advertisements and/or advertising hoardings do not distract or create a hazard to drivers through excessive illumination.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 5.2</p> <p>No advertisement illumination is proposed.</p>
<p>PO 5.3</p> <p>Advertisements and/or advertising hoardings do not create a hazard to drivers by:</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 5.3</p> <p>Advertisements satisfy all of the following:</p>

<p>(a) being liable to interpretation by drivers as an official traffic sign or signal</p> <p>(b) obscuring or impairing drivers' view of official traffic signs or signals</p> <p>(c) obscuring or impairing drivers' view of features of a road that are potentially hazardous (such as junctions, bends, changes in width and traffic control devices) or other road or rail vehicles at/or approaching level crossings.</p>	<p>(a) are not located in a public road or rail reserve</p> <p>(b) are located wholly outside the land shown as 'Corner Cut-Off Area' in the following diagram</p> 
<p>PO 5.4</p> <p>Advertisements and/or advertising hoardings do not create a hazard by distracting drivers from the primary driving task at a location where the demands on driver concentration are high.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 5.4</p> <p>Advertisements and/or advertising hoardings are not located along or adjacent to a road having a speed limit of 80km/h or more.</p>
<p>PO 5.5</p> <p>Advertisements and/or advertising hoardings provide sufficient clearance from the road carriageway to allow for safe and convenient movement by all road users.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 5.5</p> <p>Where the advertisement or advertising hoarding is:</p> <p>(a) on a kerbed road with a speed zone of 60km/h or less, the advertisement or advertising hoarding is located at least 0.6m from the roadside edge of the kerb</p> <p>(b) on an unkerbed road with a speed zone of 60km/h or less, the advertisement or advertising hoarding is located at least 5.5m from the edge of the seal</p> <p>(c) on any other kerbed or unkerbed road, the advertisement or advertising hoarding is located a minimum of the following distance from the roadside edge of the kerb or the seal:</p> <p>(a) 110 km/h road - 14m</p> <p>(b) 100 km/h road - 13m</p> <p>(c) 90 km/h road - 10m</p> <p>(d) 70 or 80 km/h road - 8.5m.</p>
<p>PO 5.6</p> <p>Advertising near signalised intersections does not cause unreasonable distraction to road users through illumination, flashing lights, or moving or changing displays or messages.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 5.6</p> <p>Advertising:</p> <p>(a) is not illuminated</p> <p>(b) does not incorporate a moving or changing display or message</p> <p>(c) does not incorporate a flashing light(s).</p>

## Animal Keeping and Horse Keeping

### Assessment Provisions (AP)

Desired Outcome	
DO 1	Animals are kept at a density that is not beyond the carrying capacity of the land and in a manner that minimises their adverse effects on the environment, local amenity and surrounding development.



Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature
Siting and Design	
PO 1.1 Animal keeping, horse keeping and associated activities do not create adverse impacts on the environment or the amenity of the locality.	DTS/DPF 1.1 None are applicable.
PO 1.2 Animal keeping and horse keeping is located and managed to minimise the potential transmission of disease to other operations where animals are kept.	DTS/DPF 1.2 None are applicable.
Horse Keeping	
PO 2.1 Water from stable wash-down areas is directed to appropriate absorption areas and/or drainage pits to minimise pollution of land and water.	DTS/DPF 2.1 None are applicable.
PO 2.2 Stables, horse shelters or associated yards are sited appropriate distances away from sensitive receivers and/or allotments in other ownership to avoid adverse impacts from dust, erosion and odour.	DTS/DPF 2.2 Stables, horse shelters and associated yards are sited in accordance with all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) 30m or more from any sensitive receivers (existing or approved) on land in other ownership</li> <li>(b) where an adjacent allotment is vacant and in other ownership, 30m or more from the boundary of that allotment.</li> </ul>
PO 2.3 All areas accessible to horses are separated from septic tank effluent disposal areas to protect the integrity of that system. Stable flooring is constructed with an impervious material to facilitate regular cleaning.	DTS/DPF 2.3 Septic tank effluent disposal areas are enclosed with a horse-proof barrier such as a fence to exclude horses from this area.
PO 2.4 To minimise environmental harm and adverse impacts on water resources, stables, horse shelters and associated yards are appropriately set back from a watercourse.	DTS/DPF 2.4 Stables, horse shelters and associated yards are set back 50m or more from a watercourse.
PO 2.5 Stables, horse shelters and associated yards are located on slopes that are stable to minimise the risk of soil erosion and water runoff.	DTS/DPF 2.5 Stables, horse shelters and associated yards are not located on land with a slope greater than 10% (1-in-10).
Kennels	
PO 3.1	DTS/DPF 3.1

<p>Kennel flooring is constructed with an impervious material to facilitate regular cleaning.</p>	<p>The floors of kennels satisfy all of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are constructed of impervious concrete</li> <li>(b) are designed to be self-draining when washed down.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 3.2</p> <p>Kennels and exercise yards are designed and sited to minimise noise nuisance to neighbours through measures such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) adopting appropriate separation distances</li> <li>(b) orientating openings away from sensitive receivers.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.2</p> <p>Kennels are sited 500m or more from the nearest sensitive receiver on land in other ownership.</p>
<p>PO 3.3</p> <p>Dogs are regularly observed and managed to minimise nuisance impact on adjoining sensitive receivers from animal behaviour.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.3</p> <p>Kennels are sited in association with a permanent dwelling on the land.</p>
<p>Wastes</p>	
<p>PO 4.1</p> <p>Storage of manure, used litter and other wastes (other than wastewater lagoons) is designed, constructed and managed to minimise attracting and harbouring vermin.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 4.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 4.2</p> <p>Facilities for the storage of manure, used litter and other wastes (other than wastewater lagoons) are located to minimise the potential for polluting water resources.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 4.2</p> <p>Waste storage facilities (other than wastewater lagoons) are located outside the 1% AEP flood event areas.</p>

## Aquaculture

### Assessment Provisions (AP)

<h2 style="margin: 0;">Desired Outcome</h2>	
<p>DO 1</p>	<p>Aquaculture facilities are developed in an ecologically, economically and socially sustainable manner to support an equitable sharing of marine, coastal and inland resources and mitigate conflict with other water-based and land-based uses.</p>

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Criteria / Designated Performance Feature (DPF)

<h2 style="margin: 0;">Performance Outcome</h2>	<h2 style="margin: 0;">Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature</h2>
<p>Land-based Aquaculture</p>	
<p>PO 1.1</p> <p>Land-based aquaculture and associated components are sited and designed to mitigate adverse impacts on nearby sensitive</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.1</p> <p>Land-based aquaculture and associated components are located to satisfy all of the following:</p>

receivers.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) 200m or more from a sensitive receiver in other ownership</li> <li>(b) 500m or more from the boundary of a zone primarily intended to accommodate sensitive receivers.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 1.2</p> <p>Land-based aquaculture and associated components are sited and designed to prevent surface flows from entering ponds in a 1% AEP sea flood level event.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 1.3</p> <p>Land-based aquaculture and associated components are sited and designed to prevent pond leakage that would pollute groundwater.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.3</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 1.4</p> <p>Land-based aquaculture and associated components are sited and designed to prevent farmed species escaping and entering into any waters.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.4</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 1.5</p> <p>Land-based aquaculture and associated components, including intake and discharge pipes, are designed to minimise the need to traverse sensitive areas to minimise impact on the natural environment.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.5</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 1.6</p> <p>Pipe inlets and outlets associated with land-based aquaculture are sited and designed to minimise the risk of disease transmission.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.6</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 1.7</p> <p>Storage areas associated with aquaculture activity are integrated with the use of the land and sited and designed to minimise their visual impact on the surrounding environment.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.7</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
Marine Based Aquaculture	
<p>PO 2.1</p> <p>Marine aquaculture is sited and designed to minimise its adverse impacts on sensitive ecological areas including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) creeks and estuaries</li> <li>(b) wetlands</li> <li>(c) significant seagrass and mangrove communities</li> <li>(d) marine habitats and ecosystems.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 2.2</p> <p>Marine aquaculture is sited in areas with adequate water current to disperse sediments and dissolve particulate wastes to prevent the build-up of waste that may cause environmental harm.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
PO 2.3	DTS/DPF 2.3

<p>Marine aquaculture is designed to not involve discharge of human waste on the site, on any adjacent land or into nearby waters.</p>	<p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 2.4</p> <p>Marine aquaculture (other than inter-tidal aquaculture) is located an appropriate distance seaward of the high water mark.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.4</p> <p>Marine aquaculture development is located 100m or more seaward of the high water mark.</p>
<p>PO 2.5</p> <p>Marine aquaculture is sited and designed to not obstruct or interfere with:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) areas of high public use</li> <li>(b) areas, including beaches, used for recreational activities such as swimming, fishing, skiing, sailing and other water sports</li> <li>(c) areas of outstanding visual or environmental value</li> <li>(d) areas of high tourism value</li> <li>(e) areas of important regional or state economic activity, including commercial ports, wharfs and jetties</li> <li>(f) the operation of infrastructure facilities including inlet and outlet pipes associated with the desalination of sea water.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.5</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 2.6</p> <p>Marine aquaculture is sited and designed to minimise interference and obstruction to the natural processes of the coastal and marine environment.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.6</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 2.7</p> <p>Marine aquaculture is designed to be as unobtrusive as practicable by incorporating measures such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) using feed hoppers painted in subdued colours and suspending them as close as possible to the surface of the water</li> <li>(b) positioning structures to protrude the minimum distance practicable above the surface of the water</li> <li>(c) avoiding the use of shelters and structures above cages and platforms unless necessary to exclude predators and protected species from interacting with the farming structures and/or stock inside the cages, or for safety reasons</li> <li>(d) positioning racks, floats and other farm structures in unobtrusive locations landward from the shoreline.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.7</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 2.8</p> <p>Access, launching and maintenance facilities utilise existing established roads, tracks, ramps and paths to or from the sea where possible to minimise environmental and amenity impacts.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.8</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 2.9</p> <p>Access, launching and maintenance facilities are developed as common user facilities and are co-located where practicable to mitigate adverse impacts on coastal areas.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.9</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>

PO 2.10 Marine aquaculture is sited to minimise potential impacts on, and to protect the integrity of, reserves under the <i>National Parks and Wildlife Act 1972</i> .	DTS/DPF 2.10 Marine aquaculture is located 1000m or more seaward of the boundary of any reserve under the <i>National Parks and Wildlife Act 1972</i> .
PO 2.11 Onshore storage, cooling and processing facilities do not impair the coastline and its visual amenity by:  (a) being sited, designed, landscaped and of a scale to reduce the overall bulk and appearance of buildings and complement the coastal landscape (b) making provision for appropriately sited and designed vehicular access arrangements, including using existing vehicular access arrangements as far as practicable (c) incorporating appropriate waste treatment and disposal.	DTS/DPF 2.11 None are applicable.
Navigation and Safety	
PO 3.1 Marine aquaculture sites are suitably marked to maintain navigational safety.	DTS/DPF 3.1 None are applicable.
PO 3.2 Marine aquaculture is sited to provide adequate separation between farms for safe navigation.	DTS/DPF 3.2 None are applicable.
Environmental Management	
PO 4.1 Marine aquaculture is maintained to prevent hazards to people and wildlife, including breeding grounds and habitats of native marine mammals and terrestrial fauna, especially migratory species.	DTS/DPF 4.1 None are applicable.
PO 4.2 Marine aquaculture is designed to facilitate the relocation or removal of structures in the case of emergency such as oil spills, algal blooms and altered water flows.	DTS/DPF 4.2 None are applicable.
PO 4.3 Marine aquaculture provides for progressive or future reclamation of disturbed areas ahead of, or upon, decommissioning.	DTS/DPF 4.3 None are applicable.
PO 4.4 Aquaculture operations incorporate measures for the removal and disposal of litter, disused material, shells, debris, detritus, dead animals and animal waste to prevent pollution of waters, wetlands, or the nearby coastline.	DTS/DPF 4.4 None are applicable.

## Beverage Production in Rural Areas

**Assessment Provisions (AP)**

<b>Desired Outcome</b>	
DO 1	Mitigation of potential amenity and environmental impacts of value-adding beverage production facilities such as wineries, distilleries, cideries and breweries.

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Criteria / Designated Performance Feature (DPF)

<b>Performance Outcome</b>	<b>Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature</b>
Odour and Noise	
PO 1.1 Beverage production activities are designed and sited to minimise odour impacts on rural amenity.	DTS/DPF 1.1 None are applicable.
PO 1.2 Beverage production activities are designed and sited to minimise noise impacts on sensitive receivers.	DTS/DPF 1.2 None are applicable.
PO 1.3 Fermentation, distillation, manufacturing, storage, packaging and bottling activities occur within enclosed buildings to improve the visual appearance within a locality and manage noise associated with these activities.	DTS/DPF 1.3 None are applicable.
PO 1.4 Breweries are designed to minimise odours emitted during boiling and fermentation stages of production.	DTS/DPF 1.4 Brew kettles are fitted with a vapour condenser.
PO 1.5 Beverage production solid wastes are stored in a manner that minimises odour impacts on sensitive receivers in other ownership.	DTS/DPF 1.5 Solid waste from beverage production is collected and stored in sealed containers and removed from the site within 48 hours.
Water Quality	
PO 2.1 Beverage production wastewater management systems (including wastewater irrigation) are set back from watercourses to minimise adverse impacts on water resources.	DTS/DPF 2.1 Wastewater management systems are set back 50m or more from the banks of watercourses and bores.
PO 2.2 The storage or disposal of chemicals or hazardous substances is undertaken in a manner to prevent pollution of water resources.	DTS/DPF 2.2 None are applicable.

<p>PO 2.3</p> <p>Stormwater runoff from areas that may cause contamination due to beverage production activities (including vehicle movements and machinery operations) is drained to an onsite stormwater treatment system to manage potential environmental impacts.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.3</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 2.4</p> <p>Stormwater runoff from areas unlikely to cause contamination by beverage production and associated activities (such as roof catchments and clean hard-paved surfaces) is diverted away from beverage production areas and wastewater management systems.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.4</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>Wastewater Irrigation</p>	
<p>PO 3.1</p> <p>Beverage production wastewater irrigation systems are designed and located to not contaminate soil and surface and ground water resources or damage crops.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 3.2</p> <p>Beverage production wastewater irrigation systems are designed and located to minimise impact on amenity and avoid spray drift onto adjoining land.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.2</p> <p>Beverage production wastewater is not irrigated within 50m of any dwelling in other ownership.</p>
<p>PO 3.3</p> <p>Beverage production wastewater is not irrigated onto areas that pose an undue risk to the environment or amenity such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) waterlogged areas</li> <li>(b) land within 50m of a creek, swamp or domestic or stock water bore</li> <li>(c) land subject to flooding</li> <li>(d) steeply sloping land</li> <li>(e) rocky or highly permeable soil overlaying an unconfined aquifer.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.3</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>

## Bulk Handling and Storage Facilities

### Assessment Provisions (AP)

<h2 style="margin: 0;">Desired Outcome</h2>	
<p>DO 1</p>	<p>Facilities for the bulk handling and storage of agricultural, mineral, petroleum, rock, ore or other similar commodities are designed to minimise adverse impacts on transport networks, the landscape and surrounding land uses.</p>

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Criteria / Designated Performance Feature (DPF)

Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature
Siting and Design	
<p>PO 1.1</p> <p>Bulk handling and storage facilities are sited and designed to minimise risks of adverse air quality and noise impacts on sensitive receivers.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.1</p> <p>Facilities for the handling, storage and dispatch of commodities in bulk (excluding processing) meet the following minimum separation distances from sensitive receivers:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) bulk handling of agricultural crop products, rock, ores, minerals, petroleum products or chemicals at a wharf or wharf side facility (including sea-port grain terminals), where the handling of these materials into or from vessels does not exceed 100 tonnes per day: 300m or more from residential premises not associated with the facility</li> <li>(b) bulk handling of agricultural crop products, rock, ores, minerals, petroleum products or chemicals to or from any commercial storage facility: 300m or more from residential premises not associated with the facility</li> <li>(c) bulk petroleum storage involving individual containers with a capacity up to 200 litres and a total on-site storage capacity not exceeding 1,000 cubic metres: 500m or more</li> <li>(d) coal handling with: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. capacity up to 1 tonne per day or a storage capacity up to 50 tonnes: 500m or more</li> <li>b. capacity exceeding 1 tonne per day but not exceeding 100 tonnes per day or a storage capacity exceeding 50 tonnes but not exceeding 5000 tonnes: 1000m or more.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Buffers and Landscaping	
<p>PO 2.1</p> <p>Bulk handling and storage facilities incorporate a buffer area for the establishment of dense landscaping adjacent road frontages to enhance the appearance of land and buildings from public thoroughfares.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 2.2</p> <p>Bulk handling and storage facilities incorporate landscaping to assist with screening and dust filtration.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
Access and Parking	
<p>PO 3.1</p> <p>Roadways and vehicle parking areas associated with bulk handling and storage facilities are designed and surfaced to control dust emissions and prevent drag out of material from the site.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.1</p> <p>Roadways and vehicle parking areas are sealed with an all-weather surface.</p>
Slipways, Wharves and Pontoons	
<p>PO 4.1</p> <p>Slipways, wharves and pontoons used for the handling of bulk materials (such as fuel, oil, catch, bait and the like) incorporate</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 4.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>



catchment devices to avoid the release of materials into adjacent waters.	
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## Clearance from Overhead Powerlines

### Assessment Provisions (AP)

Desired Outcome	
DO 1	Protection of human health and safety when undertaking development in the vicinity of overhead transmission powerlines.

Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature
PO 1.1 Buildings are adequately separated from aboveground powerlines to minimise potential hazard to people and property.	DTS/DPF 1.1 One of the following is satisfied:  (a) a declaration is provided by or on behalf of the applicant to the effect that the proposal would not be contrary to the regulations prescribed for the purposes of section 86 of the <i>Electricity Act 1996</i>  (b) there are no aboveground powerlines adjoining the site that are the subject of the proposed development.

## Design

### Assessment Provisions (AP)

Desired Outcome	
DO 1	<p>Development is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) contextual - by considering, recognising and carefully responding to its natural surroundings or built environment and positively contributes to the character of the immediate area</li> <li>(b) durable - fit for purpose, adaptable and long lasting</li> <li>(c) inclusive - by integrating landscape design to optimise pedestrian and cyclist usability, privacy and equitable access, and promoting the provision of quality spaces integrated with the public realm that can be used for access and recreation and help optimise security and safety both internally and within the public realm, for occupants and visitors</li> <li>(d) sustainable - by integrating sustainable techniques into the design and siting of development and landscaping to improve community health, urban heat, water management, environmental performance, biodiversity and local amenity and to minimise energy consumption.</li> </ul>

Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature
All development	
External Appearance	
PO 1.1 Buildings reinforce corners through changes in setback, articulation, materials, colour and massing (including height, width, bulk, roof form and slope).	DTS/DPF 1.1 None are applicable.
PO 1.2 Where zero or minor setbacks are desirable, development provides shelter over footpaths ( <u>in the form of verandahs, awnings, canopies and the like, with adequate lighting</u> ) to positively contribute to the walkability, comfort and safety of the public realm.	DTS/DPF 1.2 None are applicable.
PO 1.3 Building elevations facing the primary street (other than ancillary buildings) are designed and detailed to convey purpose, identify main access points and complement the streetscape.	DTS/DPF 1.3 None are applicable.
PO 1.4 Plant, exhaust and intake vents and other technical equipment is integrated into the building design to minimise visibility from the public realm and negative impacts on residential amenity by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) positioning plant and equipment in unobtrusive locations viewed from public roads and spaces</li> <li>(b) screening rooftop plant and equipment from view</li> <li>(c) when located on the roof of non-residential development, locating the plant and equipment as far as practicable from adjacent sensitive land uses.</li> </ul>	DTS/DPF 1.4 Development does not incorporate any structures that protrude beyond the roofline.
PO 1.5 The negative visual impact of outdoor storage, waste management, loading and service areas is minimised by integrating them into the building design and screening them from public view (such as fencing, landscaping and built form) taking into account the form of development contemplated in the relevant zone.	DTS/DPF 1.5 None are applicable.
Safety	
PO 2.1 Development maximises opportunities for passive surveillance of the public realm by providing clear lines of sight, appropriate lighting and the use of visually permeable screening wherever practicable.	DTS/DPF 2.1 None are applicable.
PO 2.2 Development is designed to differentiate public, communal and	DTS/DPF 2.2 None are applicable.

private areas.	
PO 2.3 Buildings are designed with safe, perceptible and direct access from public street frontages and vehicle parking areas.	DTS/DPF 2.3 None are applicable.
PO 2.4 Development at street level is designed to maximise opportunities for passive surveillance of the adjacent public realm.	DTS/DPF 2.4 None are applicable.
PO 2.5 Common areas and entry points of buildings (such as the foyer areas of residential buildings), and non-residential land uses at street level, maximise passive surveillance from the public realm to the inside of the building at night.	DTS/DPF 2.5 None are applicable.
<b>Landscaping</b>	
PO 3.1 Soft landscaping and tree planting is incorporated to:  (a) minimise heat absorption and reflection (b) maximise shade and shelter (c) maximise stormwater infiltration (d) enhance the appearance of land and streetscapes (e) contribute to biodiversity.	DTS/DPF 3.1 None are applicable.
PO 3.2 Soft landscaping and tree planting maximises the use of locally indigenous plant species, incorporates plant species best suited to current and future climate conditions and avoids pest plant and weed species.	DTS/DPF 3.2 None are applicable.
<b>Environmental Performance</b>	
PO 4.1 Buildings are sited, oriented and designed to maximise natural sunlight access and ventilation to main activity areas, habitable rooms, common areas and open spaces.	DTS/DPF 4.1 None are applicable.
PO 4.2 Buildings are sited and designed to maximise passive environmental performance and minimise energy consumption and reliance on mechanical systems, such as heating and cooling.	DTS/DPF 4.2 None are applicable.
PO 4.3 Buildings incorporate climate-responsive techniques and features such as building and window orientation, use of eaves, verandahs and shading structures, water harvesting, at ground landscaping, green walls, green roofs and photovoltaic cells.	DTS/DPF 4.3 None are applicable.
<b>Water Sensitive Design</b>	

<p>PO 5.1</p> <p>Development is sited and designed to maintain natural hydrological systems without negatively impacting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) the quantity and quality of surface water and groundwater</li> <li>(b) the depth and directional flow of surface water and groundwater</li> <li>(c) the quality and function of natural springs.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 5.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>On-site Waste Treatment Systems</p>	
<p>PO 6.1</p> <p>Dedicated on-site effluent disposal areas do not include any areas to be used for, or could be reasonably foreseen to be used for, private open space, driveways or car parking.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 6.1</p> <p>Effluent disposal drainage areas do not:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) encroach within an area used as private open space or result in less private open space than that specified in Design Table 1 - Private Open Space</li> <li>(b) use an area also used as a driveway</li> <li>(c) encroach within an area used for on-site car parking or result in less on-site car parking than that specified in Transport, Access and Parking Table 1 - General Off-Street Car Parking Requirements or Table 2 - Off-Street Car Parking Requirements in Designated Areas.</li> </ul>
<p>Carparking Appearance</p>	
<p>PO 7.1</p> <p>Development facing the street is designed to minimise the negative impacts of any semi-basement and undercroft car parking on the streetscapes through techniques such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) limiting protrusion above finished ground level</li> <li>(b) screening through appropriate planting, fencing and mounding</li> <li>(c) limiting the width of openings and integrating them into the building structure.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 7.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 7.2</p> <p>Vehicle parking areas are appropriately located, designed and constructed to minimise impacts on adjacent sensitive receivers through measures such as ensuring they are attractively developed and landscaped, screen fenced and the like.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 7.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 7.3</p> <p>Safe, legible, direct and accessible pedestrian connections are provided between parking areas and the development.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 7.3</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 7.4</p> <p>Street level vehicle parking areas incorporate tree planting to provide shade and reduce solar heat absorption and reflection.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 7.4</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 7.5</p> <p>Street level parking areas incorporate soft landscaping to improve visual appearance when viewed from within the site and from public places.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 7.5</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>

<p>PO 7.6</p> <p>Vehicle parking areas and associated driveways are landscaped to provide shade and positively contribute to amenity.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 7.6</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 7.7</p> <p>Vehicle parking areas and access ways incorporate integrated stormwater management techniques such as permeable or porous surfaces, infiltration systems, drainage swales or rain gardens that integrate with soft landscaping.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 7.7</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>Earthworks and sloping land</p>	
<p>PO 8.1</p> <p>Development, including any associated driveways and access tracks, minimises the need for earthworks to limit disturbance to natural topography.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 8.1</p> <p>Development does not involve any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) excavation exceeding a vertical height of 1m</li> <li>(b) filling exceeding a vertical height of 1m</li> <li>(c) a total combined excavation and filling vertical height of 2m or more.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 8.2</p> <p>Driveways and access tracks are designed and constructed to allow safe and convenient access on sloping land (with a gradient exceeding 1 in 8).</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 8.2</p> <p>Driveways and access tracks on sloping land (with a gradient exceeding 1 in 8) satisfy (a) and (b):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) do not have a gradient exceeding 25% (1-in-4) at any point along the driveway</li> <li>(b) are constructed with an all-weather trafficable surface.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 8.3</p> <p>Driveways and access tracks on sloping land (with a gradient exceeding 1 in 8):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) do not contribute to the instability of embankments and cuttings</li> <li>(b) provide level transition areas for the safe movement of people and goods to and from the development</li> <li>(c) are designed to integrate with the natural topography of the land.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 8.3</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 8.4</p> <p>Development on sloping land (with a gradient exceeding 1 in 8) avoids the alteration of natural drainage lines and includes on-site drainage systems to minimise erosion.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 8.4</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 8.5</p> <p>Development does not occur on land at risk of landslip nor increases the potential for landslip or land surface instability.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 8.5</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>Fences and Walls</p>	
<p>PO 9.1</p> <p>Fences, walls and retaining walls are of sufficient height to maintain privacy and security without unreasonably impacting the visual amenity and adjoining land's access to sunlight or the</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 9.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>

amenity of public places.	
<p>PO 9.2</p> <p>Landscaping incorporated on the low side of retaining walls is visible from public roads and public open space to minimise visual impacts.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 9.2</p> <p>A vegetated landscaped strip 1m wide or more is provided against the low side of a retaining wall.</p>
Overlooking / Visual Privacy (in building 3 storeys or less)	
<p>PO 10.1</p> <p>Development mitigates direct overlooking from upper level windows to habitable rooms and private open spaces of adjoining residential uses.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 10.1</p> <p>Upper level windows facing side or rear boundaries shared with a residential allotment/site satisfy one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are permanently obscured to a height of 1.5m above finished floor level and are fixed or not capable of being opened more than 200mm</li> <li>(b) have sill heights greater than or equal to 1.5m above finished floor level</li> <li>(c) incorporate screening with a maximum of 25% openings, permanently fixed no more than 500mm from the window surface and sited adjacent to any part of the window less than 1.5 m above the finished floor level.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 10.2</p> <p>Development mitigates direct overlooking from balconies, terraces and decks to habitable rooms and private open space of adjoining residential uses.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 10.2</p> <p>One of the following is satisfied:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) the longest side of the balcony or terrace will face a public road, public road reserve or public reserve that is at least 15m wide in all places faced by the balcony or terrace</li> <li>or</li> <li>(b) all sides of balconies or terraces on upper building levels are permanently obscured by screening with a maximum 25% transparency/openings fixed to a minimum height of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) 1.5m above finished floor level where the balcony is located at least 15 metres from the nearest habitable window of a dwelling on adjacent land</li> <li>or</li> <li>(ii) 1.7m above finished floor level in all other cases</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
All Residential development	
Front elevations and passive surveillance	
<p>PO 11.1</p> <p>Dwellings incorporate windows along primary street frontages to encourage passive surveillance and make a positive contribution to the streetscape.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 11.1</p> <p>Each dwelling with a frontage to a public street:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) includes at least one window facing the primary street from a habitable room that has a minimum internal room dimension of 2.4m</li> <li>(b) has an aggregate window area of at least 2m<sup>2</sup> facing the primary street.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 11.2</p> <p>Dwellings incorporate entry doors within street frontages to</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 11.2</p> <p>Dwellings with a frontage to a public street have an entry door</p>

address the street and provide a legible entry point for visitors.	visible from the primary street boundary.
<b>Outlook and amenity</b>	
<p>PO 12.1</p> <p>Living rooms have an external outlook to provide a high standard of amenity for occupants.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 12.1</p> <p>A living room of a dwelling incorporates a window with an outlook towards the street frontage or private open space, public open space, or waterfront areas.</p>
<p>PO 12.2</p> <p>Bedrooms are separated or shielded from active communal recreation areas, common access areas and vehicle parking areas and access ways to mitigate noise and artificial light intrusion.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 12.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<b>Ancillary Development</b>	
<p>PO 13.1</p> <p>Residential ancillary buildings and structures are sited and designed to not detract from the streetscape or appearance of buildings on the site or neighbouring properties.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 13.1</p> <p>Ancillary buildings:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are ancillary to a dwelling erected on the same site</li> <li>(b) have a floor area not exceeding 60m<sup>2</sup></li> <li>(c) are not constructed, added to or altered so that any part is situated: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) in front of any part of the building line of the dwelling to which it is ancillary</li> <li>or</li> <li>(ii) within 900mm of a boundary of the allotment with a secondary street (if the land has boundaries on two or more roads)</li> </ul> </li> <li>(d) in the case of a garage or carport, the garage or carport: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) is set back at least 5.5m from the boundary of the primary street</li> <li>(ii) when facing a primary street or secondary street, has a total door / opening not exceeding: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A. for dwellings of single building level - 7m in width or 50% of the site frontage, whichever is the lesser</li> <li>B. for dwellings comprising two or more building levels at the building line fronting the same public street - 7m in width</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> <li>(e) if situated on a boundary (not being a boundary with a primary street or secondary street), do not exceed a length of 11.5m unless: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) a longer wall or structure exists on the adjacent site and is situated on the same allotment boundary</li> <li>and</li> <li>(ii) the proposed wall or structure will be built along the same length of boundary as the existing adjacent wall or structure to the same or lesser extent</li> </ul> </li> <li>(f) if situated on a boundary of the allotment (not being a boundary with a primary street or secondary street), all walls or structures on the boundary will not exceed 45% of the length of that boundary</li> </ul>

	<p>(g) will not be located within 3m of any other wall along the same boundary unless on an adjacent site on that boundary there is an existing wall of a building that would be adjacent to or about the proposed wall or structure</p> <p>(h) have a wall height or post height not exceeding 3m above natural ground level</p> <p>(i) have a roof height where no part of the roof is more than 5m above the natural ground level</p> <p>(j) if clad in sheet metal, is pre-colour treated or painted in a non-reflective colour</p> <p>(k) retains a total area of soft landscaping in accordance with (i) or (ii), whichever is less:</p> <p>(i) a total area as determined by the following table:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="1007 607 1519 1131"> <thead> <tr> <th>Dwelling site area (or in the case of residential flat building or group dwelling(s), average site area) (m<sup>2</sup>)</th> <th>Minimum percentage of site</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>&lt;150</td> <td>10%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>150-200</td> <td>15%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>201-450</td> <td>20%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>&gt;450</td> <td>25%</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>(ii) the amount of existing soft landscaping prior to the development occurring.</p>	Dwelling site area (or in the case of residential flat building or group dwelling(s), average site area) (m <sup>2</sup> )	Minimum percentage of site	<150	10%	150-200	15%	201-450	20%	>450	25%
Dwelling site area (or in the case of residential flat building or group dwelling(s), average site area) (m <sup>2</sup> )	Minimum percentage of site										
<150	10%										
150-200	15%										
201-450	20%										
>450	25%										
<p>PO 13.2</p> <p>Ancillary buildings and structures do not impede on-site functional requirements such as private open space provision or car parking requirements and do not result in over-development of the site.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 13.2</p> <p>Ancillary buildings and structures do not result in:</p> <p>(a) less private open space than specified in Design in Urban Areas Table 1 - Private Open Space</p> <p>(b) less on-site car parking than specified in Transport, Access and Parking Table 1 - General Off-Street Car Parking Requirements or Table 2 - Off-Street Car Parking Requirements in Designated Areas.</p>										
<p>PO 13.3</p> <p>Fixed plant and equipment in the form of pumps and/or filtration systems for a swimming pool or spa is positioned and/or housed to not cause unreasonable noise nuisance to adjacent sensitive receivers.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 13.3</p> <p>The pump and/or filtration system is ancillary to a dwelling erected on the same site and is:</p> <p>(a) enclosed in a solid acoustic structure that is located at least 5m from the nearest habitable room located on an adjoining allotment or</p> <p>(b) located at least 12m from the nearest habitable room located on an adjoining allotment.</p>										
Garage appearance											
<p>PO 14.1</p> <p>Garaging is designed to not detract from the streetscape or</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 14.1</p> <p>Garages and carports facing a street:</p>										



<p>appearance of a dwelling.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are situated so that no part of the garage or carport is in front of any part of the building line of the dwelling</li> <li>(b) are set back at least 5.5m from the boundary of the primary street</li> <li>(c) have a garage door / opening not exceeding 7m in width</li> <li>(d) have a garage door / opening width not exceeding 50% of the site frontage unless the dwelling has two or more building levels at the building line fronting the same public street.</li> </ul>
<p>Massing</p>	
<p>PO 15.1 The visual mass of larger buildings is reduced when viewed from adjoining allotments or public streets.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 15.1 None are applicable</p>
<p>Dwelling additions</p>	
<p>PO 16.1 Dwelling additions are sited and designed to not detract from the streetscape or amenity of adjoining properties and do not impede on-site functional requirements.</p>	<p>DTS / DPF 16.1 Dwelling additions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are not constructed, added to or altered so that any part is situated closer to a public street</li> <li>(b) do not result in:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) excavation exceeding a vertical height of 1m</li> <li>(ii) filling exceeding a vertical height of 1m</li> <li>(iii) a total combined excavation and filling vertical height of 2m or more</li> <li>(iv) less Private Open Space than specified in Design Table 1 - Private Open Space</li> <li>(v) less on-site parking than specified in Transport Access and Parking Table 1 - General Off-Street Car Parking Requirements or Table 2 - Off-Street Car Parking Requirements in Designated Areas</li> <li>(vi) upper level windows facing side or rear boundaries unless:                 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A. they are permanently obscured to a height of 1.5m above finished floor level that is fixed or not capable of being opened more than 200mm or</li> <li>B. have sill heights greater than or equal to 1.5m above finished floor level or</li> <li>C. incorporate screening to a height of 1.5m above finished floor level</li> </ul> </li> <li>(vii) all sides of balconies or terraces on upper building levels are permanently obscured by screening with a maximum 25% transparency/openings fixed to a minimum height of:                 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A. 1.5m above finished floor level where the balcony is located at least 15 metres from the nearest habitable window of a dwelling on adjacent land</li> <li>B. 1.7m above finished floor level in all other cases.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Private Open Space	
<p>PO 17.1</p> <p>Dwellings are provided with suitable sized areas of usable private open space to meet the needs of occupants.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 17.1</p> <p>Private open space is provided in accordance with Design Table 1 - Private Open Space.</p>
Water Sensitive Design	
<p>PO 18.1</p> <p>Residential development creating a common driveway / access includes stormwater management systems that minimise the discharge of sediment, suspended solids, organic matter, nutrients, bacteria, litter and other contaminants to the stormwater system, watercourses or other water bodies.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 18.1</p> <p>Residential development creating a common driveway / access that services 5 or more dwellings achieves the following stormwater runoff outcomes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) 80 per cent reduction in average annual total suspended solids</li> <li>(b) 60 per cent reduction in average annual total phosphorus</li> <li>(c) 45 per cent reduction in average annual total nitrogen.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 18.2</p> <p>Residential development creating a common driveway / access includes a stormwater management system designed to mitigate peak flows and manage the rate and duration of stormwater discharges from the site to ensure that the development does not increase the peak flows in downstream systems.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 18.2</p> <p>Development creating a common driveway / access that services 5 or more dwellings:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) maintains the pre-development peak flow rate from the site based upon a 0.35 runoff coefficient for the 18.1% AEP 30-minute storm and the stormwater runoff time to peak is not increased or captures and retains the difference in pre-development runoff volume (based upon a 0.35 runoff coefficient) vs post development runoff volume from the site for an 18.1% AEP 30-minute storm; and</li> <li>(b) manages site generated stormwater runoff up to and including the 1% AEP flood event to avoid flooding of buildings.</li> </ul>
Car parking, access and manoeuvrability	
<p>PO 19.1</p> <p>Enclosed parking spaces are of a size and dimensions to be functional, accessible and convenient.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 19.1</p> <p>Residential car parking spaces enclosed by fencing, walls or other structures have the following internal dimensions (separate from any waste storage area):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) single width car parking spaces: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) a minimum length of 5.4m per space</li> <li>(ii) a minimum width of 3.0m</li> <li>(iii) a minimum garage door width of 2.4m</li> </ul> </li> <li>(b) double width car parking spaces (side by side): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) a minimum length of 5.4m</li> <li>(ii) a minimum width of 5.4m</li> <li>(iii) minimum garage door width of 2.4m per space.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<p>PO 19.2</p> <p>Uncovered parking spaces are of a size and dimensions to be</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 19.2</p> <p>Uncovered car parking spaces have:</p>

<p>functional, accessible and convenient.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) a minimum length of 5.4m</li> <li>(b) a minimum width of 2.4m</li> <li>(c) a minimum width between the centre line of the space and any fence, wall or other obstruction of 1.5m</li> </ul>
<p>PO 19.3 Driveways are located and designed to facilitate safe access and egress while maximising land available for street tree planting, landscaped street frontages, domestic waste collection and on-street parking.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 19.3 Driveways and access points on sites with a frontage to a public road of 10m or less have a width between 3.0 and 3.2 metres measured at the property boundary and are the only access point provided on the site.</p>
<p>PO 19.4 Vehicle access is safe, convenient, minimises interruption to the operation of public roads and does not interfere with street infrastructure or street trees.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 19.4 Vehicle access to designated car parking spaces satisfy (a) or (b):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) is provided via a lawfully existing or authorised access point or an access point for which consent has been granted as part of an application for the division of land</li> <li>(b) where newly proposed:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) is set back 6m or more from the tangent point of an intersection of 2 or more roads</li> <li>(ii) is set back outside of the marked lines or infrastructure dedicating a pedestrian crossing</li> <li>(iii) does not involve the removal, relocation or damage to of mature street trees, street furniture or utility infrastructure services.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<p>PO 19.5 Driveways are designed to enable safe and convenient vehicle movements from the public road to on-site parking spaces.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 19.5 Driveways are designed and sited so that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) the gradient from the place of access on the boundary of the allotment to the finished floor level at the front of the garage or carport is not steeper than 1:4 on average</li> <li>(b) they are aligned relative to the street boundary so that there is no more than a 20 degree deviation from 90 degrees between the centreline of any dedicated car parking space to which it provides access (measured from the front of that space) and the street boundary</li> <li>(c) if located to provide access from an alley, lane or right of way - the alley, land or right of way is at least 6.2m wide along the boundary of the allotment / site</li> </ul>
<p>PO 19.6 Driveways and access points are designed and distributed to optimise the provision of on-street visitor parking.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 19.6 Where on-street parking is available abutting the site's street frontage, on-street parking is retained in accordance with the following requirements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) minimum 0.33 on-street spaces per dwelling on the site (rounded up to the nearest whole number)</li> <li>(b) minimum car park length of 5.4m where a vehicle can enter or exit a space directly</li> <li>(c) minimum carpark length of 6m for an intermediate space located between two other parking spaces or to an end obstruction where the parking is indented.</li> </ul>

Waste storage											
PO 20.1 Provision is made for the adequate and convenient storage of waste bins in a location screened from public view.	DTS/DPF 20.1 None are applicable.										
Design of Transportable Dwellings											
PO 21.1 The sub-floor space beneath transportable buildings is enclosed to give the appearance of a permanent structure.	DTS/DPF 21.1 Buildings satisfy (a) or (b):  (a) are not transportable or (b) the sub-floor space between the building and ground level is clad in a material and finish consistent with the building.										
Group dwelling, residential flat buildings and battle-axe development											
Amenity											
PO 22.1 Dwellings are of a suitable size to accommodate a layout that is well organised and provides a high standard of amenity for occupants.	DTS/DPF 22.1 Dwellings have a minimum internal floor area in accordance with the following table: <table border="1" data-bbox="831 925 1520 1487"> <thead> <tr> <th>Number of bedrooms</th> <th>Minimum internal floor area</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Studio</td> <td>35m<sup>2</sup></td> </tr> <tr> <td>1 bedroom</td> <td>50m<sup>2</sup></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2 bedroom</td> <td>65m<sup>2</sup></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3+ bedrooms</td> <td>80m<sup>2</sup> and any dwelling over 3 bedrooms provides an additional 15m<sup>2</sup> for every additional bedroom</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Number of bedrooms	Minimum internal floor area	Studio	35m <sup>2</sup>	1 bedroom	50m <sup>2</sup>	2 bedroom	65m <sup>2</sup>	3+ bedrooms	80m <sup>2</sup> and any dwelling over 3 bedrooms provides an additional 15m <sup>2</sup> for every additional bedroom
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3+ bedrooms	80m <sup>2</sup> and any dwelling over 3 bedrooms provides an additional 15m <sup>2</sup> for every additional bedroom										
PO 22.2 The orientation and siting of buildings minimises impacts on the amenity, outlook and privacy of occupants and neighbours.	DTS/DPF 22.2 None are applicable.										
PO 22.3 Development maximises the number of dwellings that face public open space and public streets and limits dwellings oriented towards adjoining properties.	DTS/DPF 22.3 None are applicable.										
PO 22.4 Battle-axe development is appropriately sited and designed to respond to the existing neighbourhood context.	DTS/DPF 22.4 Dwelling sites/allotments are not in the form of a battle-axe arrangement.										
Communal Open Space											
PO 23.1	DTS/DPF 23.1										

Private open space provision may be substituted for communal open space which is designed and sited to meet the recreation and amenity needs of residents.	None are applicable.
PO 23.2 Communal open space is of sufficient size and dimensions to cater for group recreation.	DTS/DPF 23.2 Communal open space incorporates a minimum dimension of 5 metres.
PO 23.3 Communal open space is designed and sited to:  (a) be conveniently accessed by the dwellings which it services (b) have regard to acoustic, safety, security and wind effects.	DTS/DPF 23.3 None are applicable.
PO 23.4 Communal open space contains landscaping and facilities that are functional, attractive and encourage recreational use.	DTS/DPF 23.4 None are applicable.
PO 23.5 Communal open space is designed and sited to:  (a) in relation to rooftop or elevated gardens, minimise overlooking into habitable room windows or onto the useable private open space of other dwellings (b) in relation to ground floor communal space, be overlooked by habitable rooms to facilitate passive surveillance.	DTS/DPF 23.5 None are applicable.
<b>Carparking, access and manoeuvrability</b>	
PO 24.1 Driveways and access points are designed and distributed to optimise the provision of on-street visitor parking.	DTS/DPF 24.1 Where on-street parking is available directly adjacent the site, on-street parking is retained adjacent the subject site in accordance with the following requirements:  (a) minimum 0.33 on-street car parks per proposed dwellings (rounded up to the nearest whole number) (b) minimum car park length of 5.4m where a vehicle can enter or exit a space directly (c) minimum carpark length of 6m for an intermediate space located between two other parking spaces or to an end obstruction where the parking is indented.
PO 24.2 The number of vehicular access points onto public roads is minimised to reduce interruption of the footpath and positively contribute to public safety and walkability.	DTS/DPF 24.2 Access to group dwellings or dwellings within a residential flat building is provided via a single common driveway.
PO 24.3 Residential driveways that service more than one dwelling are designed to allow safe and convenient movement.	DTS/DPF 24.3 Driveways that service more than 1 dwelling or a dwelling on a battle-axe site:  (a) have a minimum width of 3m (b) for driveways servicing more than 3 dwellings:

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) have a width of 5.5m or more and a length of 6m or more at the kerb of the primary street</li> <li>(ii) where the driveway length exceeds 30m, incorporate a passing point at least every 30 metres with a minimum width of 5.5m and a minimum length of 6m.</li> </ul>
PO 24.4 Residential driveways in a battle-axe configuration are designed to allow safe and convenient movement.	DTS/DPF 24.4 Where in a battle-axe configuration, a driveway servicing one dwelling has a minimum width of 3m.
PO 24.5 Residential driveways that service more than one dwelling are designed to allow passenger vehicles to enter and exit the site and manoeuvre within the site in a safe and convenient manner.	DTS/DPF 24.5 Driveways providing access to more than one dwelling, or a dwelling on a battle-axe site, allow a B85 passenger vehicle to enter and exit the garages or parking spaces in no more than a three-point turn manoeuvre.
PO 24.6 Dwellings are adequately separated from common driveways and manoeuvring areas.	DTS/DPF 24.6 Dwelling walls with entry doors or ground level habitable room windows are set back at least 1.5m from any driveway or area designated for the movement and manoeuvring of vehicles.
<b>Soft Landscaping</b>	
PO 25.1 Soft landscaping is provided between dwellings and common driveways to improve the outlook for occupants and appearance of common areas.	DTS/DPF 25.1 Other than where located directly in front of a garage or a building entry, soft landscaping with a minimum dimension of 1m is provided between a dwelling and common driveway.
PO 25.2 Soft landscaping is provided that improves the appearance of common driveways.	DTS/DPF 25.2 Where a common driveway is located directly adjacent the side or rear boundary of the site, soft landscaping with a minimum dimension of 1m is provided between the driveway and site boundary (excluding along the perimeter of a passing point).
<b>Site Facilities / Waste Storage</b>	
PO 26.1 Provision is made for suitable mailbox facilities close to the major pedestrian entry to the site or conveniently located considering the nature of accommodation and mobility of occupants.	DTS/DPF 26.1 None are applicable.
PO 26.2 Provision is made for suitable external clothes drying facilities.	DTS/DPF 26.2 None are applicable.
PO 26.3 Provision is made for suitable household waste and recyclable material storage facilities which are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) located away, or screened, from public view, and</li> <li>(b) conveniently located in proximity to dwellings and the waste collection point.</li> </ul>	DTS/DPF 26.3 None are applicable.
PO 26.4	DTS/DPF 26.4

Waste and recyclable material storage areas are located away from dwellings.	Dedicated waste and recyclable material storage areas are located at least 3m from any habitable room window.
PO 26.5 Where waste bins cannot be conveniently collected from the street, provision is made for on-site waste collection, designed to accommodate the safe and convenient access, egress and movement of waste collection vehicles.	DTS/DPF 26.5 None are applicable.
PO 26.6 Services including gas and water meters are conveniently located and screened from public view.	DTS/DPF 26.6 None are applicable.
Supported accommodation and retirement facilities	
Siting and Configuration	
PO 27.1 Supported accommodation and housing for aged persons and people with disabilities is located where on-site movement of residents is not unduly restricted by the slope of the land.	DTS/DPF 27.1 None are applicable.
Movement and Access	
PO 28.1 Development is designed to support safe and convenient access and movement for residents by providing:  (a) ground-level access or lifted access to all units (b) level entry porches, ramps, paths, driveways, passenger loading areas and areas adjacent to footpaths that allow for the passing of wheelchairs and resting places (c) car parks with gradients no steeper than 1-in-40 and of sufficient area to provide for wheelchair manoeuvrability (d) kerb ramps at pedestrian crossing points.	DTS/DPF 28.1 None are applicable.
Communal Open Space	
PO 29.1 Development is designed to provide attractive, convenient and comfortable indoor and outdoor communal areas to be used by residents and visitors.	DTS/DPF 29.1 None are applicable.
PO 29.2 Private open space provision may be substituted for communal open space which is designed and sited to meet the recreation and amenity needs of residents.	DTS/DPF 29.2 None are applicable.
PO 29.3 Communal open space is of sufficient size and dimensions to cater for group recreation.	DTS/DPF 29.3 Communal open space incorporates a minimum dimension of 5 metres.
PO 29.4 Communal open space is designed and sited to:  (a) be conveniently accessed by the dwellings which it services	DTS/DPF 29.4 None are applicable.

<p>(b) have regard to acoustic, safety, security and wind effects.</p>	
<p>PO 29.5 Communal open space contains landscaping and facilities that are functional, attractive and encourage recreational use.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 29.5 None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 29.6 Communal open space is designed and sited to:</p> <p>(a) in relation to rooftop or elevated gardens, minimise overlooking into habitable room windows or onto the useable private open space of other dwellings</p> <p>(b) in relation to ground floor communal space, be overlooked by habitable rooms to facilitate passive surveillance.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 29.6 None are applicable.</p>
<p>Site Facilities / Waste Storage</p>	
<p>PO 30.1 Development is designed to provide storage areas for personal items and specialised equipment such as small electric powered vehicles, including facilities for the recharging of small electric powered vehicles.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 30.1 None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 30.2 Provision is made for suitable mailbox facilities close to the major pedestrian entry to the site or conveniently located considering the nature of accommodation and mobility of occupants.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 30.2 None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 30.3 Provision is made for suitable external clothes drying facilities.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 28.3 None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 30.4 Provision is made for suitable household waste and recyclable material storage facilities conveniently located and screened from public view.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 30.4 None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 30.5 Waste and recyclable material storage areas are located away from dwellings.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 30.5 Dedicated waste and recyclable material storage areas are located at least 3m from any habitable room window.</p>
<p>PO 30.6 Provision is made for on-site waste collection where 10 or more bins are to be collected at any one time.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 30.6 None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 30.7 Services including gas and water meters are conveniently located and screened from public view.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 30.7 None are applicable.</p>
<p>All non-residential development</p>	
<p>Water Sensitive Design</p>	



<p>PO 31.1</p> <p>Development likely to result in significant risk of export of litter, oil or grease includes stormwater management systems designed to minimise pollutants entering stormwater.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 31.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 31.2</p> <p>Water discharged from a development site is of a physical, chemical and biological condition equivalent to or better than its pre-developed state.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 31.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>Wash-down and Waste Loading and Unloading</p>	
<p>PO 32.1</p> <p>Areas for activities including loading and unloading, storage of waste refuse bins in commercial and industrial development or wash-down areas used for the cleaning of vehicles, vessels, plant or equipment are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) designed to contain all wastewater likely to pollute stormwater within a bunded and roofed area to exclude the entry of external surface stormwater run-off</li> <li>(b) paved with an impervious material to facilitate wastewater collection</li> <li>(c) of sufficient size to prevent 'splash-out' or 'over-spray' of wastewater from the wash-down area</li> <li>(d) designed to drain wastewater to either: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) a treatment device such as a sediment trap and coalescing plate oil separator with subsequent disposal to a sewer, private or Community Wastewater Management Scheme or</li> <li>(ii) a holding tank and its subsequent removal off-site on a regular basis.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 32.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>

**Table 1 - Private Open Space**

Dwelling Type	Minimum Rate
<p>Dwelling (at ground level)</p>	<p>Total private open space area:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) Site area &lt;301m<sup>2</sup>: 24m<sup>2</sup> located behind the building line.</li> <li>(b) Site area ≥ 301m<sup>2</sup>: 60m<sup>2</sup> located behind the building line.</li> </ul> <p>Minimum directly accessible from a living room: 16m<sup>2</sup> / with a minimum dimension 3m.</p>
<p>Dwelling (above ground level)</p>	<p>Studio (no separate bedroom): 4m<sup>2</sup> with a minimum dimension 1.8m</p> <p>One bedroom: 8m<sup>2</sup> with a minimum dimension 2.1m</p> <p>Two bedroom dwelling: 11m<sup>2</sup> with a minimum dimension 2.4m</p> <p>Three + bedroom dwelling: 15m<sup>2</sup> with a minimum dimension 2.6m</p>
<p>Cabin or caravan</p>	<p>Total area: 16m<sup>2</sup>, which may be used as second car parking space, provided on</p>

(permanently fixed to the ground) in a residential park or a caravan and tourist park	each site intended for residential occupation.
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## Design in Urban Areas

### Assessment Provisions (AP)

<b>Desired Outcome</b>	
DO 1	<p>Development is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) contextual - by considering, recognising and carefully responding to its natural surroundings or built environment and positively contributing to the character of the locality</li> <li>(b) durable - fit for purpose, adaptable and long lasting</li> <li>(c) inclusive - by integrating landscape design to optimise pedestrian and cyclist usability, privacy and equitable access and promoting the provision of quality spaces integrated with the public realm that can be used for access and recreation and help optimise security and safety both internally and within the public realm, for occupants and visitors</li> <li>(d) sustainable - by integrating sustainable techniques into the design and siting of development and landscaping to improve community health, urban heat, water management, environmental performance, biodiversity and local amenity and to minimise energy consumption.</li> </ul>

<b>Performance Outcome</b>	<b>Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature</b>
All Development	
External Appearance	
PO 1.1 Buildings reinforce corners through changes in setback, articulation, materials, colour and massing (including height, width, bulk, roof form and slope).	DTS/DPF 1.1 None are applicable.
PO 1.2 Where zero or minor setbacks are desirable, development provides shelter over footpaths (in the form of verandahs, awnings, canopies and the like, with adequate lighting) to positively contribute to the walkability, comfort and safety of the public realm.	DTS/DPF 1.2 None are applicable.
PO 1.3 Building elevations facing the primary street (other than ancillary buildings) are designed and detailed to convey purpose, identify main access points and complement the streetscape.	DTS/DPF 1.3 None are applicable.
PO 1.4 Plant, exhaust and intake vents and other technical equipment are	DTS/DPF 1.4 Development does not incorporate any structures that protrude

<p>integrated into the building design to minimise visibility from the public realm and negative impacts on residential amenity by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) positioning plant and equipment discretely, in unobtrusive locations as viewed from public roads and spaces</li> <li>(b) screening rooftop plant and equipment from view</li> <li>(c) when located on the roof of non-residential development, locating the plant and equipment as far as practicable from adjacent sensitive land uses.</li> </ul>	<p>beyond the roofline.</p>
<p>PO 1.5</p> <p>The negative visual impact of outdoor storage, waste management, loading and service areas is minimised by integrating them into the building design and screening them from public view (such as fencing, landscaping and built form), taking into account the form of development contemplated in the relevant zone.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.5</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>Safety</p>	
<p>PO 2.1</p> <p>Development maximises opportunities for passive surveillance of the public realm by providing clear lines of sight, appropriate lighting and the use of visually permeable screening wherever practicable.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 2.2</p> <p>Development is designed to differentiate public, communal and private areas.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 2.3</p> <p>Buildings are designed with safe, perceptible and direct access from public street frontages and vehicle parking areas.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.3</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 2.4</p> <p>Development at street level is designed to maximise opportunities for passive surveillance of the adjacent public realm.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.4</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 2.5</p> <p>Common areas and entry points of buildings (such as the foyer areas of residential buildings) and non-residential land uses at street level, maximise passive surveillance from the public realm to the inside of the building at night.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.5</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>Landscaping</p>	
<p>PO 3.1</p> <p>Soft landscaping and tree planting are incorporated to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) minimise heat absorption and reflection</li> <li>(b) maximise shade and shelter</li> <li>(c) maximise stormwater infiltration</li> <li>(d) enhance the appearance of land and streetscapes.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>

Environmental Performance	
<p>PO 4.1</p> <p>Buildings are sited, oriented and designed to maximise natural sunlight access and ventilation to main activity areas, habitable rooms, common areas and open spaces.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 4.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 4.2</p> <p>Buildings are sited and designed to maximise passive environmental performance and minimise energy consumption and reliance on mechanical systems, such as heating and cooling.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 4.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 4.3</p> <p>Buildings incorporate climate responsive techniques and features such as building and window orientation, use of eaves, verandahs and shading structures, water harvesting, at ground landscaping, green walls, green roofs and photovoltaic cells.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 4.3</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
Water Sensitive Design	
<p>PO 5.1</p> <p>Development is sited and designed to maintain natural hydrological systems without negatively impacting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) the quantity and quality of surface water and groundwater</li> <li>(b) the depth and directional flow of surface water and groundwater</li> <li>(c) the quality and function of natural springs.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 5.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
On-site Waste Treatment Systems	
<p>PO 6.1</p> <p>Dedicated on-site effluent disposal areas do not include any areas to be used for, or could be reasonably foreseen to be used for, private open space, driveways or car parking.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 6.1</p> <p>Effluent disposal drainage areas do not:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) encroach within an area used as private open space or result in less private open space than that specified in Design in Urban Areas Table 1 - Private Open Space</li> <li>(b) use an area also used as a driveway</li> <li>(c) encroach within an area used for on-site car parking or result in less on-site car parking than that specified in Transport, Access and Parking Table 1 - General Off-Street Car Parking Requirements or Table 2 - Off-Street Car Parking Requirements in Designated Areas.</li> </ul>
Car parking appearance	
<p>PO 7.1</p> <p>Development facing the street is designed to minimise the negative impacts of any semi-basement and undercroft car parking on streetscapes through techniques such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) limiting protrusion above finished ground level</li> <li>(b) screening through appropriate planting, fencing and mounding</li> <li>(c) limiting the width of openings and integrating them into the building structure.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 7.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 7.2</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 7.2</p>

Vehicle parking areas appropriately located, designed and constructed to minimise impacts on adjacent sensitive receivers through measures such as ensuring they are attractively developed and landscaped, screen fenced and the like.	None are applicable.
PO 7.3 Safe, legible, direct and accessible pedestrian connections are provided between parking areas and the development.	DTS/DPF 7.3 None are applicable.
PO 7.4 Street-level vehicle parking areas incorporate tree planting to provide shade, reduce solar heat absorption and reflection.	DTS/DPF 7.4 Vehicle parking areas that are open to the sky and comprise 10 or more car parking spaces include a shade tree with a mature canopy of 4m diameter spaced for each 10 car parking spaces provided and a landscaped strip on any road frontage of a minimum dimension of 1m.
PO 7.5 Street level parking areas incorporate soft landscaping to improve visual appearance when viewed from within the site and from public places.	DTS/DPF 7.5 Vehicle parking areas comprising 10 or more car parking spaces include soft landscaping with a minimum dimension of:  (a) 1m along all public road frontages and allotment boundaries (b) 1m between double rows of car parking spaces.
PO 7.6 Vehicle parking areas and associated driveways are landscaped to provide shade and positively contribute to amenity.	DTS/DPF 7.6 None are applicable.
PO 7.7 Vehicle parking areas and access ways incorporate integrated stormwater management techniques such as permeable or porous surfaces, infiltration systems, drainage swales or rain gardens that integrate with soft landscaping.	DTS/DPF 7.7 None are applicable.
<b>Earthworks and sloping land</b>	
PO 8.1 Development, including any associated driveways and access tracks, minimises the need for earthworks to limit disturbance to natural topography.	DTS/DPF 8.1 Development does not involve any of the following:  (a) excavation exceeding a vertical height of 1m (b) filling exceeding a vertical height of 1m (c) a total combined excavation and filling vertical height of 2m or more.
PO 8.2 Driveways and access tracks designed and constructed to allow safe and convenient access on sloping land.	DTS/DPF 8.2 Driveways and access tracks on sloping land (with a gradient exceeding 1 in 8) satisfy (a) and (b):  (a) do not have a gradient exceeding 25% (1-in-4) at any point along the driveway (b) are constructed with an all-weather trafficable surface.
PO 8.3 Driveways and access tracks on sloping land (with a gradient	DTS/DPF 8.3 None are applicable.

<p>exceeding 1 in 8):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) do not contribute to the instability of embankments and cuttings</li> <li>(b) provide level transition areas for the safe movement of people and goods to and from the development</li> <li>(c) are designed to integrate with the natural topography of the land.</li> </ul>	
<p>PO 8.4</p> <p>Development on sloping land (with a gradient exceeding 1 in 8) avoids the alteration of natural drainage lines and includes on site drainage systems to minimise erosion.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 8.4</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 8.5</p> <p>Development does not occur on land at risk of landslip or increase the potential for landslip or land surface instability.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 8.5</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>Fences and walls</p>	
<p>PO 9.1</p> <p>Fences, walls and retaining walls of sufficient height maintain privacy and security without unreasonably impacting visual amenity and adjoining land's access to sunlight or the amenity of public places.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 9.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 9.2</p> <p>Landscaping is incorporated on the low side of retaining walls that are visible from public roads and public open space to minimise visual impacts.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 9.2</p> <p>A vegetated landscaped strip 1m wide or more is provided against the low side of a retaining wall.</p>
<p>Overlooking / Visual Privacy (low rise buildings)</p>	
<p>PO 10.1</p> <p>Development mitigates direct overlooking from upper level windows to habitable rooms and private open spaces of adjoining residential uses in neighbourhood-type zones.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 10.1</p> <p>Upper level windows facing side or rear boundaries shared with a residential use in a neighbourhood-type zone:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are permanently obscured to a height of 1.5m above finished floor level and are fixed or not capable of being opened more than 125mm</li> <li>(b) have sill heights greater than or equal to 1.5m above finished floor level</li> <li>(c) incorporate screening with a maximum of 25% openings, permanently fixed no more than 500mm from the window surface and sited adjacent to any part of the window less than 1.5 m above the finished floor level.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 10.2</p> <p>Development mitigates direct overlooking from balconies to habitable rooms and private open space of adjoining residential uses in neighbourhood type zones.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 10.2</p> <p>One of the following is satisfied:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) the longest side of the balcony or terrace will face a public road, public road reserve or public reserve that is at least 15m wide in all places faced by the balcony or terrace</li> <li>or</li> <li>(b) all sides of balconies or terraces on upper building levels are permanently obscured by screening with a maximum 25% transparency/openings fixed to a minimum height of:</li> </ul>

	<p>(i) 1.5m above finished floor level where the balcony is located at least 15 metres from the nearest habitable window of a dwelling on adjacent land</p> <p>or</p> <p>(ii) 1.7m above finished floor level in all other cases</p>
Site Facilities / Waste Storage (excluding low rise residential development)	
<p>PO 11.1</p> <p>Development provides a dedicated area for on-site collection and sorting of recyclable materials and refuse, green organic waste and wash bay facilities for the ongoing maintenance of bins that is adequate in size considering the number and nature of the activities they will serve and the frequency of collection.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 11.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 11.2</p> <p>Communal waste storage and collection areas are located, enclosed and designed to be screened from view from the public domain, open space and dwellings.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 11.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 11.3</p> <p>Communal waste storage and collection areas are designed to be well ventilated and located away from habitable rooms.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 11.3</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 11.4</p> <p>Communal waste storage and collection areas are designed to allow waste and recycling collection vehicles to enter and leave the site without reversing.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 11.4</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 11.5</p> <p>For mixed use developments, non-residential waste and recycling storage areas and access provide opportunities for on-site management of food waste through composting or other waste recovery as appropriate.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 11.5</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
All Development - Medium and High Rise	
External Appearance	
<p>PO 12.1</p> <p>Buildings positively contribute to the character of the local area by responding to local context.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 12.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 12.2</p> <p>Architectural detail at street level and a mixture of materials at lower building levels near the public interface are provided to reinforce a human scale.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 12.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 12.3</p> <p>Buildings are designed to reduce visual mass by breaking up building elevations into distinct elements.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 12.3</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 12.4</p> <p>Boundary walls visible from public land include visually interesting treatments to break up large blank elevations.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 12.4</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 12.5</p> <p>External materials and finishes are durable and age well to minimise ongoing maintenance requirements.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 12.5</p> <p>Buildings utilise a combination of the following external materials and finishes:</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) masonry</li> <li>(b) natural stone</li> <li>(c) pre-finished materials that minimise staining, discolouring or deterioration.</li> </ul>								
<p>PO 12.6</p> <p>Street-facing building elevations are designed to provide attractive, high quality and pedestrian-friendly street frontages.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 12.6</p> <p>Building street frontages incorporate:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) active uses such as shops or offices</li> <li>(b) prominent entry areas for multi-storey buildings (where it is a common entry)</li> <li>(c) habitable rooms of dwellings</li> <li>(d) areas of communal public realm with public art or the like, where consistent with the zone and/or subzone provisions.</li> </ul>								
<p>PO 12.7</p> <p>Entrances to multi-storey buildings are safe, attractive, welcoming, functional and contribute to streetscape character.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 12.7</p> <p>Entrances to multi-storey buildings are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) oriented towards the street</li> <li>(b) clearly visible and easily identifiable from the street and vehicle parking areas</li> <li>(c) designed to be prominent, accentuated and a welcoming feature if there are no active or occupied ground floor uses</li> <li>(d) designed to provide shelter, a sense of personal address and transitional space around the entry</li> <li>(e) located as close as practicable to the lift and / or lobby access to minimise the need for long access corridors</li> <li>(f) designed to avoid the creation of potential areas of entrapment.</li> </ul>								
<p>PO 12.8</p> <p>Building services, plant and mechanical equipment are screened from the public realm.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 12.8</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>								
<p>Landscaping</p>									
<p>PO 13.1</p> <p>Development facing a street provides a well landscaped area that contains a deep soil space to accommodate a tree of a species and size adequate to provide shade, contribute to tree canopy targets and soften the appearance of buildings.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 13.1</p> <p>Buildings provide a 4m by 4m deep soil space in front of the building that accommodates a medium to large tree, except where no building setback from front property boundaries is desired.</p>								
<p>PO 13.2</p> <p>Deep soil zones are provided to retain existing vegetation or provide areas that can accommodate new deep root vegetation, including tall trees with large canopies to provide shade and soften the appearance of multi-storey buildings.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 13.2</p> <p>Multi-storey development provides deep soil zones and incorporates trees at not less than the following rates, except in a location or zone where full site coverage is desired.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="831 1854 1520 2112"> <thead> <tr> <th>Site area</th> <th>Minimum deep soil area</th> <th>Minimum dimension</th> <th>Tree / deep soil zones</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>&lt;300 m<sup>2</sup></td> <td>10 m<sup>2</sup></td> <td>1.5m</td> <td>1 small tree / 10 m<sup>2</sup></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Site area	Minimum deep soil area	Minimum dimension	Tree / deep soil zones	<300 m <sup>2</sup>	10 m <sup>2</sup>	1.5m	1 small tree / 10 m <sup>2</sup>
Site area	Minimum deep soil area	Minimum dimension	Tree / deep soil zones						
<300 m <sup>2</sup>	10 m <sup>2</sup>	1.5m	1 small tree / 10 m <sup>2</sup>						



	300-1500 m <sup>2</sup>	7% site area	3m	1 medium tree / 30 m <sup>2</sup>
	>1500 m <sup>2</sup>	7% site area	6m	1 large or medium tree / 60 m <sup>2</sup>
	<b>Tree size and site area definitions</b>			
	Small tree	4-6m mature height and 2-4m canopy spread		
	Medium tree	6-12m mature height and 4-8m canopy spread		
	Large tree	12m mature height and >8m canopy spread		
	Site area	The total area for development site, not average area per dwelling		
PO 13.3	DTS/DPF 13.3			
Deep soil zones with access to natural light are provided to assist in maintaining vegetation health.	None are applicable.			
PO 13.4	DTS/DPF 13.4			
Unless separated by a public road or reserve, development sites adjacent to any zone that has a primary purpose of accommodating low-rise residential development incorporate a deep soil zone along the common boundary to enable medium to large trees to be retained or established to assist in screening new buildings of 3 or more building levels in height.	Building elements of 3 or more building levels in height are set back at least 6m from a zone boundary in which a deep soil zone area is incorporated.			
<b>Environmental</b>				
PO 14.1	DTS/DPF 14.1			
Development minimises detrimental micro-climatic impacts on adjacent land and buildings.	None are applicable.			
PO 14.2	DTS/DPF 14.2			
Development incorporates sustainable design techniques and features such as window orientation, eaves and shading structures, water harvesting and use, green walls and roof designs that enable the provision of rain water tanks (where they are not provided elsewhere on site), green roofs and photovoltaic cells.	None are applicable.			
PO 14.3	DTS/DPF 14.3			
Development of 5 or more building levels, or 21m or more in height (as measured from natural ground level and excluding roof-mounted mechanical plant and equipment) is designed to minimise the impacts of wind through measures such as:	None are applicable.			
(a) a podium at the base of a tall tower and aligned with the street to deflect wind away from the street				
(b) substantial verandahs around a building to deflect				

<p>(c) downward travelling wind flows over pedestrian areas</p> <p>(c) the placement of buildings and use of setbacks to deflect the wind at ground level</p> <p>(d) avoiding tall shear elevations that create windy conditions at street level.</p>	
<p><b>Car Parking</b></p>	
<p>PO 15.1</p> <p>Multi-level vehicle parking structures are designed to contribute to active street frontages and complement neighbouring buildings.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 15.1</p> <p>Multi-level vehicle parking structures within buildings:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) provide land uses such as commercial, retail or other non-car parking uses along ground floor street frontages</li> <li>(b) incorporate facade treatments in building elevations facing along major street frontages that are sufficiently enclosed and detailed to complement adjacent buildings.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 15.2</p> <p>Multi-level vehicle parking structures within buildings complement the surrounding built form in terms of height, massing and scale.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 15.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p><b>Overlooking/Visual Privacy</b></p>	
<p>PO 16.1</p> <p>Development mitigates direct overlooking of habitable rooms and private open spaces of adjacent residential uses in neighbourhood-type zones through measures such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) appropriate site layout and building orientation</li> <li>(b) off-setting the location of balconies and windows of habitable rooms or areas with those of other buildings so that views are oblique rather than direct to avoid direct line of sight</li> <li>(c) building setbacks from boundaries (including building boundary to boundary where appropriate) that interrupt views or that provide a spatial separation between balconies or windows of habitable rooms</li> <li>(d) screening devices that are integrated into the building design and have minimal negative effect on residents' or neighbours' amenity.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 16.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>All residential development</p>	
<p><b>Front elevations and passive surveillance</b></p>	
<p>PO 17.1</p> <p>Dwellings incorporate windows facing primary street frontages to encourage passive surveillance and make a positive contribution to the streetscape.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 17.1</p> <p>Each dwelling with a frontage to a public street:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) includes at least one window facing the primary street from a habitable room that has a minimum internal room dimension of 2.4m</li> <li>(b) has an aggregate window area of at least 2m<sup>2</sup> facing the primary street.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 17.2</p> <p>Dwellings incorporate entry doors within street frontages to</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 17.2</p> <p>Dwellings with a frontage to a public street have an entry door</p>

address the street and provide a legible entry point for visitors.	visible from the primary street boundary.
<b>Outlook and Amenity</b>	
<p>PO 18.1</p> <p>Living rooms have an external outlook to provide a high standard of amenity for occupants.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 18.1</p> <p>A living room of a dwelling incorporates a window with an external outlook of the street frontage, private open space, public open space, or waterfront areas.</p>
<p>PO 18.2</p> <p>Bedrooms are separated or shielded from active communal recreation areas, common access areas and vehicle parking areas and access ways to mitigate noise and artificial light intrusion.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 18.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<b>Ancillary Development</b>	
<p>PO 19.1</p> <p>Residential ancillary buildings are sited and designed to not detract from the streetscape or appearance of primary residential buildings on the site or neighbouring properties.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 19.1</p> <p>Ancillary buildings:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are ancillary to a dwelling erected on the same site</li> <li>(b) have a floor area not exceeding 60m<sup>2</sup></li> <li>(c) are not constructed, added to or altered so that any part is situated: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) in front of any part of the building line of the dwelling to which it is ancillary</li> <li>or</li> <li>(ii) within 900mm of a boundary of the allotment with a secondary street (if the land has boundaries on two or more roads)</li> </ul> </li> <li>(d) in the case of a garage or carport, the garage or carport: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) is set back at least 5.5m from the boundary of the primary street</li> <li>(ii) when facing a primary street or secondary street, has a total door / opening not exceeding: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A. for dwellings of single building level - 7m in width or 50% of the site frontage, whichever is the lesser</li> <li>B. for dwellings comprising two or more building levels at the building line fronting the same public street - 7m in width</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> <li>(e) if situated on a boundary (not being a boundary with a primary street or secondary street), do not exceed a length of 11.5m unless: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) a longer wall or structure exists on the adjacent site and is situated on the same allotment boundary</li> <li>and</li> <li>(ii) the proposed wall or structure will be built along the same length of boundary as the existing adjacent wall or structure to the same or lesser extent</li> </ul> </li> <li>(f) if situated on a boundary of the allotment (not being a boundary with a primary street or secondary street), all walls or structures on the boundary will not exceed 45% of the length of that boundary</li> </ul>

	<p>(g) will not be located within 3m of any other wall along the same boundary unless on an adjacent site on that boundary there is an existing wall of a building that would be adjacent to or about the proposed wall or structure</p> <p>(h) have a wall height or post height not exceeding 3m above natural ground level</p> <p>(i) have a roof height where no part of the roof is more than 5m above the natural ground level</p> <p>(j) if clad in sheet metal, is pre-colour treated or painted in a non-reflective colour</p> <p>(k) retains a total area of soft landscaping in accordance with (i) or (ii), whichever is less:</p> <p>(i) a total area as determined by the following table:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="1007 607 1519 1131"> <thead> <tr> <th>Dwelling site area (or in the case of residential flat building or group dwelling(s), average site area) (m<sup>2</sup>)</th> <th>Minimum percentage of site</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>&lt;150</td> <td>10%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>150-200</td> <td>15%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>201-450</td> <td>20%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>&gt;450</td> <td>25%</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>(ii) the amount of existing soft landscaping prior to the development occurring.</p>	Dwelling site area (or in the case of residential flat building or group dwelling(s), average site area) (m <sup>2</sup> )	Minimum percentage of site	<150	10%	150-200	15%	201-450	20%	>450	25%
Dwelling site area (or in the case of residential flat building or group dwelling(s), average site area) (m <sup>2</sup> )	Minimum percentage of site										
<150	10%										
150-200	15%										
201-450	20%										
>450	25%										
<p>PO 19.2</p> <p>Ancillary buildings and structures do not impede on-site functional requirements such as private open space provision, car parking requirements or result in over-development of the site.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 19.2</p> <p>Ancillary buildings and structures do not result in:</p> <p>(a) less private open space than specified in Design in Urban Areas Table 1 - Private Open Space</p> <p>(b) less on-site car parking than specified in Transport, Access and Parking Table 1 - General Off-Street Car Parking Requirements or Table 2 - Off-Street Car Parking Requirements in Designated Areas.</p>										
<p>PO 19.3</p> <p>Fixed plant and equipment in the form of pumps and/or filtration systems for a swimming pool or spa positioned and/or housed to not cause unreasonable noise nuisance to adjacent sensitive receivers.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 19.3</p> <p>The pump and/or filtration system is ancillary to a dwelling erected on the same site and is:</p> <p>(a) enclosed in a solid acoustic structure that is located at least 5m from the nearest habitable room located on an adjoining allotment or</p> <p>(b) located at least 12m from the nearest habitable room located on an adjoining allotment.</p>										
Residential Development - Low Rise											
External appearance											

<p>PO 20.1</p> <p>Garaging is designed to not detract from the streetscape or appearance of a dwelling.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 20.1</p> <p>Garages and carports facing a street:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are situated so that no part of the garage or carport will be in front of any part of the building line of the dwelling</li> <li>(b) are set back at least 5.5m from the boundary of the primary street</li> <li>(c) have a garage door / opening width not exceeding 7m</li> <li>(d) have a garage door / opening width not exceeding 50% of the site frontage unless the dwelling has two or more building levels at the building line fronting the same public street.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 20.2</p> <p>Dwelling elevations facing public streets and common driveways make a positive contribution to the streetscape and the appearance of common driveway areas.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 20.2</p> <p>Each dwelling includes at least 3 of the following design features within the building elevation facing a primary street, and at least 2 of the following design features within the building elevation facing any other public road (other than a laneway) or a common driveway:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) a minimum of 30% of the building wall is set back an additional 300mm from the building line</li> <li>(b) a porch or portico projects at least 1m from the building wall</li> <li>(c) a balcony projects from the building wall</li> <li>(d) a verandah projects at least 1m from the building wall</li> <li>(e) eaves of a minimum 400mm width extend along the width of the front elevation</li> <li>(f) a minimum 30% of the width of the upper level projects forward from the lower level primary building line by at least 300mm</li> <li>(g) a minimum of two different materials or finishes are incorporated on the walls of the front building elevation, with a maximum of 80% of the building elevation in a single material or finish.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 20.3</p> <p>The visual mass of larger buildings is reduced when viewed from adjoining allotments or public streets.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 20.3</p> <p>None are applicable</p>
<p>Private Open Space</p>	
<p>PO 21.1</p> <p>Dwellings are provided with suitable sized areas of usable private open space to meet the needs of occupants.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 21.1</p> <p>Private open space is provided in accordance with Design in Urban Areas Table 1 - Private Open Space.</p>
<p>PO 21.2</p> <p>Private open space is positioned to provide convenient access from internal living areas.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 21.2</p> <p>Private open space is directly accessible from a habitable room.</p>

Landscaping											
<p>PO 22.1</p> <p>Soft landscaping is incorporated into development to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) minimise heat absorption and reflection</li> <li>(b) contribute shade and shelter</li> <li>(c) provide for stormwater infiltration and biodiversity</li> <li>(d) enhance the appearance of land and streetscapes.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 22.1</p> <p>Residential development incorporates soft landscaping with a minimum dimension of 700mm provided in accordance with (a) and (b):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) a total area as determined by the following table:                             <table border="1" style="margin: 10px auto; width: 80%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #004a87; color: white;"> <th style="padding: 5px;">Dwelling site area (or in the case of residential flat building or group dwelling(s), average site area) (m<sup>2</sup>)</th> <th style="padding: 5px;">Minimum percentage of site</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">&lt;150</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">10%</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">150-200</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">15%</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">&gt;200-450</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">20%</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">&gt;450</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">25%</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> </li> <li>(b) at least 30% of any land between the primary street boundary and the primary building line.</li> </ul>	Dwelling site area (or in the case of residential flat building or group dwelling(s), average site area) (m <sup>2</sup> )	Minimum percentage of site	<150	10%	150-200	15%	>200-450	20%	>450	25%
Dwelling site area (or in the case of residential flat building or group dwelling(s), average site area) (m <sup>2</sup> )	Minimum percentage of site										
<150	10%										
150-200	15%										
>200-450	20%										
>450	25%										
Car parking, access and manoeuvrability											
<p>PO 23.1</p> <p>Enclosed car parking spaces are of dimensions to be functional, accessible and convenient.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 23.1</p> <p>Residential car parking spaces enclosed by fencing, walls or other structures have the following internal dimensions (separate from any waste storage area):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) single width car parking spaces:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) a minimum length of 5.4m per space</li> <li>(ii) a minimum width of 3.0m</li> <li>(iii) a minimum garage door width of 2.4m</li> </ul> </li> <li>(b) double width car parking spaces (side by side):                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) a minimum length of 5.4m</li> <li>(ii) a minimum width of 5.4m</li> <li>(iii) minimum garage door width of 2.4m per space.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>										
<p>PO 23.2</p> <p>Uncovered car parking space are of dimensions to be functional, accessible and convenient.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 23.2</p> <p>Uncovered car parking spaces have:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) a minimum length of 5.4m</li> <li>(b) a minimum width of 2.4m</li> <li>(c) a minimum width between the centre line of the space and any fence, wall or other obstruction of 1.5m.</li> </ul>										
<p>PO 23.3</p> <p>Driveways and access points are located and designed to facilitate safe access and egress while maximising land available for street tree planting, domestic waste collection, landscaped street frontages and on-street parking.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 23.3</p> <p>Driveways and access points satisfy (a) or (b):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) sites with a frontage to a public road of 10m or less, have a width between 3.0 and 3.2 metres measured at the property boundary and are the only access point provided on the site</li> </ul>										

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(b) sites with a frontage to a public road greater than 10m:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) have a maximum width of 5m measured at the property boundary and are the only access point provided on the site;</li> <li>(ii) have a width between 3.0 metres and 3.2 metres measured at the property boundary and no more than two access points are provided on site, separated by no less than 1m.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<p>PO 23.4</p> <p>Vehicle access is safe, convenient, minimises interruption to the operation of public roads and does not interfere with street infrastructure or street trees.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 23.4</p> <p>Vehicle access to designated car parking spaces satisfy (a) or (b):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) is provided via a lawfully existing or authorised access point or an access point for which consent has been granted as part of an application for the division of land</li> <li>(b) where newly proposed, is set back:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) 0.5m or more from any street furniture, street pole, infrastructure services pit, or other stormwater or utility infrastructure unless consent is provided from the asset owner</li> <li>(ii) 2m or more from the base of the trunk of a street tree unless consent is provided from the tree owner for a lesser distance</li> <li>(iii) 6m or more from the tangent point of an intersection of 2 or more roads</li> <li>(iv) outside of the marked lines or infrastructure dedicating a pedestrian crossing.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<p>PO 23.5</p> <p>Driveways are designed to enable safe and convenient vehicle movements from the public road to on-site parking spaces.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 23.5</p> <p>Driveways are designed and sited so that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) the gradient from the place of access on the boundary of the allotment to the finished floor level at the front of the garage or carport is not steeper than 1-in-4 on average</li> <li>(b) they are aligned relative to the street so that there is no more than a 20 degree deviation from 90 degrees between the centreline of any dedicated car parking space to which it provides access (measured from the front of that space) and the road boundary.</li> <li>(c) if located so as to provide access from an alley, lane or right of way - the alley, lane or right of way is at least 6.2m wide along the boundary of the allotment / site</li> </ul>
<p>PO 23.6</p> <p>Driveways and access points are designed and distributed to optimise the provision of on-street visitor parking.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 23.6</p> <p>Where on-street parking is available abutting the site's street frontage, on-street parking is retained in accordance with the following requirements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) minimum 0.33 on-street spaces per dwelling on the site (rounded up to the nearest whole number)</li> <li>(b) minimum car park length of 5.4m where a vehicle can enter or exit a space directly</li> <li>(c) minimum carpark length of 6m for an intermediate space located between two other parking spaces or to an end obstruction where the parking is indented.</li> </ul>

Waste storage	
PO 24.1 Provision is made for the convenient storage of waste bins in a location screened from public view.	DTS/DPF 24.1 Where dwellings abut both side boundaries a waste bin storage area is provided behind the building line of each dwelling that:  (a) has a minimum area of 2m <sup>2</sup> with a minimum dimension of 900mm (separate from any designated car parking spaces or private open space); and (b) has a continuous unobstructed path of travel (excluding moveable objects like gates, vehicles and roller doors) with a minimum width of 800mm between the waste bin storage area and the street.
Design of Transportable Buildings	
PO 25.1 The sub-floor space beneath transportable buildings is enclosed to give the appearance of a permanent structure.	DTS/DPF 25.1 Buildings satisfy (a) or (b):  (a) are not transportable (b) the sub-floor space between the building and ground level is clad in a material and finish consistent with the building.
Residential Development - Medium and High Rise (including serviced apartments)	
Outlook and Visual Privacy	
PO 26.1 Ground level dwellings have a satisfactory short range visual outlook to public, communal or private open space.	DTS/DPF 26.1 Buildings:  (a) provide a habitable room at ground or first level with a window facing toward the street (b) limit the height / extent of solid walls or fences facing the street to 1.2m high above the footpath level or, where higher, to 50% of the site frontage.
PO 26.2 The visual privacy of ground level dwellings within multi-level buildings is protected.	DTS/DPF 26.2 The finished floor level of ground level dwellings in multi-storey developments is raised by up to 1.2m.
Private Open Space	
PO 27.1 Dwellings are provided with suitable sized areas of usable private open space to meet the needs of occupants.	DTS/DPF 27.1 Private open space provided in accordance with Design in Urban Areas Table 1 - Private Open Space.
Residential amenity in multi-level buildings	
PO 28.1 Residential accommodation within multi-level buildings have habitable rooms, windows and balconies designed and positioned to be separated from those of other dwellings and accommodation to provide visual and acoustic privacy and allow for natural ventilation and the infiltration of daylight into interior and outdoor spaces.	DTS/DPF 28.1 Habitable rooms and balconies of independent dwellings and accommodation are separated by at least 6m from one another where there is a direct line of sight between them and 3m or more from a side or rear property boundary.
PO 28.2	DTS/DPF 28.2



<p>Balconies are designed, positioned and integrated into the overall architectural form and detail of the development to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) respond to daylight, wind, and acoustic conditions to maximise comfort and provide visual privacy</li> <li>(b) allow views and casual surveillance of the street while providing for safety and visual privacy of nearby living spaces and private outdoor areas.</li> </ul>	<p>Balconies utilise one or a combination of the following design elements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) sun screens</li> <li>(b) pergolas</li> <li>(c) louvres</li> <li>(d) green facades</li> <li>(e) openable walls.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 28.3</p> <p>Balconies are of sufficient size and depth to accommodate outdoor seating and promote indoor / outdoor living.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 28.3</p> <p>Balconies open directly from a habitable room and incorporate a minimum dimension of 2m.</p>
<p>PO 28.4</p> <p>Dwellings are provided with sufficient space for storage to meet likely occupant needs.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 28.4</p> <p>Dwellings (not including student accommodation or serviced apartments) are provided with storage at the following rates with at least 50% or more of the storage volume to be provided within the dwelling:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) studio: not less than 6m<sup>3</sup></li> <li>(b) 1 bedroom dwelling / apartment: not less than 8m<sup>3</sup></li> <li>(c) 2 bedroom dwelling / apartment: not less than 10m<sup>3</sup></li> <li>(d) 3+ bedroom dwelling / apartment: not less than 12m<sup>3</sup>.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 28.5</p> <p>Dwellings that use light wells for access to daylight, outlook and ventilation for habitable rooms, are designed to ensure a reasonable living amenity is provided.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 28.5</p> <p>Light wells:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are not used as the primary source of outlook for living rooms</li> <li>(b) up to 18m in height have a minimum horizontal dimension of 3m, or 6m if overlooked by bedrooms</li> <li>(c) above 18m in height have a minimum horizontal dimension of 6m, or 9m if overlooked by bedrooms.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 28.6</p> <p>Attached or abutting dwellings are designed to minimise the transmission of sound between dwellings and, in particular, to protect bedrooms from possible noise intrusions.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 28.6</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 28.7</p> <p>Dwellings are designed so that internal structural columns correspond with the position of internal walls to ensure that the space within the dwelling/apartment is useable.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 28.7</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>Dwelling Configuration</p>	
<p>PO 29.1</p> <p>Buildings containing in excess of 10 dwellings provide a variety of dwelling sizes and a range in the number of bedrooms per dwelling to contribute to housing diversity.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 29.1</p> <p>Buildings containing in excess of 10 dwellings provide at least one of each of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) studio (where there is no separate bedroom)</li> <li>(b) 1 bedroom dwelling / apartment with a floor area of at least 50m<sup>2</sup></li> <li>(c) 2 bedroom dwelling / apartment with a floor area of at least 65m<sup>2</sup></li> <li>(d) 3+ bedroom dwelling / apartment with a floor area of at</li> </ul>

	least 80m <sup>2</sup> , and any dwelling over 3 bedrooms provides an additional 15m <sup>2</sup> for every additional bedroom.										
PO 29.2 Dwellings located on the ground floor of multi-level buildings with 3 or more bedrooms have the windows of their habitable rooms overlooking internal courtyard space or other public space, where possible.	DTS/DPF 29.2 None are applicable.										
<b>Common Areas</b>											
PO 30.1 The size of lifts, lobbies and corridors is sufficient to accommodate movement of bicycles, strollers, mobility aids and visitor waiting areas.	DTS/DPF 30.1 Common corridor or circulation areas:  (a) have a minimum ceiling height of 2.7m (b) provide access to no more than 8 dwellings (c) incorporate a wider section at apartment entries where the corridors exceed 12m in length from a core.										
Group Dwellings, Residential Flat Buildings and Battle axe Development											
<b>Amenity</b>											
PO 31.1 Dwellings are of a suitable size to provide a high standard of amenity for occupants.	DTS/DPF 31.1 Dwellings have a minimum internal floor area in accordance with the following table:  <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">Number of bedrooms</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Minimum internal floor area</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Studio</td> <td style="text-align: center;">35m<sup>2</sup></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">1 bedroom</td> <td style="text-align: center;">50m<sup>2</sup></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">2 bedroom</td> <td style="text-align: center;">65m<sup>2</sup></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">3+ bedrooms</td> <td style="text-align: center;">80m<sup>2</sup> and any dwelling over 3 bedrooms provides an additional 15m<sup>2</sup> for every additional bedroom</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Number of bedrooms	Minimum internal floor area	Studio	35m <sup>2</sup>	1 bedroom	50m <sup>2</sup>	2 bedroom	65m <sup>2</sup>	3+ bedrooms	80m <sup>2</sup> and any dwelling over 3 bedrooms provides an additional 15m <sup>2</sup> for every additional bedroom
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PO 31.2 The orientation and siting of buildings minimises impacts on the amenity, outlook and privacy of occupants and neighbours.	DTS/DPF 31.2 None are applicable.										
PO 31.3 Development maximises the number of dwellings that face public open space and public streets and limits dwellings oriented towards adjoining properties.	DTS/DPF 31.3 None are applicable.										
PO 31.4 Battle-axe development is appropriately sited and designed to respond to the existing neighbourhood context.	DTS/DPF 31.4 Dwelling sites/allotments are not in the form of a battle-axe arrangement.										
<b>Communal Open Space</b>											

<p>PO 32.1</p> <p>Private open space provision may be substituted for communal open space which is designed and sited to meet the recreation and amenity needs of residents.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 32.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 32.2</p> <p>Communal open space is of sufficient size and dimensions to cater for group recreation.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 32.2</p> <p>Communal open space incorporates a minimum dimension of 5 metres.</p>
<p>PO 32.3</p> <p>Communal open space is designed and sited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) be conveniently accessed by the dwellings which it services</li> <li>(b) have regard to acoustic, safety, security and wind effects.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 32.3</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 32.4</p> <p>Communal open space contains landscaping and facilities that are functional, attractive and encourage recreational use.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 32.4</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 32.5</p> <p>Communal open space is designed and sited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) in relation to rooftop or elevated gardens, minimise overlooking into habitable room windows or onto the useable private open space of other dwellings</li> <li>(b) in relation to ground floor communal space, be overlooked by habitable rooms to facilitate passive surveillance.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 32.5</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<b>Car parking, access and manoeuvrability</b>	
<p>PO 33.1</p> <p>Driveways and access points are designed and distributed to optimise the provision of on-street visitor parking.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 33.1</p> <p>Where on-street parking is available directly adjacent the site, on-street parking is retained adjacent the subject site in accordance with the following requirements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) minimum 0.33 on-street car parks per proposed dwelling (rounded up to the nearest whole number)</li> <li>(b) minimum car park length of 5.4m where a vehicle can enter or exit a space directly</li> <li>(c) minimum carpark length of 6m for an intermediate space located between two other parking spaces or to an end obstruction where the parking is indented.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 33.2</p> <p>The number of vehicular access points onto public roads is minimised to reduce interruption of the footpath and positively contribute to public safety and walkability.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 33.2</p> <p>Access to group dwellings or dwellings within a residential flat building is provided via a single common driveway.</p>
<p>PO 33.3</p> <p>Residential driveways that service more than one dwelling are designed to allow safe and convenient movement.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 33.3</p> <p>Driveways that service more than 1 dwelling or a dwelling on a battle-axe site:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) have a minimum width of 3m</li> <li>(b) for driveways servicing more than 3 dwellings: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) have a width of 5.5m or more and a length of</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

	(ii) 6m or more at the kerb of the primary street where the driveway length exceeds 30m, incorporate a passing point at least every 30 metres with a minimum width of 5.5m and a minimum length of 6m.
PO 33.4 Residential driveways that service more than one dwelling or a dwelling on a battle-axe site are designed to allow passenger vehicles to enter and exit and manoeuvre within the site in a safe and convenient manner.	DTS/DPF 33.4 Driveways providing access to more than one dwelling, or a dwelling on a battle-axe site, allow a B85 passenger vehicle to enter and exit the garages or parking spaces in no more than a three-point turn manoeuvre.
PO 33.5 Dwellings are adequately separated from common driveways and manoeuvring areas.	DTS/DPF 33.5 Dwelling walls with entry doors or ground level habitable room windows are set back at least 1.5m from any driveway or area designated for the movement and manoeuvring of vehicles.
<b>Soft landscaping</b>	
PO 34.1 Soft landscaping is provided between dwellings and common driveways to improve the outlook for occupants and appearance of common areas.	DTS/DPF 34.1 Other than where located directly in front of a garage or building entry, soft landscaping with a minimum dimension of 1m is provided between a dwelling and common driveway.
PO 34.2 Battle-axe or common driveways incorporate landscaping and permeability to improve appearance and assist in stormwater management.	DTS/DPF 34.2 Battle-axe or common driveways satisfy (a) and (b):  (a) are constructed of a minimum of 50% permeable or porous material  (b) where the driveway is located directly adjacent the side or rear boundary of the site, soft landscaping with a minimum dimension of 1m is provided between the driveway and site boundary (excluding along the perimeter of a passing point).
<b>Site Facilities / Waste Storage</b>	
PO 35.1 Provision is made for suitable mailbox facilities close to the major pedestrian entry to the site or conveniently located considering the nature of accommodation and mobility of occupants.	DTS/DPF 35.1 None are applicable.
PO 35.2 Provision is made for suitable external clothes drying facilities.	DTS/DPF 35.2 None are applicable.
PO 35.3 Provision is made for suitable household waste and recyclable material storage facilities which are:  (a) located away, or screened, from public view, and (b) conveniently located in proximity to dwellings and the waste collection point.	DTS/DPF 35.3 None are applicable.
PO 35.4	DTS/DPF 35.4

Waste and recyclable material storage areas are located away from dwellings.	Dedicated waste and recyclable material storage areas are located at least 3m from any habitable room window.
PO 35.5 Where waste bins cannot be conveniently collected from the street, provision is made for on-site waste collection, designed to accommodate the safe and convenient access, egress and movement of waste collection vehicles.	DTS/DPF 35.5 None are applicable.
PO 35.6 Services including gas and water meters are conveniently located and screened from public view.	DTS/DPF 35.6 None are applicable.
Water sensitive urban design	
PO 36.1 Residential development creating a common driveway / access includes stormwater management systems that minimise the discharge of sediment, suspended solids, organic matter, nutrients, bacteria, litter and other contaminants to the stormwater system, watercourses or other water bodies.	DTS/DPF 36.1 None are applicable.
PO 36.2 Residential development creating a common driveway / access includes a stormwater management system designed to mitigate peak flows and manage the rate and duration of stormwater discharges from the site to ensure that the development does not increase the peak flows in downstream systems.	DTS/DPF 36.2 None are applicable.
Supported Accommodation and retirement facilities	
Siting, Configuration and Design	
PO 37.1 Supported accommodation and housing for aged persons and people with disabilities is located where on-site movement of residents is not unduly restricted by the slope of the land.	DTS/DPF 37.1 None are applicable.
PO 37.2 Universal design features are incorporated to provide options for people living with disabilities or limited mobility and / or to facilitate ageing in place.	DTS/DPF 37.2 None are applicable.
Movement and Access	
PO 38.1 Development is designed to support safe and convenient access and movement for residents by providing:  (a) ground-level access or lifted access to all units (b) level entry porches, ramps, paths, driveways, passenger loading areas and areas adjacent to footpaths that allow for the passing of wheelchairs and resting places (c) car parks with gradients no steeper than 1-in-40, and of sufficient area to provide for wheelchair manoeuvrability (d) kerb ramps at pedestrian crossing points.	DTS/DPF 38.1 None are applicable.

Communal Open Space	
PO 39.1 Development is designed to provide attractive, convenient and comfortable indoor and outdoor communal areas to be used by residents and visitors.	DTS/DPF 39.1 None are applicable.
PO 39.2 Private open space provision may be substituted for communal open space which is designed and sited to meet the recreation and amenity needs of residents.	DTS/DPF 39.2 None are applicable.
PO 39.3 Communal open space is of sufficient size and dimensions to cater for group recreation.	DTS/DPF 39.3 Communal open space incorporates a minimum dimension of 5 metres.
PO 39.4 Communal open space is designed and sited to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) be conveniently accessed by the dwellings which it services</li> <li>(b) have regard to acoustic, safety, security and wind effects.</li> </ul>	DTS/DPF 39.4 None are applicable.
PO 39.5 Communal open space contains landscaping and facilities that are functional, attractive and encourage recreational use.	DTS/DPF 39.5 None are applicable.
PO 39.6 Communal open space is designed and sited to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) in relation to rooftop or elevated gardens, minimise overlooking into habitable room windows or onto the useable private open space of other dwellings</li> <li>(b) in relation to ground floor communal space, be overlooked by habitable rooms to facilitate passive surveillance.</li> </ul>	DTS/DPF 39.6 None are applicable.
Site Facilities / Waste Storage	
PO 40.1 Development is designed to provide storage areas for personal items and specialised equipment such as small electric powered vehicles, including facilities for the recharging of small electric-powered vehicles.	DTS/DPF 40.1 None are applicable.
PO 40.2 Provision is made for suitable mailbox facilities close to the major pedestrian entry to the site or conveniently located considering the nature of accommodation and mobility of occupants.	DTS/DPF 40.2 None are applicable.
PO 40.3 Provision is made for suitable external clothes drying facilities.	DTS/DPF 40.3 None are applicable.

<p>PO 40.4</p> <p>Provision is made for suitable household waste and recyclable material storage facilities conveniently located away, or screened, from view.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 40.4</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 40.5</p> <p>Waste and recyclable material storage areas are located away from dwellings.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 40.5</p> <p>Dedicated waste and recyclable material storage areas are located at least 3m from any habitable room window.</p>
<p>PO 40.6</p> <p>Provision is made for on-site waste collection where 10 or more bins are to be collected at any one time.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 40.6</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 40.7</p> <p>Services, including gas and water meters, are conveniently located and screened from public view.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 40.7</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>Student Accommodation</p>	
<p>PO 41.1</p> <p>Student accommodation is designed to provide safe, secure, attractive, convenient and comfortable living conditions for residents, including an internal layout and facilities that are designed to provide sufficient space and amenity for the requirements of student life and promote social interaction.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 41.1</p> <p>Student accommodation provides:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) a range of living options to meet a variety of accommodation needs, such as one-bedroom, two-bedroom and disability access units</li> <li>(b) common or shared facilities to enable a more efficient use of space, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) shared cooking, laundry and external drying facilities</li> <li>(ii) internal and external communal and private open space provided in accordance with Design in Urban Areas Table 1 - Private Open Space</li> <li>(iii) common storage facilities at the rate of 8m<sup>3</sup> for every 2 dwellings or students</li> <li>(iv) common on-site parking in accordance with Transport, Access and Parking Table 1 - General Off-Street Car Parking Requirements or Table 2 - Off-Street Car Parking Requirements in Designated Areas</li> <li>(v) bicycle parking at the rate of one space for every 2 students.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<p>PO 41.2</p> <p>Student accommodation is designed to provide easy adaptation of the building to accommodate an alternative use of the building in the event it is no longer required for student housing.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 41.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>All non-residential development</p>	
<p>Water Sensitive Design</p>	
<p>PO 42.1</p> <p>Development likely to result in risk of export of sediment, suspended solids, organic matter, nutrients, oil and grease include stormwater management systems designed to minimise pollutants entering stormwater.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 42.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>

<p>PO 42.2</p> <p>Water discharged from a development site is of a physical, chemical and biological condition equivalent to or better than its pre-developed state.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 42.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 42.3</p> <p>Development includes stormwater management systems to mitigate peak flows and manage the rate and duration of stormwater discharges from the site to ensure that development does not increase peak flows in downstream systems.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 42.3</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>Wash-down and Waste Loading and Unloading</p>	
<p>PO 43.1</p> <p>Areas for activities including loading and unloading, storage of waste refuse bins in commercial and industrial development or wash-down areas used for the cleaning of vehicles, plant or equipment are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) designed to contain all wastewater likely to pollute stormwater within a bunded and roofed area to exclude the entry of external surface stormwater run-off</li> <li>(b) paved with an impervious material to facilitate wastewater collection</li> <li>(c) of sufficient size to prevent 'splash-out' or 'over-spray' of wastewater from the wash-down area</li> <li>(d) are designed to drain wastewater to either: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) a treatment device such as a sediment trap and coalescing plate oil separator with subsequent disposal to a sewer, private or Community Wastewater Management Scheme or</li> <li>(ii) a holding tank and its subsequent removal off-site on a regular basis.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 43.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>Laneway Development</p>	
<p>Infrastructure and Access</p>	
<p>PO 44.1</p> <p>Development with a primary street comprising a laneway, alley, lane, right of way or similar minor thoroughfare only occurs where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) existing utility infrastructure and services are capable of accommodating the development</li> <li>(b) the primary street can support access by emergency and regular service vehicles (such as waste collection)</li> <li>(c) it does not require the provision or upgrading of infrastructure on public land (such as footpaths and stormwater management systems)</li> <li>(d) safety of pedestrians or vehicle movement is maintained</li> <li>(e) any necessary grade transition is accommodated within the site of the development to support an appropriate development intensity and orderly development of land fronting minor thoroughfares.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 44.1</p> <p>Development with a primary street frontage that is not an alley, lane, right of way or similar public thoroughfare.</p>



**Table 1 - Private Open Space**

Dwelling Type	Dwelling / Site Configuration	Minimum Rate
Dwelling (at ground level, other than a residential flat building that includes above ground dwellings)		Total private open space area: (a) Site area <301m <sup>2</sup> : 24m <sup>2</sup> located behind the building line. (b) Site area ≥ 301m <sup>2</sup> : 60m <sup>2</sup> located behind the building line.  Minimum directly accessible from a living room: 16m <sup>2</sup> / with a minimum dimension 3m.
Cabin or caravan (permanently fixed to the ground) in a residential park or caravan and tourist park		Total area: 16m <sup>2</sup> , which may be uses as second car parking space, provided on each site intended for residential occupation.
Dwelling in a residential flat building or mixed use building which incorporate above ground level dwellings	Dwellings at ground level:	15m <sup>2</sup> / minimum dimension 3m
	Dwellings above ground level:	
	Studio (no separate bedroom)	4m <sup>2</sup> / minimum dimension 1.8m
	One bedroom dwelling	8m <sup>2</sup> / minimum dimension 2.1m
	Two bedroom dwelling	11m <sup>2</sup> / minimum dimension 2.4m
	Three + bedroom dwelling	15 m <sup>2</sup> / minimum dimension 2.6m

## Forestry

### Assessment Provisions (AP)

Desired Outcome	
DO 1	Commercial forestry is designed and sited to maximise economic benefits whilst managing potential negative impacts on the environment, transport networks, surrounding land uses and landscapes.

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Criteria / Designated Performance Feature (DPF)

Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance
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		Feature
Siting		
PO 1.1 Commercial forestry plantations are established where there is no detrimental effect on the physical environment or scenic quality of the rural landscape.	DTS/DPF 1.1 None are applicable.	
PO 1.2 Commercial forestry plantations are established on slopes that are stable to minimise the risk of soil erosion.	DTS/DPF 1.2 Commercial forestry plantations are not located on land with a slope exceeding 20% (1-in-5).	
PO 1.3 Commercial forestry plantations and operations associated with their establishment, management and harvesting are appropriately set back from any sensitive receiver to minimise fire risk and noise disturbance.	DTS/DPF 1.3 Commercial forestry plantations and operations associated with their establishment, management and harvesting are set back 50m or more from any sensitive receiver.	
PO 1.4 Commercial forestry plantations are separated from reserves gazetted under the <i>National Parks and Wildlife Act 1972</i> and/or <i>Wilderness Protection Act 1992</i> to minimise fire risk and potential for weed infestation.	DTS/DPF 1.4 Commercial forestry plantations and operations associated with their establishment, management and harvesting are set back 50m or more from a reserve gazetted under the <i>National Parks and Wildlife Act 1972</i> and/or <i>Wilderness Protection Act 1992</i> .	
Water Protection		
PO 2.1 Commercial forestry plantations incorporate artificial drainage lines (i.e. culverts, runoffs and constructed drains) integrated with natural drainage lines to minimise concentrated water flows onto or from plantation areas.	DTS/DPF 2.1 None are applicable.	
PO 2.2 Appropriate siting, layout and design measures are adopted to minimise the impact of commercial forestry plantations on surface water resources.	DTS/DPF 2.2 Commercial forestry plantations: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) do not involve cultivation (excluding spot cultivation) in drainage lines</li> <li>(b) are set back 20m or more from the banks of any major watercourse (a third order or higher watercourse), lake, reservoir, wetland or sinkhole (with direct connection to an aquifer)</li> <li>(c) are set back 10m or more from the banks of any first or second order watercourse or sinkhole (with no direct connection to an aquifer).</li> </ul>	
Fire Management		
PO 3.1 Commercial forestry plantations incorporate appropriate firebreaks and fire management design elements.	DTS/DPF 3.1 Commercial forestry plantations provide: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) 7m or more wide external boundary firebreaks for plantations of 40ha or less</li> <li>(b) 10m or more wide external boundary firebreaks for plantations of between 40ha and 100ha</li> <li>(c) 20m or more wide external boundary firebreaks, or 10m with an additional 10m or more of fuel-reduced</li> </ul>	

	plantation, for plantations of 100ha or greater.																					
PO 3.2 Commercial forestry plantations incorporate appropriate fire management access tracks.	DTS/DPF 3.2 Commercial forestry plantation fire management access tracks:  (a) are incorporated within all firebreaks (b) are 7m or more wide with a vertical clearance of 4m or more (c) are aligned to provide straight through access at junctions, or if they are a no through access track are appropriately signposted and provide suitable turnaround areas for fire-fighting vehicles (d) partition the plantation into units of 40ha or less in area.																					
Power-line Clearances																						
PO 4.1 Commercial forestry plantations achieve and maintain appropriate clearances from aboveground powerlines.	DTS/DPF 4.1 Commercial forestry plantations incorporating trees with an expected mature height of greater than 6m meet the clearance requirements listed in the following table:  <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 33%;">Voltage of transmission line</th> <th style="width: 33%;">Tower or Pole</th> <th style="width: 33%;">Minimum horizontal clearance distance between plantings and transmission lines</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>500 kV</td> <td>Tower</td> <td>38m</td> </tr> <tr> <td>275 kV</td> <td>Tower</td> <td>25m</td> </tr> <tr> <td>132 kV</td> <td>Tower</td> <td>30m</td> </tr> <tr> <td>132 kV</td> <td>Pole</td> <td>20m</td> </tr> <tr> <td>66 kV</td> <td>Pole</td> <td>20m</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Less than 66 kV</td> <td>Pole</td> <td>20m</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Voltage of transmission line	Tower or Pole	Minimum horizontal clearance distance between plantings and transmission lines	500 kV	Tower	38m	275 kV	Tower	25m	132 kV	Tower	30m	132 kV	Pole	20m	66 kV	Pole	20m	Less than 66 kV	Pole	20m
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66 kV	Pole	20m																				
Less than 66 kV	Pole	20m																				

## Housing Renewal

### Assessment Provisions (AP)

<b>Desired Outcome</b>	
DO 1	Renewed residential environments replace older social housing and provide new social housing infrastructure and other housing options and tenures to enhance the residential amenity of the local area.

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Criteria / Designated Performance Feature (DPF)

Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature
Land Use and Intensity	
PO 1.1 Residential development provides a range of housing choices.	DTS/DPF 1.1 Development comprises one or more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) detached dwellings</li> <li>(b) semi-detached dwellings</li> <li>(c) row dwellings</li> <li>(d) group dwellings</li> <li>(e) residential flat buildings.</li> </ul>
PO 1.2 Medium-density housing options or higher are located in close proximity to public transit, open space and/or activity centres.	DTS/DPF 1.2 None are applicable.
Building Height	
PO 2.1 Buildings generally do not exceed 3 building levels unless in locations close to public transport, centres and/or open space.	DTS/DPF 2.1 Building height (excluding garages, carports and outbuildings) does not exceed 3 building levels and 12m and wall height does not exceed 9m (not including a gable end).
PO 2.2 Medium or high rise residential flat buildings located within or at the interface with zones which restrict heights to a maximum of 2 building levels transition down in scale and height towards the boundary of that zone, other than where it is a street boundary.	DTS/DPF 2.2 None are applicable.
Primary Street Setback	
PO 3.1 Buildings are set back from the primary street boundary to contribute to an attractive streetscape character.	DTS/DPF 3.1 Buildings are no closer to the primary street (excluding any balcony, verandah, porch, awning or similar structure) than 3m.
Secondary Street Setback	
PO 4.1 Buildings are set back from secondary street boundaries to maintain separation between building walls and public streets and contribute to a suburban streetscape character.	DTS/DPF 4.1 Buildings are set back at least 900mm from the boundary of the allotment with a secondary street frontage.
Boundary Walls	
PO 5.1 Boundary walls are limited in height and length to manage visual impacts and access to natural light and ventilation.	DTS/DPF 5.1 Except where the dwelling is located on a central site within a row dwelling or terrace arrangement, dwellings with side boundary walls are sited on only one side boundary and satisfy (a) or (b):

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) adjoin or abut a boundary wall of a building on adjoining land for the same length and height</li> <li>(b) do not:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) exceed 3.2m in height from the lower of the natural or finished ground level</li> <li>(ii) exceed 11.5m in length</li> <li>(iii) when combined with other walls on the boundary of the subject development site, a maximum 45% of the length of the boundary</li> <li>(iv) encroach within 3 metres of any other existing or proposed boundary walls on the subject land.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<p>PO 5.2</p> <p>Dwellings in a semi-detached, row or terrace arrangement maintain space between buildings consistent with a suburban streetscape character.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 5.2</p> <p>Dwellings in a semi-detached or row arrangement are set back 900mm or more from side boundaries shared with allotments outside the development site, except for a carport or garage.</p>
<p>Side Boundary Setback</p>	
<p>PO 6.1</p> <p>Buildings are set back from side boundaries to provide:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) separation between dwellings in a way that contributes to a suburban character</li> <li>(b) access to natural light and ventilation for neighbours.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 6.1</p> <p>Other than walls located on a side boundary, buildings are set back from side boundaries:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) at least 900mm where the wall height is up to 3m</li> <li>(b) other than for a wall facing a southern side boundary, at least 900mm plus 1/3 of the wall height above 3m</li> <li>(c) at least 1.9m plus 1/3 of the wall height above 3m for walls facing a southern side boundary.</li> </ul>
<p>Rear Boundary Setback</p>	
<p>PO 7.1</p> <p>Buildings are set back from rear boundaries to provide:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) separation between dwellings in a way that contributes to a suburban character</li> <li>(b) access to natural light and ventilation for neighbours</li> <li>(c) private open space</li> <li>(d) space for landscaping and vegetation.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 7.1</p> <p>Dwellings are set back from the rear boundary:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) 3m or more for the first building level</li> <li>(b) 5m or more for any subsequent building level.</li> </ul>
<p>Buildings elevation design</p>	
<p>PO 8.1</p> <p>Dwelling elevations facing public streets and common driveways make a positive contribution to the streetscape and common driveway areas.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 8.1</p> <p>Each dwelling includes at least 3 of the following design features within the building elevation facing a primary street, and at least 2 of the following design features within the building elevation facing any other public road (other than a laneway) or a common driveway:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) a minimum of 30% of the building elevation is set back an additional 300mm from the building line</li> <li>(b) a porch or portico projects at least 1m from the building elevation</li> <li>(c) a balcony projects from the building elevation</li> <li>(d) a verandah projects at least 1m from the building elevation</li> <li>(e) eaves of a minimum 400mm width extend along the</li> </ul>

	<p>width of the front elevation</p> <p>(f) a minimum 30% of the width of the upper level projects forward from the lower level primary building line by at least 300mm.</p> <p>(g) a minimum of two different materials or finishes are incorporated on the walls of the building elevation, with a maximum of 80% of the building elevation in a single material or finish.</p>						
<p>PO 8.2</p> <p>Dwellings incorporate windows along primary street frontages to encourage passive surveillance and make a positive contribution to the streetscape.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 8.2</p> <p>Each dwelling with a frontage to a public street:</p> <p>(a) includes at least one window facing the primary street from a habitable room that has a minimum internal room dimension of 2.4m</p> <p>(b) has an aggregate window area of at least 2m<sup>2</sup> facing the primary street</p>						
<p>PO 8.3</p> <p>The visual mass of larger buildings is reduced when viewed from adjoining allotments or public streets.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 8.3</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>						
<p>PO 8.4</p> <p>Built form considers local context and provides a quality design response through scale, massing, materials, colours and architectural expression.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 8.4</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>						
<p>PO 8.5</p> <p>Entrances to multi-storey buildings are:</p> <p>(a) oriented towards the street</p> <p>(b) visible and easily identifiable from the street</p> <p>(c) designed to include a common mail box structure.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 8.5</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>						
<p>Outlook and amenity</p>							
<p>PO 9.1</p> <p>Living rooms have an external outlook to provide a high standard of amenity for occupants.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 9.1</p> <p>A living room of a dwelling incorporates a window with an external outlook towards the street frontage or private open space.</p>						
<p>PO 9.2</p> <p>Bedrooms are separated or shielded from active communal recreation areas, common access areas and vehicle parking areas and access ways to mitigate noise and artificial light intrusion.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 9.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>						
<p>Private Open Space</p>							
<p>PO 10.1</p> <p>Dwellings are provided with suitable sized areas of usable private open space to meet the needs of occupants.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 10.1</p> <p>Private open space is provided in accordance with the following table:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="background-color: #2c3e50; color: white;">Dwelling Type</th> <th style="background-color: #2c3e50; color: white;">Dwelling / Site Configuration</th> <th style="background-color: #2c3e50; color: white;">Minimum Rate</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="height: 20px;"> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Dwelling Type	Dwelling / Site Configuration	Minimum Rate			
Dwelling Type	Dwelling / Site Configuration	Minimum Rate					

	Dwelling (at ground level)		Total area: 24m <sup>2</sup> located behind the building line  Minimum adjacent to a living room: 16m <sup>2</sup> with a minimum dimension 3m
	Dwelling (above ground level)	Studio	4m <sup>2</sup> / minimum dimension 1.8m
		One bedroom dwelling	8m <sup>2</sup> / minimum dimension 2.1m
		Two bedroom dwelling	11m <sup>2</sup> / minimum dimension 2.4m
	Three + bedroom dwelling	15 m <sup>2</sup> / minimum dimension 2.6m	
PO 10.2 Private open space positioned to provide convenient access from internal living areas.	DTS/DPF 10.2 At least 50% of the required area of private open space is accessible from a habitable room.		
PO 10.3 Private open space is positioned and designed to:  (a) provide useable outdoor space that suits the needs of occupants; (b) take advantage of desirable orientation and vistas; and (c) adequately define public and private space.	DTS/DPF 10.3 None are applicable.		
Visual privacy			
PO 11.1 Development mitigates direct overlooking from upper level windows to habitable rooms and private open spaces of adjoining residential uses.	DTS/DPF 11.1 Upper level windows facing side or rear boundaries shared with another residential allotment/site satisfy one of the following:  (a) are permanently obscured to a height of 1.5m above finished floor level and are fixed or not capable of being opened more than 200mm (b) have sill heights greater than or equal to 1.5m above finished floor level (c) incorporate screening with a maximum of 25% openings, permanently fixed no more than 500mm from the window surface and sited adjacent to any part of the window less than 1.5m above the finished floor.		
PO 11.2 Development mitigates direct overlooking from upper level balconies and terraces to habitable rooms and private open space of adjoining residential uses.	DTS/DPF 11.2 One of the following is satisfied:  (a) the longest side of the balcony or terrace will face a public road, public road reserve or public reserve that is		

	<p>at least 15m wide in all places faced by the balcony or terrace</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) all sides of balconies or terraces on upper building levels are permanently obscured by screening with a maximum 25% transparency/openings fixed to a minimum height of:</p> <p>(i) 1.5m above finished floor level where the balcony is located at least 15 metres from the nearest habitable window of a dwelling on adjacent land</p> <p>or</p> <p>(ii) 1.7m above finished floor level in all other cases</p>
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Landscaping

<p>PO 12.1</p> <p>Soft landscaping is incorporated into development to:</p> <p>(a) minimise heat absorption and reflection</p> <p>(b) maximise shade and shelter</p> <p>(c) maximise stormwater infiltration and biodiversity</p> <p>(d) enhance the appearance of land and streetscapes.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 12.1</p> <p>Residential development incorporates pervious areas for soft landscaping with a minimum dimension of 700mm provided in accordance with (a) and (b):</p> <p>(a) a total area as determined by the following table:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Dwelling site area (or in the case of residential flat building or group dwelling(s), average site area) (m<sup>2</sup>)</th> <th>Minimum percentage of site</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>&lt;150</td> <td>10%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>&lt;200</td> <td>15%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>200-450</td> <td>20%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>&gt;450</td> <td>25%</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>(b) at least 30% of land between the road boundary and the building line.</p>	Dwelling site area (or in the case of residential flat building or group dwelling(s), average site area) (m <sup>2</sup> )	Minimum percentage of site	<150	10%	<200	15%	200-450	20%	>450	25%
Dwelling site area (or in the case of residential flat building or group dwelling(s), average site area) (m <sup>2</sup> )	Minimum percentage of site										
<150	10%										
<200	15%										
200-450	20%										
>450	25%										

Water Sensitive Design

<p>PO 13.1</p> <p>Residential development is designed to capture and use stormwater to:</p> <p>(a) maximise efficient use of water resources</p> <p>(b) manage peak stormwater runoff flows and volume to ensure the carrying capacities of downstream systems are not overloaded</p> <p>(c) manage runoff quality to maintain, as close as practical, pre-development conditions.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 13.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
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Car Parking

<p>PO 14.1</p> <p>On-site car parking is provided to meet the anticipated demand of residents, with less on-site parking in areas in close proximity to public transport.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 14.1</p> <p>On-site car parking is provided at the following rates per dwelling:</p> <p>(a) 2 or fewer bedrooms - 1 car parking space</p> <p>(b) 3 or more bedrooms - 2 car parking spaces.</p>
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<p>PO 14.2</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 14.2</p>
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<p>Enclosed car parking spaces are of dimensions to be functional, accessible and convenient.</p>	<p>Residential parking spaces enclosed by fencing, walls or other obstructions with the following internal dimensions (separate from any waste storage area):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) single parking spaces: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) a minimum length of 5.4m</li> <li>(ii) a minimum width of 3.0m</li> <li>(iii) a minimum garage door width of 2.4m</li> </ul> </li> <li>(b) double parking spaces (side by side): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) a minimum length of 5.4m</li> <li>(ii) a minimum width of 5.5m</li> <li>(iii) minimum garage door width of 2.4m per space.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<p>PO 14.3 Uncovered car parking spaces are of dimensions to be functional, accessible and convenient.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 14.3 Uncovered car parking spaces have:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) a minimum length of 5.4m</li> <li>(b) a minimum width of 2.4m</li> <li>(c) a minimum width between the centre line of the space and any fence, wall or other obstruction of 1.5m.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 14.4 Residential flat buildings and group dwelling developments provide sufficient on-site visitor car parking to cater for anticipated demand.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 14.4 Visitor car parking for group and residential flat buildings incorporating 4 or more dwellings is provided on-site at a minimum ratio of 0.25 car parking spaces per dwelling.</p>
<p>PO 14.5 Residential flat buildings provide dedicated areas for bicycle parking.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 14.5 Residential flat buildings provide one bicycle parking space per dwelling.</p>
<p>Overshadowing</p>	
<p>PO 15.1 Development minimises overshadowing of the private open spaces of adjoining land by ensuring that ground level open space associated with residential buildings receive direct sunlight for a minimum of 2 hours between 9am and 3pm on 21 June.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 15.1 None are applicable.</p>
<p>Waste</p>	
<p>PO 16.1 Provision is made for the convenient storage of waste bins in a location screened from public view.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 16.1 A waste bin storage area is provided behind the primary building line that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) has a minimum area of 2m<sup>2</sup> with a minimum dimension of 900mm (separate from any designated car parking spaces or private open space).; and</li> <li>(b) has a continuous unobstructed path of travel (excluding moveable objects like gates, vehicles and roller doors) with a minimum width of 800mm between the waste bin storage area and the street.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 16.2</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 16.2</p>

<p>Residential flat buildings provide a dedicated area for the on-site storage of waste which is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) easily and safely accessible for residents and for collection vehicles</li> <li>(b) screened from adjoining land and public roads</li> <li>(c) of sufficient dimensions to be able to accommodate the waste storage needs of the development considering the intensity and nature of the development and the frequency of collection.</li> </ul>	<p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>Vehicle Access</p>	
<p>PO 17.1</p> <p>Driveways are located and designed to facilitate safe access and egress while maximising land available for street tree planting, landscaped street frontages and on-street parking.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 17.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 17.2</p> <p>Vehicle access is safe, convenient, minimises interruption to the operation of public roads and does not interfere with street infrastructure or street trees.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 17.2</p> <p>Vehicle access to designated car parking spaces satisfy (a) or (b):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) is provided via a lawfully existing or authorised access point or an access point for which consent has been granted as part of an application for the division of land</li> <li>(b) where newly proposed, is set back: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) 0.5m or more from any street furniture, street pole, infrastructure services pit, or other stormwater or utility infrastructure unless consent is provided from the asset owner</li> <li>(ii) 2m or more from the base of the trunk of a street tree unless consent is provided from the tree owner for a lesser distance</li> <li>(iii) 6m or more from the tangent point of an intersection of 2 or more roads</li> <li>(iv) outside of the marked lines or infrastructure dedicating a pedestrian crossing.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<p>PO 17.3</p> <p>Driveways are designed to enable safe and convenient vehicle movements from the public road to on-site parking spaces.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 17.3</p> <p>Driveways are designed and sited so that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) the gradient from the place of access on the boundary of the allotment to the finished floor level at the front of the garage or carport is not more than 1-in-4 on average</li> <li>(b) they are aligned relative to the street so that there is no more than a 20 degree deviation from 90 degrees between the centreline of any dedicated car parking space to which it provides access (measured from the front of that space) and the road boundary.</li> <li>(c) if located so as to provide access from an alley, lane or right of way - the alley, lane or right of way is at least 6.2m wide along the boundary of the allotment / site.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 17.4</p> <p>Driveways and access points are designed and distributed to optimise the provision of on-street parking.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 17.4</p> <p>Where on-street parking is available abutting the site's street frontage, on-street parking is retained in accordance with the following requirements:</p>

	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. minimum 0.33 on-street spaces per dwelling on the site (rounded up to the nearest whole number)</li> <li>2. Minimum car park length of 5.4m where a vehicle can enter or exit a space directly</li> <li>3. minimum car park length of 6m for an intermediate space located between two other parking spaces.</li> </ol>
<p>PO 17.5</p> <p>Residential driveways that service more than one dwelling of a dimension to allow safe and convenient movement.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 17.5</p> <p>Where on-street parking is available abutting the site's street frontage, on-street parking is retained in accordance with the following requirements:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) minimum 0.33 on-street spaces per dwelling on the site (rounded up to the nearest whole number)</li> <li>(b) minimum car park length of 5.4m where a vehicle can enter or exit a space directly</li> <li>(c) minimum carpark length of 6m for an intermediate space located between two other parking spaces or to an end obstruction where the parking is indented.</li> </ol>
<p>PO 17.6</p> <p>Residential driveways that service more than one dwelling are designed to allow passenger vehicles to enter and exit the site and manoeuvre within the site in a safe and convenient manner.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 17.6</p> <p>Driveways providing access to more than one dwelling, or a dwelling on a battle-axe site, allow a B85 passenger vehicle to enter and exit the garages or parking spaces in no more than a three-point turn manoeuvre</p>
<p>PO 17.7</p> <p>Dwellings are adequately separated from common driveways and manoeuvring areas.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 17.7</p> <p>Dwelling walls with entry doors or ground level habitable room windows are set back at least 1.5m from any driveway or area designated for the movement and manoeuvring of vehicles.</p>
Storage	
<p>PO 18.1</p> <p>Dwellings are provided with sufficient and accessible space for storage to meet likely occupant needs.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 18.1</p> <p>Dwellings are provided with storage at the following rates and 50% or more of the storage volume is provided within the dwelling:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) studio: not less than 6m<sup>3</sup></li> <li>(b) 1 bedroom dwelling / apartment: not less than 8m<sup>3</sup></li> <li>(c) 2 bedroom dwelling / apartment: not less than 10m<sup>3</sup></li> <li>(d) 3+ bedroom dwelling / apartment: not less than 12m<sup>3</sup>.</li> </ol>
Earthworks	
<p>PO 19.1</p> <p>Development, including any associated driveways and access tracks, minimises the need for earthworks to limit disturbance to natural topography.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 19.1</p> <p>The development does not involve:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) excavation exceeding a vertical height of 1m or</li> <li>(b) filling exceeding a vertical height of 1m or</li> <li>(c) a total combined excavation and filling vertical height exceeding 2m.</li> </ol>
Service connections and infrastructure	
<p>PO 20.1</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 20.1</p>

<p>Dwellings are provided with appropriate service connections and infrastructure.</p>	<p>The site and building:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) have the ability to be connected to a permanent potable water supply</li> <li>(b) have the ability to be connected to a sewerage system, or a wastewater system approved under the <i>South Australian Public Health Act 2011</i></li> <li>(c) have the ability to be connected to electricity supply</li> <li>(d) have the ability to be connected to an adequate water supply (and pressure) for fire-fighting purposes</li> <li>(e) would not be contrary to the Regulations prescribed for the purposes of Section 86 of the <i>Electricity Act 1996</i>.</li> </ul>
<p>Site contamination</p>	
<p>PO 21.1 Land that is suitable for sensitive land uses to provide a safe environment.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 21.1 Development satisfies (a), (b), (c) or (d):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) does not involve a change in the use of land</li> <li>(b) involves a change in the use of land that does not constitute a change to a <u>more sensitive use</u></li> <li>(c) involves a change in the use of land to a <u>more sensitive use</u> on land at which <u>site contamination</u> does not exist (as demonstrated in a <u>site contamination declaration form</u>)</li> <li>(d) involves a change in the use of land to a <u>more sensitive use</u> on land at which <u>site contamination</u> exists, or may exist (as demonstrated in a site contamination declaration form), and satisfies both of the following:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) a <u>site contamination audit report</u> has been prepared under Part 10A of the <i>Environment Protection Act 1993</i> in relation to the land within the previous 5 years which states that                 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A. <u>site contamination</u> does not exist (or no longer exists) at the land or</li> <li>B. the land is suitable for the proposed use or range of uses (without the need for any further <u>remediation</u>) or</li> <li>C. where <u>remediation</u> is, or remains, necessary for the proposed use (or range of uses), <u>remediation work</u> has been carried out or will be carried out (and the applicant has provided a written undertaking that the remediation works will be implemented in association with the development)</li> </ul> </li> <li>and</li> <li>(ii) no other <u>class 1 activity</u> or <u>class 2 activity</u> has taken place at the land since the preparation of the site contamination audit report (as demonstrated in a <u>site contamination declaration form</u>).</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

## Infrastructure and Renewable Energy Facilities

**Assessment Provisions (AP)**

<b>Desired Outcome</b>	
DO 1	Efficient provision of infrastructure networks and services, renewable energy facilities and ancillary development in a manner that minimises hazard, is environmentally and culturally sensitive and manages adverse visual impacts on natural and rural landscapes and residential amenity.

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Criteria / Designated Performance Feature (DPF)

<b>Performance Outcome</b>	<b>Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature</b>
General	
PO 1.1 Development is located and designed to minimise hazard or nuisance to adjacent development and land uses.	DTS/DPF 1.1 None are applicable.
Visual Amenity	
PO 2.1 The visual impact of above-ground infrastructure networks and services (excluding high voltage transmission lines), renewable energy facilities (excluding wind farms), energy storage facilities and ancillary development is minimised from townships, scenic routes and public roads by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) utilising features of the natural landscape to obscure views where practicable</li> <li>(b) siting development below ridgelines where practicable</li> <li>(c) avoiding visually sensitive and significant landscapes</li> <li>(d) using materials and finishes with low-reflectivity and colours that complement the surroundings</li> <li>(e) using existing vegetation to screen buildings</li> <li>(f) incorporating landscaping or landscaped mounding around the perimeter of a site and between adjacent allotments accommodating or zoned to primarily accommodate sensitive receivers.</li> </ul>	DTS/DPF 2.1 None are applicable.
PO 2.2 Pumping stations, battery storage facilities, maintenance sheds and other ancillary structures incorporate vegetation buffers to reduce adverse visual impacts on adjacent land.	DTS/DPF 2.2 None are applicable.

<p>PO 2.3</p> <p>Surfaces exposed by earthworks associated with the installation of storage facilities, pipework, penstock, substations and other ancillary plant are reinstated and revegetated to reduce adverse visual impacts on adjacent land.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.3</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>Rehabilitation</p>	
<p>PO 3.1</p> <p>Progressive rehabilitation (incorporating revegetation) of disturbed areas, ahead of or upon decommissioning of areas used for renewable energy facilities and transmission corridors.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>Hazard Management</p>	
<p>PO 4.1</p> <p>Infrastructure and renewable energy facilities and ancillary development located and operated to not adversely impact maritime or air transport safety, including the operation of ports, airfields and landing strips.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 4.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 4.2</p> <p>Facilities for energy generation, power storage and transmission are separated as far as practicable from dwellings, tourist accommodation and frequently visited public places (such as viewing platforms / lookouts) to reduce risks to public safety from fire or equipment malfunction.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 4.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 4.3</p> <p>Bushfire hazard risk is minimised for renewable energy facilities by providing appropriate access tracks, safety equipment and water tanks and establishing cleared areas around substations, battery storage and operations compounds.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 4.3</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>Electricity Infrastructure and Battery Storage Facilities</p>	
<p>PO 5.1</p> <p>Electricity infrastructure is located to minimise visual impacts through techniques including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) siting utilities and services: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) on areas already cleared of native vegetation</li> <li>(ii) where there is minimal interference or disturbance to existing native vegetation or biodiversity</li> </ul> </li> <li>(b) grouping utility buildings and structures with non-residential development, where practicable.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 5.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 5.2</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 5.2</p>

<p>Electricity supply (excluding transmission lines) serving new development in urban areas and townships installed underground, excluding lines having a capacity exceeding or equal to 33kV.</p>	<p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 5.3 Battery storage facilities are co-located with substation infrastructure where practicable to minimise the development footprint and reduce environmental impacts.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 5.3 None are applicable.</p>
<p>Telecommunication Facilities</p>	
<p>PO 6.1 The proliferation of telecommunications facilities in the form of towers/monopoles in any one locality is managed, where technically feasible, by co-locating a facility with other communications facilities to mitigate impacts from clutter on visual amenity.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 6.1 None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 6.2 Telecommunications antennae are located as close as practicable to support structures to manage overall bulk and mitigate impacts on visual amenity.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 6.2 None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 6.3 Telecommunications facilities, particularly towers/monopoles, are located and sized to mitigate visual impacts by the following methods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) where technically feasible, incorporating the facility within an existing structure that may serve another purpose</li> <li>or all of the following:</li> <li>(b) using existing buildings and landscape features to obscure or interrupt views of a facility from nearby public roads, residential areas and places of high public amenity to the extent practical without unduly hindering the effective provision of telecommunications services</li> <li>(c) using materials and finishes that complement the environment</li> <li>(d) screening using landscaping and vegetation, particularly for equipment shelters and huts.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 6.3 None are applicable.</p>
<p>Renewable Energy Facilities</p>	
<p>PO 7.1 Renewable energy facilities are located as close as practicable to existing transmission infrastructure to facilitate connections and minimise environmental impacts as a result of extending transmission infrastructure.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 7.1 None are applicable.</p>

Renewable Energy Facilities (Wind Farm)	
<p>PO 8.1</p> <p>Visual impact of wind turbine generators on the amenity of residential and tourist development is reduced through appropriate separation.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 8.1</p> <p>Wind turbine generators are:</p> <p>(a) set back at least 2000m from the base of a turbine to any of the following zones:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) Rural Settlement Zone</li> <li>(ii) Township Zone</li> <li>(iii) Rural Living Zone</li> <li>(iv) Rural Neighbourhood Zone</li> </ul> <p>with an additional 10m setback per additional metre over 150m overall turbine height (measured from the base of the turbine).</p> <p>(b) set back at least 1500m from the base of the turbine to non-associated (non-stakeholder) dwellings and tourist accommodation</p>
<p>PO 8.2</p> <p>The visual impact of wind turbine generators on natural landscapes is managed by:</p> <p>(a) designing wind turbine generators to be uniform in colour, size and shape</p> <p>(b) coordinating blade rotation and direction</p> <p>(c) mounting wind turbine generators on tubular towers as opposed to lattice towers.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 8.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 8.3</p> <p>Wind turbine generators and ancillary development minimise potential for bird and bat strike.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 8.3</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 8.4</p> <p>Wind turbine generators incorporate recognition systems or physical markers to minimise the risk to aircraft operations.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 8.4</p> <p>No Commonwealth air safety (CASA / ASA) or Defence requirement is applicable.</p>
<p>PO 8.5</p> <p>Meteorological masts and guidewires are identifiable to aircraft through the use of colour bands, marker balls, high visibility sleeves or flashing strobes.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 8.5</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
Renewable Energy Facilities (Solar Power)	
<p>PO 9.1</p> <p>Ground mounted solar power facilities generating 5MW or more are not located on land requiring the clearance of areas of intact native vegetation or on land of high environmental, scenic or cultural value.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 9.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 9.2</p> <p>Ground mounted solar power facilities allow for movement of wildlife by:</p> <p>(a) incorporating wildlife corridors and habitat refuges</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 9.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>



<p>(b) avoiding the use of extensive security or perimeter fencing or incorporating fencing that enables the passage of small animals without unreasonably compromising the security of the facility.</p>																																				
<p>PO 9.3 Amenity impacts of solar power facilities are minimised through separation from conservation areas and sensitive receivers in other ownership.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 9.3 Ground mounted solar power facilities are set back from land boundaries, conservation areas and relevant zones in accordance with the following criteria:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="732 483 1520 1379"> <thead> <tr> <th>Generation Capacity</th> <th>Approximate size of array</th> <th>Setback from adjoining land boundary</th> <th>Setback from conservation areas</th> <th>Setback from Township, Rural Settlement, Rural Neighbourhood and Rural Living Zones<sup>1</sup></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>50MW&gt;</td> <td>80ha+</td> <td>30m</td> <td>500m</td> <td>2km</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10MW&lt;50MW</td> <td>16ha&lt;80ha</td> <td>25m</td> <td>500m</td> <td>1.5km</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5MW&lt;10MW</td> <td>8ha to &lt;16ha</td> <td>20m</td> <td>500m</td> <td>1km</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1MW&lt;5MW</td> <td>1.6ha to &lt;8ha</td> <td>15m</td> <td>500m</td> <td>500m</td> </tr> <tr> <td>100kW&lt;1MW</td> <td>0.5ha&lt;1.6ha</td> <td>10m</td> <td>500m</td> <td>100m</td> </tr> <tr> <td>&lt;100kW</td> <td>&lt;0.5ha</td> <td>5m</td> <td>500m</td> <td>25m</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Notes: 1. Does not apply when the site of the proposed ground mounted solar power facility is located within one of these zones.</p>	Generation Capacity	Approximate size of array	Setback from adjoining land boundary	Setback from conservation areas	Setback from Township, Rural Settlement, Rural Neighbourhood and Rural Living Zones <sup>1</sup>	50MW>	80ha+	30m	500m	2km	10MW<50MW	16ha<80ha	25m	500m	1.5km	5MW<10MW	8ha to <16ha	20m	500m	1km	1MW<5MW	1.6ha to <8ha	15m	500m	500m	100kW<1MW	0.5ha<1.6ha	10m	500m	100m	<100kW	<0.5ha	5m	500m	25m
Generation Capacity	Approximate size of array	Setback from adjoining land boundary	Setback from conservation areas	Setback from Township, Rural Settlement, Rural Neighbourhood and Rural Living Zones <sup>1</sup>																																
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<p>PO 9.4 Ground mounted solar power facilities incorporate landscaping within setbacks from adjacent road frontages and boundaries of adjacent allotments accommodating non-host dwellings, where balanced with infrastructure access and bushfire safety considerations.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 9.4 None are applicable.</p>																																			
<p>Hydropower / Pumped Hydropower Facilities</p>																																				
<p>PO 10.1 Hydropower / pumped hydropower facility storage is designed and operated to minimise the risk of storage dam failure.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 10.1 None are applicable.</p>																																			

<p>PO 10.2</p> <p>Hydropower / pumped hydropower facility storage is designed and operated to minimise water loss through increased evaporation or system leakage, with the incorporation of appropriate liners, dam covers, operational measures or detection systems.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 10.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 10.3</p> <p>Hydropower / pumped hydropower facilities on existing or former mine sites minimise environmental impacts from site contamination, including from mine operations or water sources subject to such processes, now or in the future.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 10.3</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>Water Supply</p>	
<p>PO 11.1</p> <p>Development is connected to an appropriate water supply to meet the ongoing requirements of the intended use.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 11.1</p> <p>Development is connected, or will be connected, to a reticulated water scheme or mains water supply with the capacity to meet the on-going requirements of the development.</p>
<p>PO 11.2</p> <p>Dwellings are connected to a reticulated water scheme or mains water supply with the capacity to meet the requirements of the intended use. Where this is not available an appropriate rainwater tank or storage system for domestic use is provided.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 11.2</p> <p>A dwelling is connected, or will be connected, to a reticulated water scheme or mains water supply with the capacity to meet the requirements of the development. Where this is not available it is serviced by a rainwater tank or tanks capable of holding at least 50,000 litres of water which is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) exclusively for domestic use</li> <li>(b) connected to the roof drainage system of the dwelling.</li> </ul>
<p>Wastewater Services</p>	
<p>PO 12.1</p> <p>Development is connected to an approved common wastewater disposal service with the capacity to meet the requirements of the intended use. Where this is not available an appropriate on-site service is provided to meet the ongoing requirements of the intended use in accordance with the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) it is wholly located and contained within the allotment of the development it will service</li> <li>(b) in areas where there is a high risk of contamination of surface, ground, or marine water resources from on-site disposal of liquid wastes, disposal systems are included to minimise the risk of pollution to those water resources</li> <li>(c) septic tank effluent drainage fields and other wastewater disposal areas are located away from watercourses and flood prone, sloping, saline or poorly drained land to minimise environmental harm.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 12.1</p> <p>Development is connected, or will be connected, to an approved common wastewater disposal service with the capacity to meet the requirements of the development. Where this is not available it is instead capable of being serviced by an on-site waste water treatment system in accordance with the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) the system is wholly located and contained within the allotment of development it will service; and</li> <li>(b) the system will comply with the requirements of the South Australian Public Health Act 2011.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 12.2</p> <p>Effluent drainage fields and other wastewater disposal areas are maintained to ensure the effective operation</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 12.2</p> <p>Development is not built on, or encroaches within, an area that is, or will be, required for a sewerage system or waste control system.</p>

of waste systems and minimise risks to human health and the environment.	
Temporary Facilities	
PO 13.1 In rural and remote locations, development that is likely to generate significant waste material during construction, including packaging waste, makes provision for a temporary on-site waste storage enclosure to minimise the incidence of wind-blown litter.	DTS/DPF 13.1 A waste collection and disposal service is used to dispose of the volume of waste at the rate it is generated.
PO 13.2 Temporary facilities to support the establishment of renewable energy facilities (including borrow pits, concrete batching plants, laydown, storage, access roads and worker amenity areas) are sited and operated to minimise environmental impact.	DTS/DPF 13.2 None are applicable.

## Intensive Animal Husbandry and Dairies

### Assessment Provisions (AP)

Desired Outcome	
DO 1	Development of intensive animal husbandry and dairies in locations that are protected from encroachment by sensitive receivers and in a manner that minimises their adverse effects on amenity and the environment.

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Criteria / Designated Performance Feature (DPF)

Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature
Siting and Design	
PO 1.1 Intensive animal husbandry, dairies and associated activities are sited, designed, constructed and managed to not unreasonably impact on the environment or amenity of the locality.	DTS/DPF 1.1 None are applicable.
PO 1.2 Intensive animal husbandry, dairies and associated activities are sited, designed, constructed and managed to prevent the potential transmission of disease to other operations where animals are kept.	DTS/DPF 1.2 None are applicable.

<p>PO 1.3</p> <p>Intensive animal husbandry and associated activities such as wastewater lagoons and liquid/solid waste disposal areas are sited, designed, constructed and managed to not unreasonably impact on sensitive receivers in other ownership in terms of noise and air emissions.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.3</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 1.4</p> <p>Dairies and associated activities such as wastewater lagoons and liquid/solid waste disposal areas are sited, designed, constructed and managed to not unreasonably impact on sensitive receivers in other ownership in terms of noise and air emissions.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.4</p> <p>Dairies, associated wastewater lagoon(s) and liquid/solid waste storage and disposal facilities are located 500m or more from the nearest sensitive receiver in other ownership.</p>
<p>PO 1.5</p> <p>Lagoons for the storage or treatment of milking shed effluent is adequately separated from roads to minimise impacts from odour on the general public.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.5</p> <p>Lagoons for the storage or treatment of milking shed effluent are set back 20m or more from public roads.</p>
<p>Waste</p>	
<p>PO 2.1</p> <p>Storage of manure, used litter and other wastes (other than waste water lagoons) is sited, designed, constructed and managed to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) avoid attracting and harbouring vermin</li> <li>(b) avoid polluting water resources</li> <li>(c) be located outside 1% AEP flood event areas.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>Soil and Water Protection</p>	
<p>PO 3.1</p> <p>To avoid environmental harm and adverse effects on water resources, intensive animal husbandry operations are appropriately set back from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) public water supply reservoirs</li> <li>(b) major watercourses (third order or higher stream)</li> <li>(c) any other watercourse, bore or well used for domestic or stock water supplies.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.1</p> <p>Intensive animal husbandry operations are set back:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) 800m or more from a public water supply reservoir</li> <li>(b) 200m or more from a major watercourse (third order or higher stream)</li> <li>(c) 100m or more from any other watercourse, bore or well used for domestic or stock water supplies.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 3.2</p> <p>Intensive animal husbandry operations and dairies incorporate appropriately designed effluent and run-off facilities that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) have sufficient capacity to hold effluent and runoff from the operations on site</li> <li>(b) ensure effluent does not infiltrate and pollute groundwater, soil or other water resources.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>

## Interface between Land Uses

### Assessment Provisions (AP)

<b>Desired Outcome</b>	
<b>DO 1</b>	Development is located and designed to mitigate adverse effects on or from neighbouring and proximate land uses.

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Criteria / Designated Performance Feature (DPF)

<b>Performance Outcome</b>	<b>Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature</b>								
General Land Use Compatibility									
<p><b>PO 1.1</b></p> <p>Sensitive receivers are designed and sited to protect residents and occupants from adverse impacts generated by lawfully existing land uses (or lawfully approved land uses) and land uses desired in the zone.</p>	<p><b>DTS/DPF 1.1</b></p> <p>None are applicable.</p>								
<p><b>PO 1.2</b></p> <p>Development adjacent to a site containing a sensitive receiver (or lawfully approved sensitive receiver) or zone primarily intended to accommodate sensitive receivers is designed to minimise adverse impacts.</p>	<p><b>DTS/DPF 1.2</b></p> <p>None are applicable.</p>								
Hours of Operation									
<p><b>PO 2.1</b></p> <p>Non-residential development does not unreasonably impact the amenity of sensitive receivers (or lawfully approved sensitive receivers) or an adjacent zone primarily for sensitive receivers through its hours of operation having regard to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) the nature of the development</li> <li>(b) measures to mitigate off-site impacts</li> <li>(c) the extent to which the development is desired in the zone</li> <li>(d) measures that might be taken in an adjacent zone primarily for sensitive receivers that mitigate adverse impacts without unreasonably compromising the intended use of that land.</li> </ul>	<p><b>DTS/DPF 2.1</b></p> <p>Development operating within the following hours:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">Class of Development</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Hours of operation</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="vertical-align: top;">Consulting room</td> <td>7am to 9pm, Monday to Friday 8am to 5pm, Saturday</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="vertical-align: top;">Office</td> <td>7am to 9pm, Monday to Friday 8am to 5pm, Saturday</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="vertical-align: top;">Shop, other than any one or combination of the following:  (a) restaurant (b) cellar door in the Productive Rural Landscape Zone, Rural</td> <td>7am to 9pm, Monday to Friday 8am to 5pm, Saturday and Sunday</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Class of Development	Hours of operation	Consulting room	7am to 9pm, Monday to Friday 8am to 5pm, Saturday	Office	7am to 9pm, Monday to Friday 8am to 5pm, Saturday	Shop, other than any one or combination of the following:  (a) restaurant (b) cellar door in the Productive Rural Landscape Zone, Rural	7am to 9pm, Monday to Friday 8am to 5pm, Saturday and Sunday
Class of Development	Hours of operation								
Consulting room	7am to 9pm, Monday to Friday 8am to 5pm, Saturday								
Office	7am to 9pm, Monday to Friday 8am to 5pm, Saturday								
Shop, other than any one or combination of the following:  (a) restaurant (b) cellar door in the Productive Rural Landscape Zone, Rural	7am to 9pm, Monday to Friday 8am to 5pm, Saturday and Sunday								

	Zone or Rural Horticulture Zone	
Overshadowing		
<p>PO 3.1</p> <p>Overshadowing of habitable room windows of adjacent residential land uses in:</p> <p>a. a neighbourhood-type zone is minimised to maintain access to direct winter sunlight</p> <p>b. other zones is managed to enable access to direct winter sunlight.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.1</p> <p>North-facing windows of habitable rooms of adjacent residential land uses in a neighbourhood-type zone receive at least 3 hours of direct sunlight between 9.00am and 3.00pm on 21 June.</p>	
<p>PO 3.2</p> <p>Overshadowing of the primary area of private open space or communal open space of adjacent residential land uses in:</p> <p>a. a neighbourhood type zone is minimised to maintain access to direct winter sunlight</p> <p>b. other zones is managed to enable access to direct winter sunlight.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.2</p> <p>Development maintains 2 hours of direct sunlight between 9.00 am and 3.00 pm on 21 June to adjacent residential land uses in a neighbourhood-type zone in accordance with the following:</p> <p>a. for ground level private open space, the smaller of the following:</p> <p>i. half the existing ground level open space</p> <p>or</p> <p>ii. 35m<sup>2</sup> of the existing ground level open space (with at least one of the area's dimensions measuring 2.5m)</p> <p>b. for ground level communal open space, at least half of the existing ground level open space.</p>	
<p>PO 3.3</p> <p>Development does not unduly reduce the generating capacity of adjacent rooftop solar energy facilities taking into account:</p> <p>(a) the form of development contemplated in the zone</p> <p>(b) the orientation of the solar energy facilities</p> <p>(c) the extent to which the solar energy facilities are already overshadowed.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.3</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>	
<p>PO 3.4</p> <p>Development that incorporates moving parts, including windmills and wind farms, are located and operated to not cause unreasonable nuisance to nearby dwellings and tourist accommodation caused by shadow flicker.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.4</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>	
Activities Generating Noise or Vibration		
<p>PO 4.1</p> <p>Development that emits noise (other than music) does not unreasonably impact the amenity of sensitive receivers (or lawfully approved sensitive receivers).</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 4.1</p> <p>Noise that affects sensitive receivers achieves the relevant Environment Protection (Noise) Policy criteria.</p>	
<p>PO 4.2</p> <p>Areas for the on-site manoeuvring of service and delivery vehicles, plant and equipment, outdoor work spaces (and the like) are designed and sited to not unreasonably impact the</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 4.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>	

<p>amenity of adjacent sensitive receivers (or lawfully approved sensitive receivers) and zones primarily intended to accommodate sensitive receivers due to noise and vibration by adopting techniques including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) locating openings of buildings and associated services away from the interface with the adjacent sensitive receivers and zones primarily intended to accommodate sensitive receivers</li> <li>(b) when sited outdoors, locating such areas as far as practicable from adjacent sensitive receivers and zones primarily intended to accommodate sensitive receivers</li> <li>(c) housing plant and equipment within an enclosed structure or acoustic enclosure</li> <li>(d) providing a suitable acoustic barrier between the plant and / or equipment and the adjacent sensitive receiver boundary or zone.</li> </ul>					
<p>PO 4.3</p> <p>Fixed plant and equipment in the form of pumps and/or filtration systems for a swimming pool or spa are positioned and/or housed to not cause unreasonable noise nuisance to adjacent sensitive receivers (or lawfully approved sensitive receivers).</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 4.3</p> <p>The pump and/or filtration system ancillary to a dwelling erected on the same site is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) enclosed in a solid acoustic structure located at least 5m from the nearest habitable room located on an adjoining allotment</li> <li>or</li> <li>(b) located at least 12m from the nearest habitable room located on an adjoining allotment.</li> </ul>				
<p>PO 4.4</p> <p>External noise into bedrooms is minimised by separating or shielding these rooms from service equipment areas and fixed noise sources located on the same or an adjoining allotment.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 4.4</p> <p>Adjacent land is used for residential purposes.</p>				
<p>PO 4.5</p> <p>Outdoor areas associated with licensed premises (such as beer gardens or dining areas) are designed and/or sited to not cause unreasonable noise impact on existing adjacent sensitive receivers (or lawfully approved sensitive receivers).</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 4.5</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>				
<p>PO 4.6</p> <p>Development incorporating music achieves suitable acoustic amenity when measured at the boundary of an adjacent sensitive receiver (or lawfully approved sensitive receiver) or zone primarily intended to accommodate sensitive receivers.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 4.6</p> <p>Development incorporating music includes noise attenuation measures that will achieve the following noise levels:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="831 1653 1485 1966"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="831 1653 1098 1742">Assessment location</th> <th data-bbox="1098 1653 1485 1742">Music noise level</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="831 1742 1098 1966">Externally at the nearest existing or envisaged noise sensitive location</td> <td data-bbox="1098 1742 1485 1966">Less than 8dB above the level of background noise (L<sub>90,15min</sub>) in any octave band of the sound spectrum (LOCT<sub>10,15</sub> &lt; LOCT<sub>90,15</sub> + 8dB)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Assessment location	Music noise level	Externally at the nearest existing or envisaged noise sensitive location	Less than 8dB above the level of background noise (L <sub>90,15min</sub> ) in any octave band of the sound spectrum (LOCT <sub>10,15</sub> < LOCT <sub>90,15</sub> + 8dB)
Assessment location	Music noise level				
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Air Quality					
<p>PO 5.1</p> <p>Development with the potential to emit harmful or nuisance-</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 5.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>				

generating air pollution incorporates air pollution control measures to prevent harm to human health or unreasonably impact the amenity of sensitive receivers (or lawfully approved sensitive receivers) within the locality and zones primarily intended to accommodate sensitive receivers.	
<p>PO 5.2</p> <p>Development that includes chimneys or exhaust flues (including cafes, restaurants and fast food outlets) is designed to minimise nuisance or adverse health impacts to sensitive receivers (or lawfully approved sensitive receivers) by:</p> <p>(a) incorporating appropriate treatment technology before exhaust emissions are released</p> <p>(b) locating and designing chimneys or exhaust flues to maximise the dispersion of exhaust emissions, taking into account the location of sensitive receivers.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 5.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
Light Spill	
<p>PO 6.1</p> <p>External lighting is positioned and designed to not cause unreasonable light spill impact on adjacent sensitive receivers (or lawfully approved sensitive receivers).</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 6.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 6.2</p> <p>External lighting is not hazardous to motorists and cyclists.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 6.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
Solar Reflectivity / Glare	
<p>PO 7.1</p> <p>Development is designed and comprised of materials and finishes that do not unreasonably cause a distraction to adjacent road users and pedestrian areas or unreasonably cause heat loading and micro-climatic impacts on adjacent buildings and land uses as a result of reflective solar glare.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 7.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
Electrical Interference	
<p>PO 8.1</p> <p>Development in rural and remote areas does not unreasonably diminish or result in the loss of existing communication services due to electrical interference.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 8.1</p> <p>The building or structure:</p> <p>(a) is no greater than 10m in height, measured from existing ground level or</p> <p>(b) is not within a line of sight between a fixed transmitter and fixed receiver (antenna) other than where an alternative service is available via a different fixed transmitter or cable.</p>
Interface with Rural Activities	
<p>PO 9.1</p> <p>Sensitive receivers are located and designed to mitigate impacts from lawfully existing horticultural and farming activities (or lawfully approved horticultural and farming activities), including spray drift and noise and do not prejudice the continued operation of these activities.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 9.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>



<p>PO 9.2</p> <p>Sensitive receivers are located and designed to mitigate potential impacts from lawfully existing intensive animal husbandry activities and do not prejudice the continued operation of these activities.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 9.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 9.3</p> <p>Sensitive receivers are located and designed to mitigate potential impacts from lawfully existing land-based aquaculture activities and do not prejudice the continued operation of these activities.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 9.3</p> <p>Sensitive receivers are located at least 200m from the boundary of a site used for land-based aquaculture and associated components in other ownership.</p>
<p>PO 9.4</p> <p>Sensitive receivers are located and designed to mitigate potential impacts from lawfully existing dairies including associated wastewater lagoons and liquid/solid waste storage and disposal facilities and do not prejudice the continued operation of these activities.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 9.4</p> <p>Sensitive receivers are sited at least 500m from the boundary of a site used for a dairy and associated wastewater lagoon(s) and liquid/solid waste storage and disposal facilities in other ownership.</p>
<p>PO 9.5</p> <p>Sensitive receivers are located and designed to mitigate the potential impacts from lawfully existing facilities used for the handling, transportation and storage of bulk commodities (recognising the potential for extended hours of operation) and do not prejudice the continued operation of these activities.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 9.5</p> <p>Sensitive receivers are located away from the boundary of a site used for the handling, transportation and/or storage of bulk commodities in other ownership in accordance with the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) 300m or more, where it involves the handling of agricultural crop products, rock, ores, minerals, petroleum products or chemicals to or from any commercial storage facility</li> <li>(b) 300m or more, where it involves the handling of agricultural crop products, rock, ores, minerals, petroleum products or chemicals at a wharf or wharf side facility (including sea-port grain terminals) where the handling of these materials into or from vessels does not exceed 100 tonnes per day</li> <li>(c) 500m or more, where it involves the storage of bulk petroleum in individual containers with a capacity up to 200 litres and a total on-site storage capacity not exceeding 1000 cubic metres</li> <li>(d) 500m or more, where it involves the handling of coal with a capacity up to 1 tonne per day or a storage capacity up to 50 tonnes</li> <li>(e) 1000m or more, where it involves the handling of coal with a capacity exceeding 1 tonne per day but not exceeding 100 tonnes per day or a storage capacity exceeding 50 tonnes but not exceeding 5000 tonnes.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 9.6</p> <p>Setbacks and vegetation plantings along allotment boundaries should be incorporated to mitigate the potential impacts of spray drift and other impacts associated with agricultural and horticultural activities.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 9.6</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 9.7</p> <p>Urban development does not prejudice existing agricultural and horticultural activities through appropriate separation and design</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 9.7</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>

techniques.	
Interface with Mines and Quarries (Rural and Remote Areas)	
PO 10.1 Sensitive receivers are separated from existing mines to minimise the adverse impacts from noise, dust and vibration.	DTS/DPF 10.1 Sensitive receivers are located no closer than 500m from the boundary of a Mining Production Tenement under the <i>Mining Act 1971</i> .

## Land Division

### Assessment Provisions (AP)

Desired Outcome	
DO 1	<p>Land division:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) creates allotments with the appropriate dimensions and shape for their intended use</li> <li>(b) allows efficient provision of new infrastructure and the optimum use of underutilised infrastructure</li> <li>(c) integrates and allocates adequate and suitable land for the preservation of site features of value, including significant vegetation, watercourses, water bodies and other environmental features</li> <li>(d) facilitates solar access through allotment orientation</li> <li>(e) creates a compact urban form that supports active travel, walkability and the use of public transport</li> <li>(f) avoids areas of high natural hazard risk.</li> </ul>

Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature
All land division	
Allotment configuration	
PO 1.1 Land division creates allotments suitable for their intended use.	DTS/DPF 1.1 Division of land satisfies (a) or (b): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) reflects the site boundaries illustrated and approved in an operative or existing development authorisation for residential development under the <i>Development Act 1993</i> or <i>Planning, Development and Infrastructure Act 2016</i> where the allotments are used or are proposed to be used solely for residential purposes</li> <li>(b) is proposed as part of a combined land division application with deemed-to-satisfy dwellings on the proposed allotments.</li> </ul>
PO 1.2 Land division considers the physical characteristics of the land, preservation of environmental and cultural features of value and the prevailing context of the locality.	DTS/DPF 1.2 None are applicable.

Design and Layout	
PO 2.1 Land division results in a pattern of development that minimises the likelihood of future earthworks and retaining walls.	DTS/DPF 2.1 None are applicable.
PO 2.2 Land division enables the appropriate management of interface impacts between potentially conflicting land uses and/or zones.	DTS/DPF 2.2 None are applicable.
PO 2.3 Land division maximises the number of allotments that face public open space and public streets.	DTS/DPF 2.3 None are applicable.
PO 2.4 Land division is integrated with site features, adjacent land uses, the existing transport network and available infrastructure.	DTS/DPF 2.4 None are applicable.
PO 2.5 Development and infrastructure is provided and staged in a manner that supports an orderly and economic provision of land, infrastructure and services.	DTS/DPF 2.5 None are applicable.
PO 2.6 Land division results in watercourses being retained within open space and development taking place on land not subject to flooding.	DTS/DPF 2.6 None are applicable.
PO 2.7 Land division results in legible street patterns connected to the surrounding street network.	DTS/DPF 2.7 None are applicable.
PO 2.8 Land division is designed to preserve existing vegetation of value including native vegetation and regulated and significant trees.	DTS/DPF 2.8 None are applicable.
Roads and Access	
PO 3.1 Land division provides allotments with access to an all-weather public road.	DTS/DPF 3.1 None are applicable.
PO 3.2 Street patterns and intersections are designed to enable the safe and efficient movement of pedestrian, cycle and vehicular traffic.	DTS/DPF 3.2 None are applicable.
PO 3.3 Land division does not impede access to publicly owned open space and/or recreation facilities.	DTS/DPF 3.3 None are applicable.
PO 3.4 Road reserves provide for safe and convenient movement and parking of projected volumes of vehicles and allow for the	DTS/DPF 3.4 None are applicable.

efficient movement of service and emergency vehicles.	
PO 3.5 Road reserves are designed to accommodate pedestrian and cycling infrastructure, street tree planting, landscaping and street furniture.	DTS/DPF 3.5 None are applicable.
PO 3.6 Road reserves accommodate stormwater drainage and public utilities.	DTS/DPF 3.6 None are applicable.
PO 3.7 Road reserves provide unobstructed vehicular access and egress to and from individual allotments and sites.	DTS/DPF 3.7 None are applicable.
PO 3.8 Street patterns and intersections are designed to enable the safe and efficient movement of pedestrian, cycle and vehicular traffic.	DTS/DPF 3.8 None are applicable.
PO 3.9 Roads, open space and thoroughfares provide safe and convenient linkages to the surrounding open space and transport network.	DTS/DPF 3.9 None are applicable.
PO 3.10 Public streets are designed to enable tree planting to provide shade and enhance the amenity of streetscapes.	DTS/DPF 3.10 None are applicable.
PO 3.11 Local streets are designed to create low-speed environments that are safe for cyclists and pedestrians.	DTS/DPF 3.11 None are applicable.
<b>Infrastructure</b>	
PO 4.1 Land division incorporates public utility services within road reserves or dedicated easements.	DTS/DPF 4.1 None are applicable.
PO 4.2 Waste water, sewage and other effluent is capable of being disposed of from each allotment without risk to public health or the environment.	DTS/DPF 4.2 Each allotment can be connected to:  (a) a waste water treatment plant that has the hydraulic volume and pollutant load treatment and disposal capacity for the maximum predicted wastewater volume generated by subsequent development of the proposed allotment or (b) a form of on-site waste water treatment and disposal that meets relevant public health and environmental standards.
PO 4.3 Septic tank effluent drainage fields and other waste water disposal areas are maintained to ensure the effective operation	DTS/DPF 4.3 Development is not built on, or encroaches within, an area that is or will be, required for a sewerage system or waste control

of waste systems and minimise risks to human health and the environment.	system.
PO 4.4 Constructed wetland systems, including associated detention and retention basins, are sited and designed to ensure public health and safety is protected, including by minimising potential public health risks arising from the breeding of mosquitoes.	DTS/DPF 4.4 None are applicable.
PO 4.5 Constructed wetland systems, including associated detention and retention basins, are sited and designed to allow sediments to settle prior to discharge into watercourses or the marine environment.	DTS/DPF 4.5 None are applicable.
PO 4.6 Constructed wetland systems, including associated detention and retention basins, are sited and designed to function as a landscape feature.	DTS/DPF 4.6 None are applicable.
Minor Land Division (Under 20 Allotments)	
Open Space	
PO 5.1 Land division proposing an additional allotment under 1 hectare provides or supports the provision of open space.	DTS/DPF 5.1 None are applicable.
Solar Orientation	
PO 6.1 Land division for residential purposes facilitates solar access through allotment orientation.	DTS/DPF 6.1 None are applicable.
Water Sensitive Design	
PO 7.1 Land division creating a new road or common driveway includes stormwater management systems that minimise the discharge of sediment, suspended solids, organic matter, nutrients, bacteria, litter and other contaminants to the stormwater system, watercourses or other water bodies.	DTS/DPF 7.1 None are applicable.
PO 7.2 Land division designed to mitigate peak flows and manage the rate and duration of stormwater discharges from the site to ensure that the development does not increase the peak flows in downstream systems.	DTS/DPF 7.2 None are applicable.
Battle-Axe Development	
PO 8.1 Battle-axe development appropriately responds to the existing neighbourhood context.	DTS/DPF 8.1 Allotments are not in the form of a battle-axe arrangement.
PO 8.2 Battle-axe development designed to allow safe and convenient movement.	DTS/DPF 8.2 The handle of a battle-axe development:

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) has a minimum width of 4m or</li> <li>(b) where more than 3 allotments are proposed, a minimum width of 5.5m.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 8.3</p> <p>Battle-axe allotments and/or common land are of a suitable size and dimension to allow passenger vehicles to enter and exit and manoeuvre within the site in a safe and convenient manner.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 8.3</p> <p>Battle-axe development allows a B85 passenger vehicle to enter and exit parking spaces in no more than a three-point turn manoeuvre.</p>
<p>PO 8.4</p> <p>Battle-axe or common driveways incorporate landscaping and permeability to improve appearance and assist in stormwater management.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 8.4</p> <p>Battle-axe or common driveways satisfy (a) and (b):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) are constructed of a minimum of 50% permeable or porous material</li> <li>(b) where the driveway is located directly adjacent the side or rear boundary of the site, soft landscaping with a minimum dimension of 1m is provided between the driveway and site boundary (excluding along the perimeter of a passing point).</li> </ul>
Major Land Division (20+ Allotments)	
Open Space	
<p>PO 9.1</p> <p>Land division allocates or retains evenly distributed, high quality areas of open space to improve residential amenity and provide urban heat amelioration.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 9.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 9.2</p> <p>Land allocated for open space is suitable for its intended active and passive recreational use considering gradient and potential for inundation.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 9.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 9.3</p> <p>Land allocated for active recreation has dimensions capable of accommodating a range of active recreational activities.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 9.3</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
Water Sensitive Design	
<p>PO 10.1</p> <p>Land division creating 20 or more residential allotments includes a stormwater management system designed to mitigate peak flows and manage the rate and duration of stormwater discharges from the site to ensure that the development does not increase the peak flows in downstream systems.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 10.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 10.2</p> <p>Land division creating 20 or more non-residential allotments includes a stormwater management system designed to mitigate peak flows and manage the rate and duration of stormwater discharges from the site to ensure that the development does not increase the peak flows in downstream systems.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 10.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 10.3</p> <p>Land division creating 20 or more allotments includes</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 10.3</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>

stormwater management systems that minimise the discharge of sediment, suspended solids, organic matter, nutrients, bacteria, litter and other contaminants to the stormwater system, watercourses or other water bodies.	
<b>Solar Orientation</b>	
PO 11.1 Land division creating 20 or more allotments for residential purposes facilitates solar access through allotment orientation and allotment dimensions.	DTS/DPF 11.1 None are applicable.

## Marinas and On-Water Structures

### Assessment Provisions (AP)

<b>Desired Outcome</b>	
DO 1	Marinas and on-water structures are located and designed to minimise the impairment of commercial, recreational and navigational activities and adverse impacts on the environment.

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Criteria / Designated Performance Feature (DPF)

<b>Performance Outcome</b>	<b>Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature</b>
<b>Navigation and Safety</b>	
PO 1.1 Safe public access is provided or maintained to the waterfront, public infrastructure and recreation areas.	DTS/DPF 1.1 None are applicable.
PO 1.2 The operation of wharves is not impaired by marinas and on-water structures.	DTS/DPF 1.2 None are applicable.
PO 1.3 Navigation and access channels are not impaired by marinas and on-water structures.	DTS/DPF 1.3 None are applicable.
PO 1.4 Commercial shipping lanes are not impaired by marinas and on-water structures.	DTS/DPF 1.4 Marinas and on-water structures are set back 250m or more from commercial shipping lanes.
PO 1.5 Marinas and on-water structures are located to avoid interfering	DTS/DPF 1.5 On-water structures are set back:

with the operation or function of a water supply pumping station.	(a) 3km or more from upstream water supply pumping station take-off points (b) 500m or more from downstream water supply pumping station take-off points.
PO 1.6 Maintenance of on-water infrastructure, including revetment walls, is not impaired by marinas and on-water structures.	DTS/DPF 1.6 None are applicable.
Environmental Protection	
PO 2.1 Development is sited and designed to facilitate water circulation and exchange.	DTS/DPF 2.1 None are applicable.

## Open Space and Recreation

### Assessment Provisions (AP)

<b>Desired Outcome</b>	
DO 1	Pleasant, functional and accessible open space and recreation facilities are provided at State, regional, district, neighbourhood and local levels for active and passive recreation, biodiversity, community health, urban cooling, tree canopy cover, visual amenity, gathering spaces, wildlife and waterway corridors, and a range of other functions and at a range of sizes that reflect the purpose of that open space.

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Criteria / Designated Performance Feature (DPF)

<b>Performance Outcome</b>	<b>Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature</b>
Land Use and Intensity	
PO 1.1 Recreation facilities are compatible with surrounding land uses and activities.	DTS/DPF 1.1 None are applicable.
PO 1.2 Open space areas include natural or landscaped areas using locally indigenous plant species and large trees.	DTS/DPF 1.2 None are applicable.
Design and Siting	
PO 2.1 Open space and recreation facilities address adjacent public roads to optimise pedestrian access and visibility.	DTS/DPF 2.1 None are applicable.



PO 2.2 Open space and recreation facilities incorporate park furniture, shaded areas and resting places.	DTS/DPF 2.2 None are applicable.
PO 2.3 Open space and recreation facilities link habitats, wildlife corridors and existing open spaces and recreation facilities.	DTS/DPF 2.3 None are applicable.
Pedestrians and Cyclists	
PO 3.1 Open space incorporates:  (a) pedestrian and cycle linkages to other open spaces, centres, schools and public transport nodes; (b) safe crossing points where pedestrian routes intersect the road network; (c) easily identified access points.	DTS/DPF 3.1 None are applicable.
Usability	
PO 4.1 Land allocated for open space is suitable for its intended active and passive recreational use taking into consideration its gradient and potential for inundation.	DTS/DPF 4.1 None are applicable.
Safety and Security	
PO 5.1 Open space is overlooked by housing, commercial or other development to provide casual surveillance where possible.	DTS/DPF 5.1 None are applicable.
PO 5.2 Play equipment is located to maximise opportunities for passive surveillance.	DTS/DPF 5.2 None are applicable.
PO 5.3 Landscaping provided in open space and recreation facilities maximises opportunities for casual surveillance throughout the park.	DTS/DPF 5.3 None are applicable.
PO 5.4 Fenced parks and playgrounds have more than one entrance or exit to minimise potential entrapment.	DTS/DPF 5.4 None are applicable.
PO 5.5 Adequate lighting is provided around toilets, telephones, seating, litter bins, bicycle storage, car parks and other such facilities.	DTS/DPF 5.5 None are applicable.
PO 5.6 Pedestrian and bicycle movement after dark is focused along clearly defined, adequately lit routes with observable entries and exits.	DTS/DPF 5.6 None are applicable.
Signage	

PO 6.1 Signage is provided at entrances to and within the open space and recreation facilities to provide clear orientation to major points of interest such as the location of public toilets, telephones, safe routes, park activities and the like.	DTS/DPF 6.1 None are applicable.
Buildings and Structures	
PO 7.1 Buildings and car parking areas in open space areas are designed, located and of a scale to be unobtrusive.	DTS/DPF 7.1 None are applicable.
PO 7.2 Buildings and structures in open space areas are clustered where practical to ensure that the majority of the site remains open.	DTS/DPF 7.2 None are applicable.
PO 7.3 Development in open space is constructed to minimise the extent of impervious surfaces.	DTS/DPF 7.3 None are applicable.
PO 7.4 Development that abuts or includes a coastal reserve or Crown land used for scenic, conservation or recreational purposes is located and designed to have regard to the purpose, management and amenity of the reserve.	DTS/DPF 7.4 None are applicable.
Landscaping	
PO 8.1 Open space and recreation facilities provide for the planting and retention of large trees and vegetation.	DTS/DPF 8.1 None are applicable.
PO 8.2 Landscaping in open space and recreation facilities provides shade and windbreaks:  (a) along cyclist and pedestrian routes; (b) around picnic and barbecue areas; (c) in car parking areas.	DTS/DPF 8.2 None are applicable.
PO 8.3 Landscaping in open space facilitates habitat for local fauna and facilitates biodiversity.	DTS/DPF 8.3 None are applicable.
PO 8.4 Landscaping including trees and other vegetation passively watered with local rainfall run-off, where practicable.	DTS/DPF 8.4 None are applicable.

## Out of Activity Centre Development

### Assessment Provisions (AP)

## Desired Outcome

DO1	The role of Activity Centres in contributing to the form and pattern of development and enabling equitable and convenient access to a range of shopping, administrative, cultural, entertainment and other facilities in a single trip is maintained and reinforced.
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Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature
<p>PO 1.1</p> <p>Non-residential development outside Activity Centres of a scale and type that does not diminish the role of Activity Centres:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) as primary locations for shopping, administrative, cultural, entertainment and community services</li> <li>(b) as a focus for regular social and business gatherings</li> <li>(c) in contributing to or maintaining a pattern of development that supports equitable community access to services and facilities.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 1.2</p> <p>Out-of-activity centre non-residential development complements Activity Centres through the provision of services and facilities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) that support the needs of local residents and workers, particularly in underserved locations</li> <li>(b) at the edge of Activities Centres where they cannot readily be accommodated within an existing Activity Centre to expand the range of services on offer and support the role of the Activity Centre.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>

## Resource Extraction

### Assessment Provisions (AP)

Desired Outcome	
DO 1	Resource extraction activities are developed in a manner that minimises human and environmental impacts.

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Criteria / Designated Performance Feature (DPF)

Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature
Land Use and Intensity	

PO 1.1 Resource extraction activities minimise landscape damage outside of those areas unavoidably disturbed to access and exploit a resource and provide for the progressive reclamation and betterment of disturbed areas.	DTS/DPF 1.1 None are applicable.
PO 1.2 Resource extraction activities avoid damage to cultural sites or artefacts.	DTS/DPF 1.2 None are applicable.
Water Quality	
PO 2.1 Stormwater and/or wastewater from resource extraction activities is diverted into appropriately sized treatment and retention systems to enable reuse on site.	DTS/DPF 2.1 None are applicable.
Separation Treatments, Buffers and Landscaping	
PO 3.1 Resource extraction activities minimise adverse impacts upon sensitive receivers through incorporation of separation distances and/or mounding/vegetation.	DTS/DPF 3.1 None are applicable.
PO 3.2 Resource extraction activities are screened from view from adjacent land by perimeter landscaping and/or mounding.	DTS/DPF 3.2 None are applicable.

## Site Contamination

### Assessment Provisions (AP)

<b>Desired Outcome</b>	
DO 1	Ensure land is suitable for the proposed use in circumstances where it is, or may have been, subject to site contamination.

<b>Performance Outcome</b>	<b>Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature</b>
PO 1.1 Ensure land is suitable for use when land use changes to a more sensitive use.	DTS/DPF 1.1 Development satisfies (a), (b), (c) or (d):  (a) does not involve a change in the use of land (b) involves a change in the use of land that does not constitute a change to a more sensitive use (c) involves a change in the use of land to a more sensitive use on land at which site contamination is unlikely to exist (as demonstrated in a site contamination declaration form)

	<p>(d) involves a change in the use of land to a more sensitive use on land at which site contamination exists, or may exist (as demonstrated in a site contamination declaration form), and satisfies both of the following:</p> <p>(i) a site contamination audit report has been prepared under Part 10A of the <i>Environment Protection Act 1993</i> in relation to the land within the previous 5 years which states that-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A. site contamination does not exist (or no longer exists) at the land</li> <li>or</li> <li>B. the land is suitable for the proposed use or range of uses (without the need for any further remediation)</li> <li>or</li> <li>C. where remediation is, or remains, necessary for the proposed use (or range of uses), remediation work has been carried out or will be carried out (and the applicant has provided a written undertaking that the remediation works will be implemented in association with the development)</li> </ul> <p>and</p> <p>(ii) no other class 1 activity or class 2 activity has taken place at the land since the preparation of the site contamination audit report (as demonstrated in a site contamination declaration form).</p>
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## Tourism Development

### Assessment Provisions (AP)

Desired Outcome	
DO 1	Tourism development is built in locations that cater to the needs of visitors and positively contributes to South Australia's visitor economy.

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Criteria / Designated Performance Feature (DPF)

Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature
General	
PO 1.1 Tourism development complements and contributes to local, natural, cultural or historical context where:	DTS/DPF 1.1 None are applicable.

<p>(a) it supports immersive natural experiences                  (b) it showcases South Australia’s landscapes and produce                  (c) its events and functions are connected to local food, wine and nature.</p>	
<p>PO 1.2                  Tourism development comprising multiple accommodation units (including any facilities and activities for use by guests and visitors) is clustered to minimise environmental and contextual impact.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.2                  None are applicable.</p>
<p>Caravan and Tourist Parks</p>	
<p>PO 2.1                  Potential conflicts between long-term residents and short-term tourists are minimised through suitable siting and design measures.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.1                  None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 2.2                  Occupants are provided privacy and amenity through landscaping and fencing.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.2                  None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 2.3                  Communal open space and centrally located recreation facilities are provided for guests and visitors.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.3                  12.5% or more of a caravan park comprises clearly defined communal open space, landscaped areas and areas for recreation.</p>
<p>PO 2.4                  Perimeter landscaping is used to enhance the amenity of the locality.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.4                  None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 2.5                  Amenity blocks (showers, toilets, laundry and kitchen facilities) are sufficient to serve the full occupancy of the development.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.5                  None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 2.6                  Long-term occupation does not displace tourist accommodation, particularly in important tourist destinations such as coastal and riverine locations.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.6                  None are applicable.</p>
<p>Tourist accommodation in areas constituted under the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1972</p>	
<p>PO 3.1                  Tourist accommodation avoids delicate or environmentally sensitive areas such as sand dunes, cliff tops, estuaries, wetlands or substantially intact strata of native vegetation (including regenerated areas of native vegetation lost through bushfire).</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.1                  None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 3.2                  Tourist accommodation is sited and designed in a manner that is subservient to the natural environment and where adverse impacts on natural features, landscapes, habitats and cultural</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.2                  None are applicable.</p>

assets are avoided.	
<p>PO 3.3</p> <p>Tourist accommodation and recreational facilities, including associated access ways and ancillary structures, are located on cleared (other than where cleared as a result of bushfire) or degraded areas or where environmental improvements can be achieved.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.3</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 3.4</p> <p>Tourist accommodation is designed to prevent conversion to private dwellings through:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) comprising a minimum of 10 accommodation units</li> <li>(b) clustering separated individual accommodation units</li> <li>(c) being of a size unsuitable for a private dwelling</li> <li>(d) ensuring functional areas that are generally associated with a private dwelling such as kitchens and laundries are excluded from, or physically separated from individual accommodation units, or are of a size unsuitable for a private dwelling.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.4</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>

## Transport, Access and Parking

### Assessment Provisions (AP)

Desired Outcome	
DO 1	A comprehensive, integrated and connected transport system that is safe, sustainable, efficient, convenient and accessible to all users.

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Criteria / Designated Performance Feature (DPF)


Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature
Movement Systems	
<p>PO 1.1</p> <p>Development is integrated with the existing transport system and designed to minimise its potential impact on the functional performance of the transport system.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 1.2</p> <p>Development is designed to discourage commercial and industrial vehicle movements through residential streets and adjacent other sensitive receivers.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>

PO 1.3	DTS/DPF 1.3
Industrial, commercial and service vehicle movements, loading areas and designated parking spaces are separated from passenger vehicle car parking areas to ensure efficient and safe movement and minimise potential conflict.	None are applicable.
PO 1.4	DTS/DPF 1.4
Development is sited and designed so that loading, unloading and turning of all traffic avoids interrupting the operation of and queuing on public roads and pedestrian paths.	All vehicle manoeuvring occurs onsite.
Sightlines	
PO 2.1	DTS/DPF 2.1
Sightlines at intersections, pedestrian and cycle crossings, and crossovers to allotments for motorists, cyclists and pedestrians are maintained or enhanced to ensure safety for all road users and pedestrians.	None are applicable.
PO 2.2	DTS/DPF 2.2
Walls, fencing and landscaping adjacent to driveways and corner sites are designed to provide adequate sightlines between vehicles and pedestrians.	None are applicable.
Vehicle Access	
PO 3.1	DTS/DPF 3.1
Safe and convenient access minimises impact or interruption on the operation of public roads.	The access is: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) provided via a lawfully existing or authorised driveway or access point or an access point for which consent has been granted as part of an application for the division of land</li> <li>or</li> <li>(b) not located within 6m of an intersection of 2 or more roads or a pedestrian activated crossing.</li> </ul>
PO 3.2	DTS/DPF 3.2
Development incorporating vehicular access ramps ensures vehicles can enter and exit a site safely and without creating a hazard to pedestrians and other vehicular traffic.	None are applicable.
PO 3.3	DTS/DPF 3.3
Access points are sited and designed to accommodate the type and volume of traffic likely to be generated by the development or land use.	None are applicable.
PO 3.4	DTS/DPF 3.4
Access points are sited and designed to minimise any adverse impacts on neighbouring properties.	None are applicable.
PO 3.5	DTS/DPF 3.5



<p>Access points are located so as not to interfere with street trees, existing street furniture (including directional signs, lighting, seating and weather shelters) or infrastructure services to maintain the appearance of the streetscape, preserve local amenity and minimise disruption to utility infrastructure assets.</p>	<p>Vehicle access to designated car parking spaces satisfy (a) or (b):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) is provided via a lawfully existing or authorised access point or an access point for which consent has been granted as part of an application for the division of land</li> <li>(b) where newly proposed, is set back: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) 0.5m or more from any street furniture, street pole, infrastructure services pit, or other stormwater or utility infrastructure unless consent is provided from the asset owner</li> <li>(ii) 2m or more from the base of the trunk of a street tree unless consent is provided from the tree owner for a lesser distance</li> <li>(iii) 6m or more from the tangent point of an intersection of 2 or more roads</li> <li>(iv) outside of the marked lines or infrastructure dedicating a pedestrian crossing.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<p>PO 3.6</p> <p>Driveways and access points are separated and minimised in number to optimise the provision of on-street visitor parking (where on-street parking is appropriate).</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.6</p> <p>Driveways and access points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) for sites with a frontage to a public road of 20m or less, one access point no greater than 3.5m in width is provided</li> <li>(b) for sites with a frontage to a public road greater than 20m: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) a single access point no greater than 6m in width is provided</li> <li>or</li> <li>(ii) not more than two access points with a width of 3.5m each are provided.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<p>PO 3.7</p> <p>Access points are appropriately separated from level crossings to avoid interference and ensure their safe ongoing operation.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.7</p> <p>Development does not involve a new or modified access or cause an increase in traffic through an existing access that is located within the following distance from a railway crossing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) 80 km/h road - 110m</li> <li>(b) 70 km/h road - 90m</li> <li>(c) 60 km/h road - 70m</li> <li>(d) 50km/h or less road - 50m.</li> </ul>
<p>PO 3.8</p> <p>Driveways, access points, access tracks and parking areas are designed and constructed to allow adequate movement and manoeuvrability having regard to the types of vehicles that are reasonably anticipated.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.8</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 3.9</p> <p>Development is designed to ensure vehicle circulation between activity areas occurs within the site without the need to use public roads.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.9</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>Access for People with Disabilities</p>	
<p>PO 4.1</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 4.1</p>

Development is sited and designed to provide safe, dignified and convenient access for people with a disability.	None are applicable.
Vehicle Parking Rates	
<p>PO 5.1</p> <p>Sufficient on-site vehicle parking and specifically marked accessible car parking places are provided to meet the needs of the development or land use having regard to factors that may support a reduced on-site rate such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) availability of on-street car parking</li> <li>(b) shared use of other parking areas</li> <li>(c) in relation to a mixed-use development, where the hours of operation of commercial activities complement the residential use of the site, the provision of vehicle parking may be shared</li> <li>(d) the adaptive reuse of a State or Local Heritage Place.</li> </ul>	<p>DTS/DPF 5.1</p> <p>Development provides a number of car parking spaces on-site at a rate no less than the amount calculated using one of the following, whichever is relevant:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) Transport, Access and Parking Table 1 - General Off-Street Car Parking Requirements</li> <li>(b) Transport, Access and Parking Table 2 - Off-Street Vehicle Parking Requirements in Designated Areas</li> <li>(c) if located in an area where a lawfully established carparking fund operates, the number of spaces calculated under (a) or (b) less the number of spaces offset by contribution to the fund.</li> </ul>
Vehicle Parking Areas	
<p>PO 6.1</p> <p>Vehicle parking areas are sited and designed to minimise impact on the operation of public roads by avoiding the use of public roads when moving from one part of a parking area to another.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 6.1</p> <p>Movement between vehicle parking areas within the site can occur without the need to use a public road.</p>
<p>PO 6.2</p> <p>Vehicle parking areas are appropriately located, designed and constructed to minimise impacts on adjacent sensitive receivers through measures such as ensuring they are attractively developed and landscaped, screen fenced, and the like.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 6.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 6.3</p> <p>Vehicle parking areas are designed to provide opportunity for integration and shared-use of adjacent car parking areas to reduce the total extent of vehicle parking areas and access points.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 6.3</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 6.4</p> <p>Pedestrian linkages between parking areas and the development are provided and are safe and convenient.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 6.4</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 6.5</p> <p>Vehicle parking areas that are likely to be used during non-daylight hours are provided with sufficient lighting to entry and exit points to ensure clear visibility to users.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 6.5</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 6.6</p> <p>Loading areas and designated parking spaces for service vehicles are provided within the boundary of the site.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 6.6</p> <p>Loading areas and designated parking spaces are wholly located within the site.</p>
<p>PO 6.7</p> <p>On-site visitor parking spaces are sited and designed to be accessible to all visitors at all times.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 6.7</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>

Undercroft and Below Ground Garaging and Parking of Vehicles	
<p>PO 7.1</p> <p>Undercroft and below ground garaging of vehicles is designed to enable safe entry and exit from the site without compromising pedestrian or cyclist safety or causing conflict with other vehicles.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 7.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
Internal Roads and Parking Areas in Residential Parks and Caravan and Tourist Parks	
<p>PO 8.1</p> <p>Internal road and vehicle parking areas are surfaced to prevent dust becoming a nuisance to park residents and occupants.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 8.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 8.2</p> <p>Traffic circulation and movement within the park is pedestrian friendly and promotes low speed vehicle movement.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 8.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
Bicycle Parking in Designated Areas	
<p>PO 9.1</p> <p>The provision of adequately sized on-site bicycle parking facilities encourages cycling as an active transport mode.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 9.1</p> <p>Areas and / or fixtures are provided for the parking and storage of bicycles at a rate not less than the amount calculated using Transport, Access and Parking Table 3 - Off Street Bicycle Parking Requirements.</p>
<p>PO 9.2</p> <p>Bicycle parking facilities provide for the secure storage and tethering of bicycles in a place where casual surveillance is possible, is well lit and signed for the safety and convenience of cyclists and deters property theft.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 9.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 9.3</p> <p>Non-residential development incorporates end-of-journey facilities for employees such as showers, changing facilities and secure lockers, and signage indicating the location of the facilities to encourage cycling as a mode of journey-to-work transport.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 9.3</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
Corner Cut-Offs	
<p>PO 10.1</p> <p>Development is located and designed to ensure drivers can safely turn into and out of public road junctions.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 10.1</p> <p>Development does not involve building work, or building work is located wholly outside the land shown as Corner Cut-Off Area in the following diagram:</p> 

**Table 1 - General Off-Street Car Parking Requirements**

The following parking rates apply and if located in an area where a lawfully established carparking fund operates, the number of spaces is reduced by an amount equal to the number of spaces offset by contribution to the fund.

Class of Development	Car Parking Rate (unless varied by Table 2 onwards)  Where a development comprises more than one development type, then the overall car parking rate will be taken to be the sum of the car parking rates for each development type.
<b>Residential Development</b>	
<b>Detached Dwelling</b>	Dwelling with 1 bedroom (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 1 space per dwelling.  Dwelling with 2 or more bedrooms (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 2 spaces per dwelling, 1 of which is to be covered.
<b>Group Dwelling</b>	Dwelling with 1 or 2 bedrooms (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 1 space per dwelling.  Dwelling with 3 or more bedrooms (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 2 spaces per dwelling, 1 of which is to be covered.  0.33 spaces per dwelling for visitor parking where development involves 3 or more dwellings.
<b>Residential Flat Building</b>	Dwelling with 1 or 2 bedrooms (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 1 space per dwelling.  Dwelling with 3 or more bedrooms (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 2 spaces per dwelling, 1 of which is to be covered.  0.33 spaces per dwelling for visitor parking where development involves 3 or more dwellings.
<b>Row Dwelling where vehicle access is from the primary street</b>	Dwelling with 1 bedroom (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 1 space per dwelling.  Dwelling with 2 or more bedrooms (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 2 spaces per dwelling, 1 of which is to be covered.
<b>Row Dwelling where vehicle access is not from the primary street (i.e. rear-loaded)</b>	Dwelling with 1 or 2 bedrooms (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 1 space per dwelling.  Dwelling with 3 or more bedrooms (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 2 spaces per dwelling, 1 of which is to be covered.
<b>Semi-Detached Dwelling</b>	Dwelling with 1 bedroom (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 1 space per dwelling.  Dwelling with 2 or more bedrooms (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 2 spaces per dwelling, 1 of which is to be covered.
<b>Aged / Supported Accommodation</b>	
<b>Retirement village</b>	Dwelling with 1 or 2 bedrooms (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 1 space per dwelling.  Dwelling with 3 or more bedrooms (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 2 spaces per dwelling.  0.2 spaces per dwelling for visitor parking.

<b>Supported accommodation</b>	0.3 spaces per bed.
<b>Residential Development (Other)</b>	
<b>Ancillary accommodation</b>	No additional requirements beyond those associated with the main dwelling.
<b>Residential park</b>	Dwelling with 1 or 2 bedrooms (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 1 space per dwelling.  Dwelling with 3 or more bedrooms (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 2 spaces per dwelling.  0.2 spaces per dwelling for visitor parking.
<b>Student accommodation</b>	0.3 spaces per bed.
<b>Workers' accommodation</b>	0.5 spaces per bed plus 0.2 spaces per bed for visitor parking.
<b>Tourist</b>	
<b>Caravan park / tourist park</b>	Parks with 100 sites or less - a minimum of 1 space per 10 sites to be used for accommodation.  Parks with more than 100 sites - a minimum of 1 space per 15 sites used for accommodation.  A minimum of 1 space for every caravan (permanently fixed to the ground) or cabin.
<b>Tourist accommodation</b>	1 car parking space per accommodation unit / guest room.
<b>Commercial Uses</b>	
<b>Auction room/ depot</b>	1 space per 100m <sup>2</sup> of building floor area plus an additional 2 spaces.
<b>Automotive collision repair</b>	3 spaces per service bay.
<b>Call centre</b>	8 spaces per 100m <sup>2</sup> of gross leasable floor area.
<b>Motor repair station</b>	3 spaces per service bay.
<b>Office</b>	4 spaces per 100m <sup>2</sup> of gross leasable floor area.
<b>Retail fuel outlet</b>	3 spaces per 100m <sup>2</sup> gross leasable floor area.
<b>Service trade premises</b>	2.5 spaces per 100m <sup>2</sup> of gross leasable floor area  1 space per 100m <sup>2</sup> of outdoor area used for display purposes.
<b>Shop (no commercial kitchen)</b>	5.5 spaces per 100m <sup>2</sup> of gross leasable floor area where not located in an integrated complex containing two or more tenancies (and which may comprise more than one building) where facilities for off-street vehicle parking, vehicle loading and unloading, and the storage and collection of refuse are shared.

	5 spaces per 100m <sup>2</sup> of gross leasable floor area where located in an integrated complex containing two or more tenancies (and which may comprise more than one building) where facilities for off-street vehicle parking, vehicle loading and unloading, and the storage and collection of refuse are shared.
<b>Shop (in the form of a bulky goods outlet)</b>	2.5 spaces per 100m <sup>2</sup> of gross leasable floor area.
<b>Shop (in the form of a restaurant or involving a commercial kitchen)</b>	<p>Premises with a dine-in service only (which may include a take-away component with no drive-through) - 0.4 spaces per seat.</p> <p>Premises with take-away service but with no seats - 12 spaces per 100m<sup>2</sup> of total floor area plus a drive-through queue capacity of ten vehicles measured from the pick-up point.</p> <p>Premises with a dine-in and drive-through take-away service - 0.3 spaces per seat plus a drive through queue capacity of 10 vehicles measured from the pick-up point.</p>
<b>Community and Civic Uses</b>	
<b>Childcare centre</b>	0.25 spaces per child
<b>Library</b>	4 spaces per 100m <sup>2</sup> of total floor area.
<b>Community facility</b>	10 spaces per 100m <sup>2</sup> of total floor area.
<b>Hall / meeting hall</b>	0.2 spaces per seat.
<b>Place of worship</b>	1 space for every 3 visitor seats.
<b>Pre-school</b>	1 per employee plus 0.25 per child (drop off/pick up bays)
<b>Educational establishment</b>	<p>For a primary school - 1.1 space per full time equivalent employee plus 0.25 spaces per student for a pickup/set down area either on-site or on the public realm within 300m of the site.</p> <p>For a secondary school - 1.1 per full time equivalent employee plus 0.1 spaces per student for a pickup/set down area either on-site or on the public realm within 300m of the site.</p> <p>For a tertiary institution - 0.4 per student based on the maximum number of students on the site at any time.</p>
<b>Health Related Uses</b>	
<b>Hospital</b>	<p>4.5 spaces per bed for a public hospital.</p> <p>1.5 spaces per bed for a private hospital.</p>

<b>Consulting room</b>	4 spaces per consulting room excluding ancillary facilities.
<b>Recreational and Entertainment Uses</b>	
<b>Cinema complex</b>	0.2 spaces per seat.
<b>Concert hall / theatre</b>	0.2 spaces per seat.
<b>Hotel</b>	1 space for every 2m <sup>2</sup> of total floor area in a public bar plus 1 space for every 6m <sup>2</sup> of total floor area available to the public in a lounge, beer garden plus 1 space per 2 gaming machines, plus 1 space per 3 seats in a restaurant.
<b>Indoor recreation facility</b>	6.5 spaces per 100m <sup>2</sup> of total floor area for a Fitness Centre 4.5 spaces per 100m <sup>2</sup> of total floor area for all other Indoor recreation facilities.
<b>Industry/Employment Uses</b>	
<b>Fuel depot</b>	1.5 spaces per 100m <sup>2</sup> total floor area 1 spaces per 100m <sup>2</sup> of outdoor area used for fuel depot activity purposes.
<b>Industry</b>	1.5 spaces per 100m <sup>2</sup> of total floor area.
<b>Store</b>	0.5 spaces per 100m <sup>2</sup> of total floor area.
<b>Timber yard</b>	1.5 spaces per 100m <sup>2</sup> of total floor area 1 space per 100m <sup>2</sup> of outdoor area used for display purposes.
<b>Warehouse</b>	0.5 spaces per 100m <sup>2</sup> total floor area.
<b>Other Uses</b>	
<b>Funeral Parlour</b>	1 space per 5 seats in the chapel plus 1 space for each vehicle operated by the parlour.
<b>Radio or Television Station</b>	5 spaces per 100m <sup>2</sup> of total building floor area.

**Table 2 - Off-Street Car Parking Requirements in Designated Areas**

The following parking rates apply in any zone, subzone or other area described in the 'Designated Areas' column subject to the following:

- (a) the location of the development is unable to satisfy the requirements of Table 2 – Criteria (other than where a location is exempted from the application of those criteria)  
or
- (b) the development satisfies Table 2 – Criteria (or is exempt from those criteria) and is located in an area where a lawfully established carparking fund operates, in which case the number of spaces are reduced by an amount equal to the number of spaces offset by contribution to the fund.

Class of Development	Car Parking Rate		Designated Areas
	Minimum number of spaces	Maximum number of spaces	
<b>Development generally</b>			
<b>All classes of development</b>	No minimum.	<p>No maximum except in the Primary Pedestrian Area identified in the Primary Pedestrian Area Concept Plan, where the maximum is:</p> <p>1 space for each dwelling with a total floor area less than 75 square metres</p> <p>2 spaces for each dwelling with a total floor area between 75 square metres and 150 square metres</p> <p>3 spaces for each dwelling with a total floor area greater than 150 square metres.</p> <p>Residential flat building or Residential component of a multi-storey building: 1 visitor space for each 6 dwellings.</p>	<p>Capital City Zone</p> <p>City Main Street Zone</p> <p>City Riverbank Zone</p> <p>Adelaide Park Lands Zone</p> <p>Business Neighbourhood Zone (within the City of Adelaide)</p> <p>The St Andrews Hospital Precinct Subzone and Women's and Children's Hospital Precinct Subzone of the Community Facilities Zone</p>
<b>Non-residential development</b>			
<b>Non-residential development</b> excluding tourist accommodation	3 spaces per 100m <sup>2</sup> of gross leasable floor area.	5 spaces per 100m <sup>2</sup> of gross leasable floor area.	<p>City Living Zone</p> <p>Urban Corridor (Boulevard) Zone</p> <p>Urban Corridor (Business) Zone</p> <p>Urban Corridor (Living) Zone</p> <p>Urban Corridor (Main Street ) Zone</p> <p>Urban Neighbourhood Zone</p>
<b>Non-residential development</b> excluding tourist accommodation	3 spaces per 100m <sup>2</sup> of gross leasable floor area.	6 spaces per 100m <sup>2</sup> of gross leasable floor area.	<p>Strategic Innovation Zone</p> <p>Suburban Activity Centre Zone</p> <p>Suburban Business Zone</p> <p>Business Neighbourhood Zone</p> <p>Suburban Main Street Zone</p>



			Urban Activity Centre Zone
<b>Tourist accommodation</b>	1 space for every 4 bedrooms up to 100 bedrooms plus 1 space for every 5 bedrooms over 100 bedrooms	1 space per 2 bedrooms up to 100 bedrooms and 1 space per 4 bedrooms over 100 bedrooms	City Living Zone Urban Activity Centre Zone Urban Corridor (Boulevard) Zone Urban Corridor (Business) Zone Urban Corridor (Living) Zone Urban Corridor (Main Street ) Zone Urban Neighbourhood Zone
<b>Residential development</b>			
<b>Residential component of a multi-storey building</b>	Dwelling with no separate bedroom -0.25 spaces per dwelling  1 bedroom dwelling - 0.75 spaces per dwelling  2 bedroom dwelling - 1 space per dwelling  3 or more bedroom dwelling - 1.25 spaces per dwelling  0.25 spaces per dwelling for visitor parking.	None specified.	City Living Zone  Strategic Innovation Zone  Urban Activity Centre Zone  Urban Corridor (Boulevard) Zone  Urban Corridor (Business) Zone  Urban Corridor (Living) Zone  Urban Corridor (Main Street ) Zone  Urban Neighbourhood Zone
<b>Residential flat building</b>	Dwelling with no separate bedroom -0.25 spaces per dwelling  1 bedroom dwelling - 0.75 spaces per dwelling  2 bedroom dwelling - 1 space per dwelling  3 or more bedroom dwelling - 1.25 spaces per dwelling  0.25 spaces per dwelling for visitor parking.	None specified.	City Living Zone  Urban Activity Centre Zone  Urban Corridor (Boulevard) Zone  Urban Corridor (Business) Zone  Urban Corridor (Living) Zone  Urban Corridor (Main Street ) Zone  Urban Neighbourhood Zone

Table 2 - Criteria:

The following criteria are used in conjunction with Table 2. The 'Exception' column identifies locations where the criteria do not apply and the car parking rates in Table 2 are applicable.

Criteria	Exceptions
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<p><b>The designated area is wholly located within Metropolitan Adelaide and any part of the development site satisfies one or more of the following:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) is within 200 metres of any section of road reserve along which a bus service operates as a high frequency public transit service<sup>(2)</sup></li> <li>(b) is within 400 metres of a bus interchange<sup>(1)</sup></li> <li>(c) is within 400 metres of an O-Bahn interchange<sup>(1)</sup></li> <li>(d) is within 400 metres of a passenger rail station<sup>(1)</sup></li> <li>(e) is within 400 metres of a passenger tram station<sup>(1)</sup></li> <li>(f) is within 400 metres of the Adelaide Parklands.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) All zones in the City of Adelaide</li> <li>(b) Strategic Innovation Zone in the following locations:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) City of Burnside</li> <li>(ii) City of Marion</li> <li>(iii) City of Mitcham</li> </ul> </li> <li>(c) Urban Corridor (Boulevard) Zone</li> <li>(d) Urban Corridor (Business) Zone</li> <li>(e) Urban Corridor (Living) Zone</li> <li>(f) Urban Corridor (Main Street ) Zone</li> <li>(g) Urban Neighbourhood Zone</li> </ul>
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[NOTE(S): (1) Measured from an area that contains any platform(s), shelter(s) or stop(s) where people congregate for the purpose waiting to board a bus, tram or train, but does not include areas used for the parking of vehicles. (2) A high frequency public transit service is a route serviced every 15 minutes between 7.30am and 6.30pm Monday to Friday and every 30 minutes at night, Saturday, Sunday and public holidays until 10pm.]

**Table 3 - Off-Street Bicycle Parking Requirements**

The bicycle parking rates apply within designated areas located within parts of the State identified in the Schedule to Table 3.

Class of Development	Bicycle Parking Rate
<b>Consulting Room</b>	<b>Where a development comprises more than one development type, then the overall bicycle parking rate will be taken to be the sum of the bicycle parking rates for each development type.</b>
<b>Consulting Room</b>	1 space per 20 employees plus 1 space per 20 consulting rooms for customers.
<b>Educational establishment</b>	For a secondary school - 1 space per 20 full-time time employees plus 10 percent of the total number of employee spaces for visitors.  For tertiary education - 1 space per 20 employees plus 1 space per 10 full time students.
<b>Hospital</b>	1 space per 15 beds plus 1 space per 30 beds for visitors.
<b>Indoor recreation facility</b>	1 space per 4 employees plus 1 space per 200m <sup>2</sup> of gross leasable floor area for visitors.
<b>Licensed Premises</b>	1 per 20 employees, plus 1 per 60 square metres total floor area, plus 1 per 40 square metres of bar floor area, plus 1 per 120 square metres lounge and beer garden floor area, plus 1 per 60 square metres dining floor area, plus 1 per 40 square metres gaming room floor area.
<b>Office</b>	1 space for every 200m <sup>2</sup> of gross leasable floor area plus 2 spaces plus 1 space

	per 1000m <sup>2</sup> of gross leasable floor area for visitors.
<b>Pre-school</b>	1 space per 20 full time employees plus 1 space per 40 full time children.
<b>Recreation area</b>	1 per 1500 spectator seats for employees plus 1 per 250 visitor and customers.
<b>Residential flat building</b>	Within the City of Adelaide 1 for every dwelling for residents with a total floor area less than 150 square metres, 2 for every dwelling for residents with a total floor area greater than 150 square metres, plus 1 for every 10 dwellings for visitors, and in all other cases 1 space for every 4 dwellings for residents plus 1 for every 10 dwellings for visitors.
<b>Residential component of a multi-storey building</b>	Within the City of Adelaide 1 for every dwelling for residents with a total floor area less than 150 square metres, 2 for every dwelling for residents with a total floor area greater than 150 square metres, plus 1 for every 10 dwellings for visitors, and in all other cases 1 space for every 4 dwellings for residents plus 1 space for every 10 dwellings for visitors.
<b>Shop</b>	1 space for every 300m <sup>2</sup> of gross leasable floor area plus 1 space for every 600m <sup>2</sup> of gross leasable floor area for customers.
<b>Tourist accommodation</b>	1 space for every 20 employees plus 2 for the first 40 rooms and 1 for every additional 40 rooms for visitors.
<b>Schedule to Table 3</b>	
<b>Designated Area</b>	<b>Relevant part of the State</b>  The bicycle parking rate applies to a designated area located in a relevant part of the State described below.
All zones	City of Adelaide
Business Neighbourhood Zone	Metropolitan Adelaide
Strategic Innovation Zone	
Suburban Activity Centre Zone	
Suburban Business Zone	
Suburban Main Street Zone	
Urban Activity Centre Zone	
Urban Corridor (Boulevard) Zone	
Urban Corridor (Business) Zone	
Urban Corridor (Living) Zone	
Urban Corridor (Main Street ) Zone	
Urban Neighbourhood Zone	

## Waste Treatment and Management Facilities

**Assessment Provisions (AP)****Desired Outcome**

DO 1	Mitigation of the potential environmental and amenity impacts of waste treatment and management facilities.
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Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Criteria / Designated Performance Feature (DPF)

Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature
Siting	
PO 1.1 Waste treatment and management facilities incorporate separation distances and attenuation measures within the site between waste operations areas (including all closed, operating and future cells) and sensitive receivers and sensitive environmental features to mitigate off-site impacts from noise, air and dust emissions.	DTS/DPF 1.1 None are applicable.
Soil and Water Protection	
PO 2.1 Soil, groundwater and surface water are protected from contamination from waste treatment and management facilities through measures such as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) containing potential groundwater and surface water contaminants within waste operations areas</li> <li>(b) diverting clean stormwater away from waste operations areas and potentially contaminated areas</li> <li>(c) providing a leachate barrier between waste operations areas and underlying soil and groundwater.</li> </ul>	DTS/DPF 2.1 None are applicable.
PO 2.2 Wastewater lagoons are set back from watercourses to minimise environmental harm and adverse effects on water resources.	DTS/DPF 2.2 Wastewater lagoons are set back 50m or more from watercourse banks.
PO 2.3 Wastewater lagoons are designed and sited to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) avoid intersecting underground waters;</li> <li>(b) avoid inundation by flood waters;</li> <li>(c) ensure lagoon contents do not overflow;</li> <li>(d) include a liner designed to prevent leakage.</li> </ul>	DTS/DPF 2.3 None are applicable.
PO 2.4	DTS/DPF 2.4

Waste operations areas of landfills and organic waste processing facilities are set back from watercourses to minimise adverse impacts on water resources.	Waste operations areas are set back 100m or more from watercourse banks.
Amenity	
PO 3.1 Waste treatment and management facilities are screened, located and designed to minimise adverse visual impacts on amenity.	DTS/DPF 3.1 None are applicable.
PO 3.2 Access routes to waste treatment and management facilities via residential streets is avoided.	DTS/DPF 3.2 None are applicable.
PO 3.3 Litter control measures minimise the incidence of windblown litter.	DTS/DPF 3.3 None are applicable.
PO 3.4 Waste treatment and management facilities are designed to minimise adverse impacts on both the site and surrounding areas from weed and vermin infestation.	DTS/DPF 3.4 None are applicable.
Access	
PO 4.1 Traffic circulation movements within any waste treatment or management site are designed to enable vehicles to enter and exit the site in a forward direction.	DTS/DPF 4.1 None are applicable.
PO 4.2 Suitable access for emergency vehicles is provided to and within waste treatment or management sites.	DTS/DPF 4.2 None are applicable.
Fencing and Security	
PO 5.1 Security fencing provided around waste treatment and management facilities prevents unauthorised access to operations and potential hazard to the public.	DTS/DPF 5.1 Chain wire mesh or pre-coated painted metal fencing 2m or more in height is erected along the perimeter of the waste treatment or waste management facility site.
Landfill	
PO 6.1 Landfill gas emissions are managed in an environmentally acceptable manner.	DTS/DPF 6.1 None are applicable.
PO 6.2 Landfill facilities are separated from areas of environmental significance and land used for public recreation and enjoyment.	DTS/DPF 6.2 Landfill facilities are set back 250m or more from a public open space reserve, forest reserve, national park or Conservation Zone.
PO 6.3 Landfill facilities are located on land that is not subject to land	DTS/DPF 6.3 None are applicable.

slip.	
PO 6.4 Landfill facilities are separated from areas subject to flooding.	DTS/DPF 6.4 Landfill facilities are set back 500m or more from land inundated in a 1% AEP flood event.
Organic Waste Processing Facilities	
PO 7.1 Organic waste processing facilities are separated from the coast to avoid potential environment harm.	DTS/DPF 7.1 Organic waste processing facilities are set back 500m or more from the coastal high water mark.
PO 7.2 Organic waste processing facilities are located on land where the engineered liner and underlying seasonal water table cannot intersect.	DTS/DPF 7.2 None are applicable.
PO 7.3 Organic waste processing facilities are sited away from areas of environmental significance and land used for public recreation and enjoyment.	DTS/DPF 7.3 Organic waste processing facilities are set back 250m or more from a public open space reserve, forest reserve, national park or a Conservation Zone.
PO 7.4 Organic waste processing facilities are located on land that is not subject to land slip.	DTS/DPF 7.4 None are applicable.
PO 7.5 Organic waste processing facilities separated from areas subject to flooding.	DTS/DPF 7.5 Organic waste processing facilities are set back 500m or more from land inundated in a 1% AEP flood event.
Major Wastewater Treatment Facilities	
PO 8.1 Major wastewater treatment and disposal systems, including lagoons, are designed to minimise potential adverse odour impacts on sensitive receivers, minimise public and environmental health risks and protect water quality.	DTS/DPF 8.1 None are applicable.
PO 8.2 Artificial wetland systems for the storage of treated wastewater are designed and sited to minimise potential public health risks arising from the breeding of mosquitoes.	DTS/DPF 8.2 None are applicable.

## Workers' accommodation and Settlements

### Assessment Provisions (AP)

<b>Desired Outcome</b>	
DO 1	Appropriately designed and located accommodation for seasonal and short-term workers in rural areas that minimises environmental and social impacts.

<b>Performance Outcome</b>	<b>Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature</b>
PO 1.1 Workers' accommodation and settlements are obscured from scenic routes, tourist destinations and areas of conservation significance or otherwise designed to complement the surrounding landscape.	DTS/DPF 1.1 None are applicable.
PO 1.2 Workers' accommodation and settlements are sited and designed to minimise nuisance impacts on the amenity of adjacent users of land.	DTS/DPF 1.2 None are applicable.
PO 1.3 Workers' accommodation and settlements are built with materials and colours that blend with the landscape.	DTS/DPF 1.3 None are applicable.
PO 1.4 Workers' accommodation and settlements are supplied with service infrastructure such as power, water and effluent disposal sufficient to satisfy the living requirements of workers.	DTS/DPF 1.4 None are applicable.

No criteria applies to this land use. Please check the definition of the land use for further detail.